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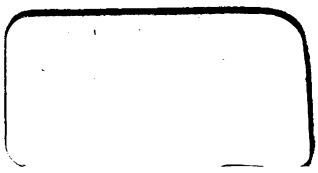

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ACTS OF A GENERAL NATURE,

PASSED BY THE

FORTY-EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF OHIO,

BEGUN AND HELD IN THE CITY OF COLUMBUS, DECEMBER 3, 1849,
AND IN THE FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR OF SAID STATE.

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ACTS OF A GENERAL NATURE.

AN ACT

Fixing the times of holding the Supreme Court.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the Supreme Court shall be holden in the several counties of this State as follows, to wit:

In the county of Madison, on the twenty-second day of April;
In the county of Fayette, on the twenty-fourth day of April;
In the county of Highland, on the twenty-sixth day of April;
In the county of Adams, on the twenty-ninth day of April;
In the county of Brown on the first day of May;
In the county of Clermont, on the third day of May;
In the county of Hamilton, on the sixth day of May;
In the county of Butler, on the third day of June;
In the county of Warren, on the fifth day of June;
In the county of Clinton, on the eighth day of June;
In the county of Greene, on the tenth day of June;
In the county of Clark, on the twelfth day of June;
In the county of Montgomery, on the fourteenth day of June;
In the county of Preble, on the seventeenth day of June;
In the county of Darke, on the nineteenth day of June;
In the county of Miami, on the twentieth day of June;
In the county of Shelby, on the twenty-second day of June;
In the county of Mercer, on the twenty-fourth day of June;
In the county of Auglaize, on the twenty-fifth day of June;
In the county of Allen, on the twenty-sixth day of June;
In the county of Hardin, on the twenty-seventh day of June;
In the county of Logan, on the twenty-eighth day of June;
In the county of Champaign, on the twenty-ninth day of June;
In the county of Union, on the first day of July;
In the county of Delaware, on the second day of July;
In the county of Marion, on the fifth day of July;
In the county of Crawford, on the sixth day of July;
In the county of Wyandott, on the eighth day of July;
In the county of Seneca, on the ninth day of July;
In the county of Hancock on the eleventh day of July;
In the county of Putnam, on the thirteenth day of July;
In the county of Van Wert, on the fifteenth day of July;
In the county of Paulding, on the sixteenth day of July;
In the county of Defiance, on the seventeenth day of July;

In the county of Williams, on the nineteenth day of July;
In the county of Henry, on the twentieth day of July;
In the county of Lucas, on the twenty-second day of July;
In the county of Wood, on the twenty-fifth day of July;
In the county of Ottawa, on the twenty-seventh day of July;
In the county of Sandusky, on the twenty-ninth day of July;
In the county of Erie, on the thirty-first day of July;
In the county of Huron, on the third day of August;
In the county of Lorain, on the sixth day of August;
In the county of Cuyahoga, on the eighth day of August;
In the county of Geauga, on the twelfth day of August;
In the county of Lake, on the thirteenth day of August;
In the county of Ashtabula, on the sixteenth day of August;
In the county of Trumbull, on the nineteenth day of August;
In the county of Mahoning, on the twenty-sixth day of August;
In the county of Portage, on the twenty-ninth day of August;
In the county of Summit, on the thirty-first day of August;
In the county of Medina, on the fifth day of September;
In the county of Wayne, on the sixth day of September;
In the county of Ashland, on the eleventh day of September;
In the county of Richland, on the twelfth day of September;
In the county of Morrow, on the fourteenth day of September;
In the county of Knox, on the seventeenth day of September;
In the county of Licking, on the twenty-first day of September;
In the county of Coshocton, on the twenty-sixth day of September;
In the county of Holmes, on the twenty-seventh day of September;
In the county of Tuscarawas, on the thirtieth day of September;
In the county of Carroll, on the second day of October;
In the county of Stark, on the fourth day of October;
In the county of Columbiana, on the seventh day of October;
In the county of Jefferson, on the eleventh day of October;
In the county of Harrison, on the fourteenth day of October;
In the county of Belmont, on the sixteenth day of October;
In the county of Monroe, on the eighteenth day of October;
In the county of Guernsey, on the twenty-first day of October;
In the county of Muskingum, on the twenty-second day of October;
In the county of Morgan, on the twenty-fifth day of October;
In the county of Washington, on the twenty-eighth day of October;

In the county of Meigs, on the thirtieth day of October;
In the county of Gallia, on the first day of November;
In the county of Lawrence, on the fourth day of November;
In the county of Scioto, on the sixth day of November;
In the county of Pike, on the eighth day of November;
In the county of Jackson, on the eleventh day of November;
In the county of Athens, on the thirteenth day of November;
In the county of Hocking, on the fifteenth day of November;
In the county of Perry, on the sixteenth day of November;
In the county of Fairfield, on the eighteenth day of November:
In the county of Ross, on the twenty-second day of November;
In the county of Pickaway, on the twenty-fifth day of November;
In the county of Franklin, on the twenty-seventh day of November, and the Court in Bank, on the second day of December.

SEC. 2. Should any day named herein, for holding said Supreme Court, fall upon Sunday, the said Court shall commence and be holden upon the next day.

SEC. 3. So much of the act, to regulate the Judicial Courts, and the practice thereof, passed March 12th, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, as requires the Court in Bank to be holden twice in each year, and also the act prescribing the time of holding the Supreme Court, passed March twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 14, 1850.

AN ACT

To fix permanently the time of holding the court of common pleas in the third judicial circuit, and to repeal the acts now in force on that subject.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the court of common pleas shall hereafter be held, in the several counties comprising the third judicial circuit, at the times hereinafter prescribed, as follows, to wit: First term—

SEC. 2. The first term of said court in each year, shall be commenced and held in the county of Mahoning, on the sec- First term.

ond Tuesday of February; in the county of Portage, on the fourth Tuesday of February; in the county of Summit, on the second Tuesday of March; in the county of Ashtabula, on the first Tuesday of April; and in the county of Trumbull, on the third Tuesday of April. Second term—

Second Term.

SEC. 3. The second term of said court shall be commenced and held in the county of Mahoning, on the second Tuesday of May; in the county of Portage, on the fourth Tuesday of May; in the county of Summit, on the first Tuesday of June; in the county of Ashtabula, on the third Tuesday of June; and in the county of Trumbull, on the fourth Tuesday of June. Third term—

Third Term.

SEC. 4. The third term of said court shall be commenced and held in the county of Ashtabula, on the fourth Tuesday of September; in the county of Trumbull, on the second Wednesday in October; in the county of Mahoning, on the fifth Tuesday of October; in the county of Portage, on the second Tuesday of November; and in the county of Summit, on the fourth Tuesday of November.

Act repealed.

SEC. 5. That all laws inconsistent with this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

January 30, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act fixing permanently the time of holding the court of common pleas in the third judicial circuit, passed January 30, 1850.

Summer Term.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the summer term of the court of common pleas, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty, shall be held in the following counties, in the third judicial circuit, as follows: In the county of Summit, on the eighteenth day of June; and in the county of Ashtabula, on the second day of July; and in the county of Trumbull, on the ninth day of July.

SEC. 2. That so much of the third section of the act to which this is an amendment, as is inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

Prescribing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the fourth judicial circuit, yet to be holden, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the courts of common pleas in the fourth judicial circuit, yet to be holden, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty, shall be holden in the several counties therein, at the respective times hereinafter prescribed, instead of the times now prescribed by law, to wit: In the county of Perry, on the fifteenth day of April and on the seventeenth day of September; in the county of Licking, on the twenty-third day of April and on the ninth day of October; and in the county of Muskingum, on the sixth day of August and on the fifth day of November.

SEC. 2. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22, 1850.

AN ACT

To fix the times for holding the court of common pleas in the sixth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the courts of common pleas in the sixth judicial circuit shall be held for the year eighteen hundred and fifty as follows: Spring term, in the county of Pickaway on the first day of April, in the county of Fairfield on the fifteenth day of April, in the county of Hocking on the sixth day of May, in the county of Ross on the twentieth day of May. Summer term, in the county of Pickaway on the first day of July, in the county of Fairfield on the fifteenth day of July, in the county of Ross on the fifth day of August, in the county of Hocking on the twenty-sixth day of August. Fall term, in the county of Pickaway on the thirtieth day of September, in the county of Fairfield on the fourteenth day of October, in the county of Ross on the fourth day of November, in the county of Hocking on the twenty-fifth day of November.

Spring Term.

Summer Term.

Fall Term.

SEC. 2. If the court in any county shall not have finished its business before the time prescribed for holding the court in any other county of said circuit, the court may continue its term for the purpose of transacting probate and testamentary business, granting letters of guardianship, for the issuing and re-

Term continued.

turn of process, and for such other business as the parties concerned in the same, or their counsel, may agree shall be heard and determined.

SEC. 3. All acts and parts of acts which may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

Feb. 8, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to fix the times of holding the court of common pleas in the sixth judicial circuit," passed February 8, 1850.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the spring term of the court of common pleas for the year eighteen hundred and fifty, shall be held in the county of Ross on the sixth day of May, and in the county of Hocking on the twenty-seventh day of May.

SEC. 2. So much of the act to which this is an amendment as is inconsistent with the foregoing section, be, and the same hereby is repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

Fixing the times of holding the court of common pleas in seventh judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the courts of common pleas shall hereafter be held in the several counties of the seventh judicial circuit at the several times herein prescribed, namely: In the county of Butler, on the 25th day of February, the 22d day of May, and 23d day of September. In the county of Warren, on the 18th day of March, the 10th day of June, and 14th day October. In the county Greene, on the 8th day of April, the 22d day of July, and the 4th day of November. In the county of Clinton, on the 22d day of April, the 5th day of August, and 18th day of November.

SEC. 2. Should any day named herein for the holding of said court fall upon Sunday, the said court shall commence and be holden upon the next day.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 14, 1850.

AN ACT

Fixing the time of holding the court of common pleas in the seventh judicial circuit, for the year 1850.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas shall be held in the seventh judicial circuit, for the year 1850, as follows: In the county of Butler, on the 25th day of February, the 4th day of June, and the 3d day of September; in the county of Greene, on the 9th day of April, the 25th day of June, and the 24th day of September; in the county of Warren, on the 29th day of April, the 16th day of July, and the 21st day of October; in the county of Clinton, on the 21st day of May, the 6th day of August, and the 12th day of November; and the act passed February 14, 1850, fixing the times of holding the court of common pleas in the seventh judicial circuit, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 28, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to fix the time of holding the court of common pleas in the fifth judicial circuit."

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the spring term of the court of common pleas in the several counties of the fifth judicial circuit, shall hereafter be held at the times hereinafter prescribed, viz: In the county of Columbiana on the second Tuesday of March; in the county of Carroll on the second Monday of April; in

the county of Tuscarawas on the fourth Monday of April; and in the county of Stark on the first Monday of May.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 20, 1850.

AN ACT

Fixing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the eighth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas shall be hereafter held in the several counties composing the eighth judicial circuit, as follows, viz: In the county of Meigs on the first Monday in March, the fourth Monday in May, and the fourth Monday in August; in the county of Morgan on the second Tuesday in March, the first Tuesday in June, and the first Tuesday in September; in the county of Athens on the first Tuesday in April, the second Tuesday in July, and the second Wednesday in October; in the county of Washington on the third Tuesday in April, the fourth Tuesday in July, and the first Tuesday of November.

SEC. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 15, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act fixing the time of holding the court [of] common pleas in the 8th judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas in the county of Meigs shall hereafter be held as follows, viz: On the fourth Tuesday of March, on the third Tuesday in June, and the fourth Tuesday in September.

SEC. 2. The fall term of said court in Athens county shall be held on the fourth Tuesday in November, and the fall term in Washington county shall be held on the fourth Tuesday in October.

SEC. 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 19, 1850.

AN ACT

Amendatory of the acts fixing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the 8th judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the fall term of the court of common pleas in Athens county shall hereafter be held on the first Tuesday of November, and any act inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate,

March 7, 1850.

AN ACT

To fix the times for holding the court of common pleas in the tenth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas shall hereafter be annually held in the several counties in the tenth judicial circuit, at the times hereinafter prescribed; to wit:

SEC. 2. The first term of the said court in each year shall be commenced and held in the county of Adams, on the second Tuesday of March; in the county of Fayette, on the fourth Tuesday in March; in the county of Clermont, on the second Tuesday of April; in the county of Highland, on the fifth Tuesday of April; in the county of Brown, on the third Tuesday of May; provided, that when there shall not be five Tuesdays in April, then the first annual term of the court in Highland county shall be held on the third Tuesday after the commencement of said court in the county of Clermont.

SEC. 3. The second term of said court shall be commenced and held in the county of Adams, on the second Tuesday of July; in the county of Clermont, on the third Tuesday of July; in the county of Highland, on the first Tuesday of August; in the county of Fayette, on the third Tuesday of August; in the county of Brown, on the fourth Tuesday of August.

SEC. 4. The third term of said court shall be commenced and held in the county of Adams, on the fourth Tuesday of September; in the county of Clermont, on the first Tuesday of October; in the county of Highland, on the fourth Tuesday of October; in the county of Fayette, on the first Tuesday in November; in the county of Brown, on the third Tuesday of November.

SEC. 5. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, be, and they are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

January 30, 1850.

AN ACT

Fixing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the eleventh judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas for the eleventh judicial circuit, shall hereafter be held in the several counties thereof, at the times following, to wit: In the county of Holmes, on the second Monday of February, the third Monday of May, and the third Monday of August; in the county of Wayne, on the fourth Monday of February, fourth Monday of May, and the first Monday of September; in the county of Medina, on the second Monday of March, third Monday of June, and the fourth Monday of September; in the county of Ashland, on the fourth Monday of March, first Monday of July, and the first Monday of October; in the county of Richland, on the second Monday of April, third Monday of July, and second Monday of November; in the county of Knox, on the fifth Monday of April, fifth Monday of July, and the third Monday of October, annually.

SEC. 2. The second, third, and fourth sections of the act prescribing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the seventh judicial circuit, passed January twenty-second, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall be deemed and taken as a part of this act.

SEC. 3. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same is [are] hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

January 31, 1850.

AN ACT

Prescribing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the twelfth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas shall hereafter be held in the several counties of the twelfth judicial circuit, at the times hereinafter prescribed, namely: In Franklin county, on the eleventh day of March, the third day of June, and the sixteenth day of September; in the county of Madison, on the eighth day of April, the twenty-fourth day of June, and the second day of September; in the county of Clark, on the fifteenth day of April, the first day of July, and the seventh day of October; in the county of Champaign, on the twenty-ninth day of April, the fifteenth day of July, and the twenty-first day of October; in the county of Logan, on the thirteenth day of May, the twenty-ninth day of July, and the fourth day of November; in the county of Union, on the twenty-seventh day of May, the twelfth day of August, and the eighteenth day of November.

SEC. 2. That all former acts inconsistent with this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 16, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "an act prescribing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the thirteenth judicial circuit," passed February 23, 1849.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the court of common pleas shall hereafter be holden in the county of Fulton, on the fourth Tuesday in June, and on the first Friday after the fourth Monday in October; and in the county of Lucas, on the first Friday after the first Monday in April, the first Friday after the fourth Tuesday in June, and the second Tuesday after the fourth Monday in October.

SEC. 2. All laws and parts of all laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend an act entitled "an act prescribing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the fourteenth judicial circuit, and for other purposes," passed February 2, 1848.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the second term of the court of common pleas within and for the county of Lorain, shall be held on the third Monday in July, in each year.

SEC. 2. That so much of the above named act and the act amendatory thereto, passed February 23, 1849, as conflicts with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

To prescribe the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the sixteenth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the Courts of Common Pleas in the sixteenth judicial circuit shall hereafter be held at the several times herein prescribed: In the county of Allen, on the twenty-fifth day of March; in the county of Hancock, on the first day of April; in the county of Hardin, on the ninth day of April; in the county of Auglaize, on the sixteenth day of April; in the county of Mercer, on the twenty-third day of April; in the county of Shelby, on the first day of May.

SEC. 2. The clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of any of said counties, in which there shall not be sufficient time to draw juries and issue writs of venire facias before the first term, as is pointed out in the fourth section of the act relating to juries, shall nevertheless draw juries and issue writs at any time before the sitting of such Courts, and the Court, when convened, may order the same to be returned forthwith, and the sheriff, to whom any writ may be issued, shall serve and return the same according to the command thereof, and such service and return shall be as valid as if such writ had been issued thirty days previous to the sitting of the Court.

SEC. 3. That if in any year the day fixed for holding any one of the terms of said Courts shall fall on Sunday, such Court shall be held on the day next following.

SEC. 4. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 20, 1850.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act presenting [prescribing] times of holding courts in the sixteenth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the summer and fall terms of the Courts of Common Pleas in the sixteenth judicial circuit, shall be held at the several times herein prescribed: Summer term, in the county of Mercer, on the second day of July; in the county of Shelby, on the eighth day of July; in the county of Auglaize, on the twenty-ninth day of July; in the county of Allen, on the sixth day of August; in the county of Hancock, on the twelfth day of August; in the county of Hardin, on the twentieth day of August: Fall term; in the county of Mercer, on the first day of October; in the county of Shelby, on the ninth day of October; in the county of Auglaize, on the twenty-first day of October; in the county of Allen, on the twenty-ninth day of October; in the county of Hancock, on the fourth day of November; in the county of Hardin, on the twelfth day of November.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 8, 1850.

AN ACT

Fixing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the seventeenth judicial circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the courts of common pleas shall hereafter be held in the several counties composing the seventeenth

judicial circuit, at the times hereinafter prescribed, viz: Spring term—In the county of Scioto on the first Monday in February; in the county of Pike on the fourth Thursday thereafter; in the county of Lawrence on the second Monday in March; in the county of Gallia on the third Monday in March; in the county of Jackson on the first Monday of April. Summer term—In the county of Scioto on the first Monday in May; in the county of Pike on the third Thursday thereafter; in the county of Lawrence on the first Monday in June; in the county of Gallia on the second Thursday thereafter; in the county of Jackson on the fourth Wednesday in June. Fall term—In the county of Scioto on the first Monday in September; in the county of Pike on the third Monday in September; in the county of Lawrence on the fourth Monday in September; in the county of Gallia on the second Wednesday in October; in the county of Jackson on the fourth Wednesday of October.

SEC. 2. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

January 26th, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act fixing the time of holding the courts in the seventeenth judicial circuit."

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the first term of the court of common pleas in and for the county of Jackson, shall hereafter commence and be held on the first Tuesday of April.

SEC. 2. That so much of the act entitled "An act fixing the times of holding the courts of common pleas in the seventeenth judicial circuit," passed January 25, 1850, as conflicts with the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 7, 1850.

AN ACT

Prescribing the times of holding the Court of Common Pleas in the Eighteenth Judicial Circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the court of common pleas shall hereafter be holden in the several counties composing the eighteenth judicial circuit as follows, to wit: In the county of Williams on the eighth day of April and first day of October; in the county of Defiance on the thirteenth day of May and twelfth day of November; in the county of Henry on the fifteenth day of April and fifteenth day of October; in the county of Putnam on the twenty-second day of April, twenty-eighth day of July and twenty-eighth day of October; in the county of Van Wert on the twenty-ninth day of April and the fifth day of November; and in the county of Paulding on the sixth day of May and twenty-first day of October.

SEC. 2. Should any day named herein for the holding of said court, fall upon Sunday, said court shall in such case commence and be holden on the next succeeding day.

SEC. 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To create the nineteenth Judicial Circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That from and after the passage of this act, the counties of Richland, Morrow, Knox and Coshocton, shall compose the nineteenth judicial circuit.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 18, 1850.

AN ACT

Fixing the times of holding the Courts of Common Pleas in the nineteenth Judicial Circuit.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the Courts of Common Pleas shall hereafter be held in the several counties of the nineteenth judicial circuit at the times hereinafter prescribed: In the county of Richland, on the second Monday of April, second Monday of July, and first Monday of October; in the county of Knox, on the fifth Monday of April, fifth Monday of July, and third Monday of November; in the county of Coshocton, on the fourth Monday of August and first Monday of November; in the county of Morrow, on the second Monday of June and third Monday of September.

SEC. 2. If any writs of summons, executions, subpœnas or venire facias for juries, have been issued in either of the counties named in the first section of this act, and made returnable on the first day of any term which may be changed or altered by the provisions of this act, the same are hereby made returnable to the first day of the terms fixed by this act for holding courts in the several counties herein named, and shall be held as valid in law as if originally made returnable on the days specified by this act.

SEC. 3. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act creating the Commercial Court of Cincinnati.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That hereafter there shall be a term of the Commercial Court of Cincinnati to commence on the first Monday of May in each year; and so much of the act establishing the said court, passed February 4th, 1848, as requires it to hold terms on the first Monday of April and first Monday of July, in each year, be, and the same is repealed.

SEC. 2. That any process heretofore issued out of the said court, returnable to the next April term thereof, and all notifi-

cations to appear at the said term, shall be enlarged to the May term herein provided.

SEC. 3. That the said court may make and publish such rules in relation to the service and return of all mesne process, issued out of the said court, as may seem to the Judge thereof, necessary and reasonable, any thing in the act creating the said court, or in any other act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22, 1850.

AN ACT

To provide for the calling of a Convention to revise, amend or change the Constitution, and the election and compensation of members thereof.

WHEREAS, a majority of the citizens of this State, voting for Representatives to the General Assembly, did, at the last annual election of members thereof, vote for a convention to revise, amend, or change the Constitution of this State; therefore,

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That a Convention to revise, amend, or change the constitution of this State, be, and the same is hereby called, to consist of one hundred and eight members, who shall convene in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in the city of Columbus, on the first Monday in May, A. D. 1850, and the said convention shall have power to adjourn to such place or places, in this State, as said convention may deem proper. Convention to be held.

SEC. 2. That the qualified electors of the several counties and senatorial districts of this State, shall, on the first Monday of April next, assemble at their usual places of holding elections in their several townships and wards, and elect a number of members, having all the qualifications of an elector, to represent, respectively, said counties and districts in said convention, equal to the number of Representatives and Senators in the General Assembly, to which said counties and districts are now respectively entitled by law, to wit: Election of delegates.

The county of Hamilton, seven members;
The county of Butler two members;
The county of Preble, one member;
The county of Montgomery, one member;
The counties of Montgomery and Preble, two members, to be elected in common;
The county of Brown, one member; and the county of Cler-

mont, one member; and the two last named counties, one member in common;

The county of Warren, one member; the county of Clinton, one member; and the county of Greene, one member; and the three last named counties, one member in common.

The counties of Champaign, Clark and Madison, three members, to be elected in common;

The county of Miami, one member; and the counties of Shelby and Darke, one member; and the three last named counties one member to be elected in common;

The counties of Logan and Hardin, one member; and Union and Marion, one member; and the four last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The counties of Allen, Mercer and Auglaize, one member; and the counties of Putnam, Van Wert, Paulding, Defiance and Williams, one member, and the eight last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The counties of Lucas and Henry, one member; and the counties of Wood, Ottawa and Sandusky, one member; and the five last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The county of Franklin, one member; and the county of Delaware, one member; and the two last named counties, two members to be elected in common;

The counties of Ross and Pickaway, three members, to be elected in common;

The counties of Highland and Fayette, two members, to be elected in common;

The counties of Adams and Pike, one member; and the counties of Scioto and Lawrence, one member; and the four last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The county of Licking, two members;

The county of Fairfield, one member; and the counties of Perry and Hocking, one member; and the last three named counties, two members to be elected in common;

The counties of Gallia and Jackson, one member; the counties of Athens and Meigs, one member; and the four last named counties, two members to be elected in common;

The county of Muskingum, two members;

The county of Washington, one member; and the county of Morgan, one member; and the two last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The county of Guernsey, one member; and the county of Coshocton, one member; and the two last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The counties of Tuscarawas and Carroll, three members to be elected in common;

The county of Jefferson, one member; and the county of Harrison, one member; and the two last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The county of Columbiana, one member; and the county of

Mahoning, one member; and the two last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The county of Belmont, one member; and the county of Monroe, one member; and the two last named counties one member to be elected in common; and the counties of Belmont and Guernsey, one member to be elected in common.

The county of Stark, two members;

The counties of Wayne and Ashland, three members to be elected in common;

The counties of Knox and Holmes, three members to be elected in common;

The counties of Richland and Crawford, three members to be elected in common.

The county of Seneca, one member; and the counties of Hancock and Wyandot, one member; and the last three named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The counties of Ashtabula and Lake, three members to be elected in common;

The counties of Trumbull and Geauga, three members to be elected in common;

The county of Portage, one member; and the county of Summit, one member; and the two last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The county of Medina one member; and the county of Lorain, one member; and the two last named counties, one member to be elected in common;

The counties of Huron and Erie, two members to be elected in common;

The county of Cuyahoga, two members;

Provided, however, that for all the purposes of this act, the boundaries of the several counties aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be as the same existed on the 18th of February, 1848.

Election—how conducted.

SEC. 3. The said election shall in all respects be conducted, and the returns thereof made, and the result thereof certified, in like manner as is provided by law for the election of Representatives and Senators in the General Assembly. The officers of said election shall be entitled to the same compensation as is by law provided for like services, and shall, with the voters, be subject to the same penalties imposed by the several laws regulating elections, and to preserve the purity thereof, so far as the same may be applicable. The Sheriffs of the several counties shall issue proclamations for the election of members of said convention, in like manner as they are by law required to do for the election of members of the General Assembly.

Reporter—duties of.

SEC. 4. That this General Assembly shall appoint by joint resolution, a reporter, who shall engage and organize an efficient corps of assistants, and report the debates and proceedings of said convention, under the direction and control thereof, and the convention shall secure the copy right for the State, and provide for the publication of said proceedings and debates in

a durable form. The reporter shall have authority to make arrangements for the daily publication of said proceedings and debates, with the publishers of the Ohio Statesman and Ohio State Journal, and superintend the same: Provided, that said publication shall be given to neither of said papers exclusively; and provided further, that the whole price paid for such publication, shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five cents per thousand ems for composition. The reporter shall, upon the organization of the convention, report to the same, the number and names of his assistants, the compensation allowed to each respectively, and also the arrangements he has made for the daily publication of the proceedings and debates, as above mentioned, and submit the same to the action of said convention.

Pay of members.

SEC. 5. That the members of said convention shall be entitled to a compensation of three dollars per day, and mileage, at the rates allowed to members of the General Assembly, and be entitled to the same privileges. Said convention shall have power to appoint and employ such officers and assistants as may be necessary, and fix their compensation. It shall, on its order, receive from the Secretary of the State, all necessary stationery, and the officers of the State shall at all times furnish to it, on requisition, such information as may be in their power.

$40,000 appropriated for expenses.

SEC. 6. That the sum of forty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of the general revenue of the State to pay the expenses of said convention.

Journal of convention.

SEC. 7. That the journal of the proceedings of said convention shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State; and the amendments, revisions or alterations agreed upon by said convention, shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection, by a vote for that purpose, at such time as the convention shall direct; and every person having the qualification of an elector, under laws now in force, may vote thereon, in the township or ward in which he shall reside, and not elsewhere. The convention shall prescribe the form and manner of voting, and of the publication or notice of the alterations, revisions or amendments of the constitution, agreed upon by said convention, and also of the notice to be given of said election. At the election mentioned in this section, the judges of said election shall receive the vote in the form to be prescribed by the said convention; and all the provisions of the laws of this State in relation to elections, shall apply to the voting upon said amendments, revisions or alterations, so far as the same can be made applicable thereto; and the votes given upon said alterations, amendments or revisions, shall be given and canvassed, and all proceedings shall be had in respect to the same, as nearly as practicable, in the manner prescribed by law, relative to votes given for Governor. It shall be the duty of the Governor to lay before the General Assembly, at its next session after the taking of said vote, the vote for accepting or rejecting said revisions, alterations or amendments, which vote shall be canvassed by the said General Assembly, in the same

New constitution to be voted upon by the people.

manner as votes for Governor are now required to be canvassed: Provided, however, that if said convention shall complete their labors and adjourn sine die at any time before the first day of September, 1850, then the amendments, revisions or alterations agreed upon by said convention, shall be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, by a vote for that purpose, on the second Tuesday of October next ensuing.

When vote to be taken.

SEC. 8. Should any vacancy or vacancies occur by death, resignation or otherwise, in the number of members elected to said convention, the acting Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancy or vacancies, and the same shall be filled in the manner prescribed by law for filling vacancies in the office of Senator or Representative in the General Assembly.

Vacancies—how filled.

SEC. 9. The Secratary of State is hereby required to cause to be transmitted to the several Clerks of the Courts of Common Pleas in this State, such a number of copies of this act as shall be sufficient to supply a copy thereof to each board of judges of election in their respective counties.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

February 22, 1850.

AN ACT

Relating to the election of members of the Convention to revise the Constitution.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the judges of election who may receive the ballots for township officers on the first Monday of April, 1850, shall also receive the ballots for members of the Convention to revise the constitution, and deposit them in separate ballot-boxes, to be prepared for that purpose; and whenever, in the opinion of such judges, it shall be necessary, additional clerks shall be chosen; and separate poll-books shall, in all cases, be kept of the electors voting for members of said Convention, which shall be certified and returned in the same manner that poll-books are required by law to be kept, certified and returned, at the election of Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of State is hereby required, forthwith to procure from the printer to the Senate, and cause to be transmitted to the Clerks of the Courts of Common Pleas of the

State, such a number of copies of this act as shall be sufficient to supply a copy to each board of judges of election, in their respective counties.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 15, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend "An act allowing and regulating attachments," passed January 17th, 1824, and "An Act allowing and regulating writs of attachment before justices of the peace," passed January 17th, 1824.

Attachment, process and proceedings against corporations in certain cases.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That if any creditor, whether resident of the State of Ohio or elsewhere, his agent or attorney, shall make oath or affirmation in writing before any proper authority, that any corporation incorporated or existing by the law of any other of the United States, or of any district or territory thereof, or of any other country, is his debtor, and file the same in the manner prescribed by the said acts respectively of which this is amendatory, such creditor shall be entitled to the like remedy, process and proceedings in all respects against such corporation, as are provided by the said acts respectively (or any acts amendatory thereof,) against absconding or non-resident debtors.

How corporation may discharge attachment.

SEC. 2. Such corporation may discharge its property and money attached, by procuring bond to be executed to the attaching officer, with two good and sufficient sureties within the county where attachment may be executed, in double the amount of the appraisement of such property and moneys, conditioned that such property and moneys, or double the appraised value thereof, shall be forthcoming to answer the judgment or any order of the court under such proceedings.

SEC. 3. That if any such corporation shall expire by limitation of forfeiture of its charter, or otherwise, after a writ of attachment shall have issued against it, such writ shall not thereby abate, but the same shall be carried on to judgment, sale and distribution as if such expiration had not happened.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

Feb. 6, 1850.

AN ACT

In amendment of the practice of the judicial courts.

Cases in error or certiorari.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That in all cases in error, or certiorari, the defendant in error, or certiorari, shall be at liberty to plead any matters which go in abatement, or in bar thereof, notwithstanding he at the same time file the general plea *in nullo est erratum:* and in all cases in which any such plea in abatement, or in bar, shall be filed with the plea *in nullo est erratum*, the issue upon the latter plea shall be determined before the issue upon such plea in abatement, or in bar, shall be tried.

Clerks of superior and commercial court of Cincinnati and superior court of Cleveland.

SEC. 2. That the respective clerks of the court of common pleas, superior court of Cincinnati, commercial court of Cincinnati, and superior court of Cleveland, shall in making return to writs of error, or of certiorari, send up to the supreme court, duly certified copies of the original files, process, pleadings, and exceptions, as well as duly certified transcripts of all journal entries of the proceedings and judgment of their respective courts, in the particular case named in the writ:—Provided, that said clerk shall omit from such return, copies of all such parts of said files, and other papers or documents in any such case as they may be instructed so to do, by the direction in writing of both parties, to such suit, to be filed in the office of such clerk, and a copy of which said written direction shall be annexed to and certified, with such return.

SEC. 3. So much of the sixth section of the "act to regulate the judicial courts and the practice thereof," passed March 12, 1845, as required the original files and pleadings to be annexed to and returned with the writ of error, be and the same is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

Further to amend the act entitled "An act allowing and regulating writs of attachment before justices of the peace," passed January 7, 1824.

Proceedings against non-residents in attachment when no goods are found

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That if on the return of a writ of attachment issued against the goods, chattels, rights, credits, moneys, and effects of a non-resident debtor, under and by virtue of the act

entitled "an act allowing and regulating writs of attachment before justices of the peace," passed January 7, 1824, it shall appear to the justice issuing the same, that there are no goods, chattels, rights, credits, moneys, and effects, or not a sufficiency thereof, whereon to levy, and it shall further appear, either from the affidavit original [originally] filed with said justice to obtain said writ, or from an affidavit of said plaintiff, his agent or attorney, filed subsequently thereto, that said defendant is not a resident of the State of Ohio, the justice shall on the application of the plaintiff, his agent or attorney, make out and deliver to such plaintiff, or his agent, a certified transcript of his proceedings in said cause.

Duty of clerk on receiving transcript.

SEC. 2. The party or his agent, receiving such transcript, may deliver the same to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county within which such justice shall reside, and it shall be the duty of such clerk to file the same in his office, and issue a writ of attachment thereon, directed to the sheriff of said county, commanding him to attach the lands and tenements of said defendant within such county, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon as in other cases of attachment sued out originally from said court of common pleas.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 14, 1850.

AN ACT

Further to amend the act regulating Judgments and Executions.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That before any officer named in the seventeenth section of the act, regulating judgments and executions, passed the first day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, shall be excused from giving the notification therein contemplated, he shall demand of the party or parties, for whose benefit the execution was issued, his, her or their agent, or attorney, (provided, either of them be resident in the county) the money or fees in the said section specified.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 20, 1850.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act, entitled "An act allowing and regulating writs of replevin before Justices of the Peace," passed February 14, 1846.

Nature and amount of bond in replevin.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That it shall be lawful for any constable or other officer executing a writ of replevin, issued by a justice of the peace, to take a bond from plaintiff in replevin, upon the delivery of the property replevied, with two responsible sureties, in double the appraised value of such property, conditioned that the plaintiff shall appear before the justice on the return day of the writ, and prosecute his suit to effect, and pay all costs and damages which shall be awarded against him; Provided, that in no case shall the bond be for a less sum than fifty dollars.

When value of property exceeds $100.

SEC. 2. That whenever upon any writ of replevin issued by any justice of the peace, the property shall be appraised at a value exceeding one hundred dollars, and the appraisement shall be so returned, it shall be the duty of the said justice to certify the proceedings upon the said writ to the court of common pleas of his county, and thereupon to file the original papers together with a certified transcript of his docket entries in the clerk's office of the said court.

Proceedings in common pleas.

SEC. 3. That the court of common pleas in all cases so certified shall take jurisdiction as though the writ had been sued out of the said court, shall rule the parties to plead as in cases so originally brought in the said court, and thereon proceed to final judgment and execution.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 14, 1850.

AN ACT

Requiring the publication of legal advertisements and notices to be made in German newspapers in certain cases.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That all official notices and advertisements relating to the public business of any county wherein a newspaper or newspapers in the German language are printed, and all public sales of property in pursuance of any execution, order or decree of any court of record in such county, now by law required to be published in any newspaper, shall, in addition to the publication heretofore required, be published in such German newspaper; Provided, nothing herein contained shall be

so construed as to authorize "legal advertisements" to be made in any German paper except at the express instance of the plaintiff or defendant in the suit out of which or in relation to which said advertisements are so published; and the party so requiring such publication shall pay all the expense attending the same.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22, 1850.

AN ACT

To provide for an early publication of the laws, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That immediately after the passage of each and every law of a general nature, enacted by the present and each succeeding legislature, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to cause the same to be published in two English and one German newspaper in the city of Columbus, if so many are therein printed; to be paid for at the rate hereinafter provided, out of the treasury of Franklin county, and to forward a copy of one of said newspapers containing such law or laws, to each of the auditors of the several counties of this State.

SEC. 2. The auditors of the several counties of this State (except the county of Franklin) are hereby required, forthwith, after the reception of a copy of said laws, to proceed to contract for their publication in two newspapers, if so many are printed in the county, at a cost of not exceeding seventy-five cents per one thousand ems to each paper, and be paid for out of the county treasury, provided said laws are published correctly; and where there is a German newspaper published in any county, said laws shall also be published in such German paper, in addition to the number hereinbefore provided.

SEC. 3. The commissioners of any county may, in their discretion, direct the auditor thereof to cause to be published in like manner such of the local acts as may affect the people of their said county.

SEC. 4. The auditors aforesaid shall read and compare the proof of the laws in newspapers before their publication, and see that they are printed correctly, and accompany them with a certificate to that effect.

SEC. 5. All laws or parts of laws in any manner conflicting with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. This act to be in force and take effect from and after its passage.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To exempt the Homestead of families from forced sale on execution, to pay debts.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That from and after the fourth of July next, the family homestead of each head of a family shall be exempt from sale on execution on any judgment or decree rendered on any cause of action accruing, after the taking effect of this act; provided that such homestead shall not exceed five hundred dollars in value. Homestead to be exempt, &c., after July 4.

SEC. 2. That the sheriff, or other officer executing any writ of execution founded on any judgment or decree such as is mentioned in the first section of this act, on application of the debtor, or his wife, his agent or attorney, if such debtor have a family, and if the lands or tenements about to be levied on, or any part or parcel thereof, shall be the homestead thereof, shall cause the inquest of appraisers, upon their oaths, to set off such debtor by metes and bounds, a homestead not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, and the assignment of the homestead so made by the appraisers shall be returned by the sheriff, or other officer, along with his writ, and shall be copied by the clerk into the execution docket; and if no complaint be made by either party, no further proceedings shall be had against the homestead; but the remainder of the debtor's lands and tenements, if any more he shall have, shall be liable to sale on execution, in the same manner as if this act had not passed; provided, that upon complaint of either party, and upon good cause shown, the court out of which the writ issued, may order a re-appraisement and re-assignment of the homestead; provided, also, that in case no application be made as aforesaid, during the lifetime of the debtor, such application may be made by the widow of the judgment debtor, at any time before a sale. Duty of sheriff or other officer in such cases. Proviso.

SEC. 3. On petition of executors or administrators, to sell the lands of any decedent to pay debts, who shall have left a widow and a minor child, or children, unmarried and composing part of the decedent's family at the time of his death, the appraisers shall proceed to set apart a homestead in the same manner as is provided in the preceding section; and the same Homestead exempt from sale by administrator

shall remain exempt from sale on execution for debts contracted after the taking effect of this act, and exempt from sale under any order of such court, so long as any unmarried minor child, or children, shall reside thereon, although the widow may have previously died; and the unmarried minor child, or children, of any decedent, actually residing on the family homestead, shall be entitled to hold the same exempt from sale on execution for debts as hereinbefore provided for, although the parent from whom the same descended may have left no wife or husband surviving.

Who may have benefit of this act

SEC. 4. Every widower, or widow, having an unmarried minor child, or children, residing with him or her, as part of his or her family, shall have the benefit of this act, in the same manner as married persons. And married persons, living together as husband and wife, shall be entitled to the exemption in this act provided, although they shall have no children.

Same subject.

SEC. 5. Any person owning the superstructure of a dwelling house, occupied by him or her as a family homestead, shall be entitled to the benefit of this act, although the title to the land on which the same may be built shall be in another; and lessees shall be entitled to the benefits of this act, in the same manner as owners of the freehold or inheritance; provided, nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent a sale of the fee simple subject to such lease.

How to proceed when homestead not divisible.

SEC. 6. When the homestead of any debtor in execution shall consist of a house and lot of land which, in the opinion of the appraisers, will not bear division without manifest injury and inconvenience, the plaintiff in execution shall receive in lieu of the proceeds of a sale of the homestead, the amount, over and above forty dollars annually, which shall be adjudged by the appraisers heretofore mentioned, as a fair and reasonable rent for the same, until the debt, costs and interest are paid, the said rent over and above the said forty dollars shall be payable in quarterly payments, commencing three months from the time of the levy of the execution; and the said rent may be paid to the plaintiff in execution, or to his assigns, or to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county in which the said homestead is situated, and the said clerk shall give to the persons paying the same a proper receipt, and enter the same upon the execution docket, without charge; and in case the said rent shall not be paid quarter yearly, as above provided for, or within ten days after each and every payment shall become due, then, in that case, it shall be the duty of the officer to proceed and sell said homestead in the same manner as is provided in other cases for the sale of real estate; provided such homestead shall not be sold for less than its appraised value; and the plaintiff in execution may cause the said homestead to be re-appraised once in two years, in the same manner as provided for in the second section of this act, and the said rent shall after such re-appraisement be paid in accordance with the said re-appraisement; but in case the said homestead shall not on any such

re-appraisement be appraised at least one hundred dollars more than the next previous appraisement, the costs of such re-appraisement shall be paid by the plaintiff in execution.

This act not to affect certain judgment and other liens.

SEC. 7. The provisions of this act shall not extend to any judgment or decree rendered on any contract made before the taking effect of this act, or judgment or decree rendered on any note or mortgage, executed by the debtor and his wife, nor any claim for work and labor less than one hundred dollars, nor to impair the lien, by mortgage or otherwise, of the vender for the purchase money of the homestead in question, nor of any mechanic or other person, under any statute of this State, for materials furnished or labor performed in the erection of the dwelling house thereon, nor from the payment of taxes due thereon.

For exempting additional chattels in certain cases.

SEC. 8. That it shall be lawful for any resident of Ohio being the head of a family, and not the owner of a homestead, to hold exempt from execution or sale, as aforesaid, mechanical tools, or a team and farming utensils, not exceeding three hundred dollars in value, in addition to the amount of chattel property now by law exempted.

SEC. 9. No sale of any real estate made under any mortgage hereafter executed, and which shall not have been executed by the wife of such debtor, if he have one, shall in any manner affect the right of said debtor's wife or family to have a homestead set off under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 10. Nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as in any way to impair the right of dower as it now exists, or the mode provided by law for enforcing that right.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To regulate judicial proceedings in certain cases.

Scire facias to make parties.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That in all cases where a judgment shall be obtained upon a contract or undertaking wherein any other person or persons shall be jointly liable with the defendant or defendants against whom such judgment was rendered, and the fact of such joint liability was not known to the plaintiff in such action at the time of the rendition of said judgment, such plaintiff, or his legal representatives, may by writ or writs of scire facias, cause such person or persons so jointly liable as aforesaid, to be made parties defendant to such judgment, un-

To whom directed.

less he or they show good cause to the contrary. Said writ of scire facias shall be directed to the sheriff or other proper officer of the county in which the person so jointly liable as aforesaid shall reside, and shall be returned served before the person against whom the same was issued, shall be made party to said judgment. The person so made party shall be subject to the same process on said judgment as he would have been had he been made party to the original action; and in all cases where such scire facias is issued, the defendant thereto may avail himself of all defences to which he would have been entitled in such original action, had he been made a party thereto.

How to be defended.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the several acts directing the mode of proceeding in chancery.

Repeal of former law.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That so much of the act passed February twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled "An act to amend an act directing the mode of proceeding in chancery," passed March 14th, 1831, as authorizes associate judges of the court of common pleas to grant injunctions, is hereby repealed, and in all cases of applications for injunction under the provisions of the said act, the judge or court to which such application shall be made, shall direct notice in writing to be given to the adverse party in such manner as said judge or court may prescribe.

Receivers—how appointed.

SEC. 2. That the several courts of this state, having chancery jurisdiction, may appoint receivers in any case, according to the usages of equity, and require of them such bond and security, and otherwise direct them, as to the respective courts may seem proper.

Who may grant injunctions.

SEC. 3. That any judge of the supreme court, any president judge of the court of common pleas within his circuit, the judges of the superior and commercial courts of Cincinnati, and the superior court of Cleveland, within their respective counties, may grant injunctions and appoint receivers in vacation, upon proper application, as fully as their courts respectively could do in session, and upon the like application and coming in of answers (due notice thereof, in writing, having been given to the party or parties complainant,) may dissolve injunctions and vacate receiverships as fully as their courts

respectively could do in session; Provided, however, that all such orders made in vacation shall be properly written out, attested by the judge making the same, and be filed in the proper clerk's office as part of the proceedings to be recorded.

SEC. 4. The supreme court shall have the power to remand its final decrees in chancery to the inferior courts, for the specific or general execution thereof, and may, in its discretion, remand any cause which comes before it by way of appeal, to the inferior courts for further proceedings, after demurrer or plea overruled.

SEC. 5. That hereafter depositions in chancery shall not be copied into the record of the cause, except upon bills for the perpetuation of testimony, or where the court shall specially direct the same to be recorded.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
March 22, 1850. *Speaker of the Senate.*

AN ACT

To improve the law of evidence.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That a party to any action at law, in any of the courts of this State, may be examined as a witness by the adverse party, or by either one of several adverse parties; and for that purpose may be compelled to attend at the trial, if residing within the county where such suit is pending, or to give a deposition if without such county, in the same manner, and subject to the same rules of examination, as other witnesses are compelled to testify.

Party to suit at law may be called as witness.

SEC. 2. A person for whose immediate benefit any such action may be prosecuted or defended, may be examined as a witness in the same manner, and subject to the same rules of examination as provided in the preceding section.

The party for whose benefit, &c.

SEC 3. No person offered as a witness shall be excluded by reason of his or her interest in the event of the action; but this section shall not apply to a party to the action, nor to any party for whose immediate benefit such action is prosecuted or defended, nor to any assignee of a thing in action, assigned for the purpose of making him a witness.

Interest in event of suit not to exclude witness.

SEC. 4. This act shall take effect from and after the first day of July next.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
March 23, 1850. *Speaker of the Senate.*

AN ACT

Further to amend the several acts now in force in relation to the action of forcible entry and detainer.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the provisions of the act entitled "an act to regulate the action of forcible entry and detainer," passed February 25th, 1831, and the several acts amendatory thereto, are hereby extended and made applicable to all cases of purchases of real estate on sales by executors, administrators or guardians, in the same manner and to the same extent as such provisions are by said acts applied to purchasers of real estate on execution at law.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

To exempt from levy and sale upon execution, certain articles therein named

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That all articles, specimens and cabinets of natural curiosity, history or science, whether animal, vegetable or mineral, except such as may be kept or intended for show or exhibition for money or pecuniary gain, shall be exempt from execution, attachment or sale to satisfy any judgment, decree or debt arising out of or founded upon contract.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 20, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled, "An act directing the mode of trial in criminal cases," passed March 7, 1831.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That if any person charged with the commission of a crime or offence made punishable by the laws of this State, shall abscond or remove from the county in which such

Party charged with crime going into other county

crime or offence be charged to have been committed, it shall be lawful for any justice of the peace or other proper officer of the county in which such person may be found, to issue a warrant for the arrest and removal of such person to the county in which the alleged crime may be said to have been committed, to be there delivered to any judge or justice of the peace of said county, who shall cause the person so delivered, to be dealt with according to law, and the warrant so issued shall have the same force and effect as if issued from the county in which it is alleged such crime or offence was committed. How dealt with

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22d, 1850.

AN ACT

Authorizing copies of records and papers in the offices of the Governor and Secretary of State, to be used as evidence in the courts of this State.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That copies of all records and papers on file in the office of the Governor or Secretary of State, certified by the Secretary of State, under the Great Seal, to be true and correct copies of such records or papers, shall be received as evidence in all courts and places, in the same manner, and have the same force and effect, as the originals thereof would have, if produced.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22d, 1850.

AN ACT

To restrain Banks from taking usury.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the fourth section of an act entitled an act in relation to the State Bank of Ohio, and other banking companies, passed February 24, 1848, be and the same is hereby repealed, and the sixty-first section of an act entitled "an act to incorporate the State Bank of Ohio, and other bank- Repeal of certain section.

ing companies, passed February 24, 1845, is hereby re-enacted as far as the same may have been repealed by the enacting of the said fourth section above recited.

Prosecuting attorney to sue banks in certain cases.

SEC. 2. Whenever any person or persons shall have paid to a banking institution of this State a sum of money for the loan or forbearance of which such banking institution shall have charged, received, reserved or taken illegal interest, and such person or persons shall omit or neglect to bring suit therefor within six months from the time of such payment, it shall be lawful, and it is hereby made the duty of the prosecuting attorney of the county in which such banking institution is located, to institute suit against such banking institution in an action of debt in the name of the State of Ohio, and prosecute the same to final recovery for the amount of the debt or demand on which such illegal interest shall have been charged, reserved or taken as aforesaid, and all moneys so recovered shall be paid over for the benefit of common schools in the county in which such bank is located; Provided, that the prosecuting attorney shall be entitled to charge and retain a commission of twenty per centum on the first thousand dollars, and five per centum on the excess over one thousand dollars of all moneys so by him collected and paid over as aforesaid, and provided such suit shall be commenced within eighteen months from the payment of such principal sum.

For benefit of common schools.

Less the fees of pros. attorney.

Banks in no case to receive more than six per cent. in advance.

SEC. 3. It shall not be lawful for any banking institution in this State to charge, reserve, receive or take more than six per centum in advance on the discount or purchase of any note, bill of exchange or evidence of debt payable at any place within the State of Ohio, nor to charge, receive, reserve or take under any pretext whatever, on the discount or purchase of any note, bill of exchange or evidence of debt payable at a place without this State, any percentage or sum greater than six per cent interest in advance, and the actual cost to such bank of converting the proceeds of such note or bill of exchange into available funds at par, when the current rate of exchange is not in favor of the place of payment; provided that such banking institution may charge and receive on the discount or purchase of notes, bills of exchange, or certificates of deposits, bona fide, drawn upon or payable at a place within the State other than the place of such discount or purchase, a reasonable sum for the collection thereof, not however exceeding one fourth of one per cent. thereon.

And expenses of collection in certain cases.

Not to exceed ¼ of one per cent.

Banks to charge no dicount on bills of exchange except in certain cases.

SEC. 4. It shall not be lawful for any banking institution in this State, in the discount or purchase of notes or bills of exchage on time, drawn on any place without the State, and while the current rate of exchange is in favor of such place and against the place where such bank is located, to charge, reserve, receive or take any per centage or sum by way of discount or interest, which when added to the current premium of exchange in favor of such place of payment at the date of such discount or

purchase, shall produce to said bank a nett profit of more than at the rate of twelve per centum per annum on the money so paid or loaned by such bank, and when the current premium of exchange as aforesaid shall be equal to or exceed the rate of twelve per centum per annum, it shall be unlawful for such bank to charge, reserve or receive any discount or interest on such note or bill of exchange.

Purchase of paper payable out of this State regulated

SEC. 5. The discount or purchase by any banking institution in this State of any note or bill of exchange on time, or other evidence of debt on time, payable at a place without the State, when the officer or agent of such bank knows or has reason to believe that the parties to such paper will not be prepared, or do not intend to pay the same at the place of payment, or when any device is resorted to in order to secure to said bank a greater profit than it could realize from the discount or purchase of such paper if made payable at its own counter, shall be deemed and held usurious and unlawful within the meaning of this act; Provided that nothing contained in the third and fourth sections of this act shall in any way impair or affect any right conferred upon any bank heretofore incorporated or organized.

Proviso.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

Further to amend an act entitled "An act to prevent nuisances" passed Feb. 28, 1831.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That every house or building situated without the incorporated limits of any city or village, and within this State, used or occupied as a house of ill-fame, or for the purposes of prostitution, shall be held and deemed a public nuisance. And any person owning or leasing such building, and using or occupying or permitting the same to be used or occupied, for the purposes aforesaid, shall, for every day he or she shall so use or occupy, or permit to be used or occupied, such house or building as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in [any] sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned for a term not less than thirty days, nor more than six months, or both at the discretion of the court.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act to provide for the partition of real estate.

Guardian of idiot, &c. May, &c.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the guardian or guardians of any idiot, lunatic or insane persons shall be empowered on behalf of such idiot, lunatic or insane person, either in person or by attorney, to appear in court and consent to a partition of the real estate of such idiot, lunatic or insane person, and also to do and perform any and every act, matter or thing respecting the partition of such estate which the guardian or guardians of minor heirs are now by law authorized and empowered to do, and such acts and things so done by said guardian or guardians shall be valid and binding in law upon all the parties named in the proceedings.

Same appointed in other States may, &c.

SEC. 2. Any person or persons appointed according to the laws of any other State or county, to take charge of the estate of any such idiot, lunatic or insane person not a resident of this State, upon being duly and legally authorized to take charge of the real and personal property of such idiot, lunatic or insane person, situate in or found within this State, shall in like manner be authorized and empowered to act in the partition of any such estate, to the same extent that the guardian or guardians of any such idiot, lunatic or insane person are by the preceding section of this act authorized to do, and their acts shall in like manner and to the same extent be valid and binding in law.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

To declare the intent of the twenty-first section of the act "relating to wills."

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the persons mentioned in the seventeenth section of the act to provide for the safe keeping of idiots, lunatics or insane persons, the arrangement of their affairs, and for other purposes, passed March 9th, 1838, are hereby declared to be within the saving clause of the twenty-first section of the act relating to wills, passed March 23d, 1840, as persons of insane mind.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To punish a certain offence therein named.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That if any person shall wilfully and maliciously, in day time, break and enter any dwelling house, kitchen, shop, store, ware house, malt house, still house, mill, factory, pottery, watercraft, school house, church or meeting house, smoke house, barn or stable, with intent to steal, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in the cell or dungeon of the jail of the county and be fed on bread and water only, not exceeding sixty days, at the discretion of the court.

Breaking dwelling houses, &c., in day time.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22d, 1850.

AN ACT

To provide for the election of the Board of Public Works by the people.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the president and the two acting commissioners of the Board of Public Works, shall hereafter, as vacancies shall occur in said board, be elected annually by the qualified voters of this State, at the annual October election for State and county officers, preceding the session of the General Assembly at which said vacancy would have to be filled; and all votes given for any member of said board shall be certified, returned and opened, in the same manner that votes given for Governor are now required by law to be certified, opened and published.

SEC. 2. That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend an act entitled "An act to amend the act to authorize and require the recording of the official bonds of certain public officers," passed March 13, 1849.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That so much of the act passed March thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, as requires the bonds of executors, administrators and guardians, filed previous to the passage of said law, to be recorded in a separate book to be kept for that purpose, be and the same is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 20, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the "Act for the better regulation of the Public Schools in cities, towns," &c., passed Feb. 21, 1849.

Extending act in reference to public schools.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the act for the better regulation of the Public Schools in cities, towns, &c., passed February 21, 1849, be and the same is hereby extended to incorporated townships, and to school districts, now or hereafter to be organized, which shall adopt the same in the manner specified in the second and third sections of said act; provided, however, that said act shall not be so extended to any township or school district, containing less than five hundred inhabitants, unless said school district consists in whole or in part of an incorporated town or village.

Single school districts.

SEC. 2. Township and school districts to which said act may be extended in the manner aforesaid, shall thereafter be known and recognized in law as single school districts, with all the powers, rights and franchises which for educational purposes are or may be conferred upon incorporated cities, towns and villages, in virtue of the act aforesaid; and the Board of Education of such townships and school districts, shall be elected and organized in the same manner as is provided in the 4th and 5th sections of said act, and shall have like powers, rights and privileges, and perform like duties as Boards of Education of cities, towns, &c., under the act aforesaid.

Board of Education.

Title to real estate to vest in Board.

SEC. 3. The title to all real estate and other property, belonging for school purposes to any city, town, village, township or district, or to any part of the same, which is or may be or-

ganized into a single school district in accordance with this act, or the act to which this is an amendment, shall be regarded in law as vested in the Board of Education thereof, for the support and use of the public schools therein, and said board may dispose of, sell and convey said real estate or any part of the same, by deed to be executed by the President of said Board, upon a majority vote for such sale at any regular meeting of the electors of said district.

Board to have power to exclude children under six years of age.

SEC. 4. The Board of Education of any city, town, village, township or school district, organized for the support of schools under this act, or the act to which this is amendatory, or the act for the support and better regulation of common schools in the town of Akron, and the acts amendatory thereto, or under any special local act, shall have authority to exclude from the public schools, in such city, &c., all children under the age of six years.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 13, 1850.

AN ACT

In relation to School District Tax, providing for the annual School district meetings and requiring maps of School districts.

District clerk to make an estimate &c.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That it is hereby made the duty of the school district clerk in each school district in this State, to make an estimate of the amount of money necessary, in addition to what shall be furnished annually under the provisions of the "act for the support and better regulation of common schools, and to create permanently the office of superintendent," passed March 7, 1838, and the several acts amendatory thereto, to provide at least six months good schooling during the year ensuing, to all the youth in the district who are by law entitled to the benefits of common schools, and give notice of the amount so required by posting the same on the door of the common school house within the district, at least fifteen days prior to the second Monday in April annually; and it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of each school district in this State, to assemble annually, on the second Monday in April, at the school house in such district, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock, P. M., and then and there vote for or against a school tax, sufficient to supply the deficiency reported, as hereinbefore directed, by the district clerk.

To give notice.

Vote for or against school tax.

District clerk to certify result to auditor.

SEC. 2. That if it shall be found that a majority of the qualified voters present at such meeting, vote in favor of school tax, the result shall be certified by the district clerk, within twenty days after such meeting, to the auditor of the proper county or counties; and such certificate shall contain a statement of the votes polled, the amount of per centage of tax voted for, and an alphabetical list of all the resident and non-resident tax-payers of the district, designating whether resident or non-resident, and specifying where the school district line divides a tract, or tracts of land, held by a tax-payer, the number of acres in such district; and upon the receipt of such certified statement, the county auditor shall assess the amount so estimated and certified upon all the property in such district, subject to taxation, and enter the same upon the county treasurer's duplicate, and the county treasurer shall collect the same and pay it over to the township treasurer on the order of the auditor of said county, charging for his services the per centum now allowed in the first instance for the collection of county taxes, and it shall be the duty of the county auditor to furnish to the township treasurer at the time of furnishing a statement of the school fund belonging to such township, a statement of the amount of tax assessed as aforesaid in each district, specifying the number of the district, when voted for and assessed; and the township treasurer shall pay out the same for tuition in such school district under the regulations now provided by law for the payment of teachers of common schools in this State.

With statement and list.

When district composed of parts of two or more counties.

SEC. 3. That whenever a school district is composed of parts of two or more counties, it shall be the duty of the clerk of such district to certify the proceedings of the voters and the amount of the tax voted for as aforesaid to the auditor of each county in which such district lies, accompanied by an alphabetical list of tax payers owning property in the portion of the district lying in the county to which the report is being made, and also a statement of the fact that it is a fractional district, naming the several counties in which the fractions lie; and upon the reception of such certificate each auditor shall immediately forward to the auditors of other counties named in the certificate, an abstract of the amount of taxable property in the portion of the district lying within his county.

Directors to meet 2d Monday in April.

SEC. 4. That it shall be the duty of the school directors of the several school districts in this State, to meet on the second Monday in April, annually, at the school house in the several districts, for the purpose of ascertaining the will of the qualified voters in reference to school tax as pointed out in the first section of this act, and it shall be the duty of one of the said directors to preside over the said meeting.

Annual meeting held on, &c.

SEC. 5. That the annual school district meetings provided for in the several acts relative to common schools, shall be held hereafter on the second Monday in April, and such business as is required by said acts to be transacted on the third Friday in

September annully, shall be transacted on the said second Monday in April, annually; Provided, that if the directors of any school district shall neglect or fail to give the requisite notice of such annual meeting in the manner contemplated by the "act for the support and better regulation of common schools, and to create permanently the office of superintendent," passed March 7, 1838, and the amendatory acts thereto, then it shall be lawful for said directors, by giving such notice, to call such annual district meeting at any subsequent time between the second Monday in April and the third Friday in September following.

Any township may vote additional tax as heretofore.

SEC. 6. That nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as to prevent or take from any organized township in this State, the power of voting to raise an additional township school tax in the manner provided in the twenty-sixth section of the act entitled "an act for the support and better regulation of common schools and to create permanently the office of superintendent," passed March 7, 1838, and the amendatory act thereto, passed March 16, 1839.

Parents, &c., neglecting to furnish fuel.

SEC. 7. That whenever any parent or guardian sending any scholar to any district school shall fail or neglect to furnish his or her proportion or quota of fuel, as may be ordered by the directors of such school district, for the use of such school, and the same shall have been provided by the directors, or on their order, it shall be the duty of the directors to make out an account in writing under their hands, of the quantity of such fuel so provided as aforesaid, together with the value thereof, or price paid for the same, and if such accounts are not voluntarily paid by the person or persons so charged therewith, the treasurer of such district is hereby authorized, and it shall be his duty, to collect such accounts of the person or persons charged with the same as aforesaid, in the same manner that any charge or account for tuition, is authorized to be collected in the seventh section of the aforesaid act, passed March 16, 1839.

Trustees to prepare map of township in certain cases.

SEC. 8. That where the trustees of any township in this State have laid off their township into school districts, or shall hereafter lay off such township into districts, or whenever an alteration in any school district or districts heretofore has been or hereafter shall be made, said trustees shall cause a map of their township to be prepared, or the township clerk shall make out and record a new map of the school districts in said township in accordance with the fifth section of the act of March 7, 1838; Provided, however, that no alteration of any school district shall be hereafter made so as to include in the same district parts of two or more townships or counties, and when said map shall be prepared or made out as aforesaid, and a copy thereof filed with the county auditor, it shall be deemed and taken as having the same legal force and effect as maps of school districts heretofore made out, recorded and filed as aforesaid, in pursuance of any acts heretofore passed for that purpose, and

Proviso.

the act passed March 24, 1849, limiting the time for the preparing of maps of school districts is hereby repealed.

Certain acts repealed.

SEC. 9. That the act passed February 24, 1848, entitled "an act to amend the act entitled an act for the support and better regulation of common schools, and to create permanently the office of superintendent, passed March 7, 1838, and the acts amendatory thereto," and the act amendatory thereto passed March 6, 1849, and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 7, 1850.

AN ACT

For the appointment of a state board of public instruction.

State board of public instruction—five members.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That there shall be appointed by joint ballot of the two houses of the General Assembly, during its present session, a state board of public instruction, to be composed of five citizens, one of whom shall hold his office for one year from and after such appointment, one for two years, one for three years, one for four years and one for five years; and at each session of the legislature hereafter, one member of the board shall be appointed to fill the vacancy then existing, and the member so appointed shall hold his office for five years; and whenever a vacancy occurs in the board during the recess of the legislature, the governor of the state shall appoint a citizen to fill the same until the meeting of the General Assembly, when the two houses, by joint ballot, shall elect a member of the board to serve out the unexpired trem.

One member styled state superintendent.

SEC. 2. That each member of such board shall, during the last year of his term of office, be styled the state superintendent of common schools, and as such shall act as the chairman of the board, and shall reside and keep his office at the seat of government of the state; that his duties shall be to collect and arrange educational statistics, in accordance with the provisions of the school laws and the requisitions of the board; to make an annual report to the General Assembly of such statistics, accompanied by such facts and suggestions as he may deem proper, appending thereto the reports of the district superintendents, and to act as the editor of the state educational paper, hereinafter provided for.

SEC. 3. That at the first meeting of the board each year, it shall divide the state into four districts, and assign to each district one member of the board, who shall perform therein such duties as shall be directed by the board, and by any act which may hereafter be enacted by the General Assembly; and the members of the board so assigned to the different districts, shall be styled, for the first four years of their term of office, district superintendents, and as such they shall aid the county board of examiners in the several counties within their districts in the performance of their duties.

State to be divided into four districts.

SEC. 4. That the members of the board of public instruction shall hold semi-annual meetings at the office of the state superintendent, at which meetings the state superintendent shall preside, and a member of the board shall be designated as secretary; that at such meetings shall be determined the general regulations for the guidance of the district superintendents, each of whom shall submit to the legislature annually, through the state superintendent, a report containing a statement of the educational statistics which he has collected during the year, and also of his official transactions during the same period.

Board to meet semi-annually.

SEC. 5. That the signature of the district superintendent shall be necessary to the validity of the certificates of all teachers of common schools within his district, in addition to the signatures of the members of the county board of examiners; and that, in the examination of teachers applying for certificates, a list of questions, to be prepared semi-annually by the state superintendent, and forwarded to the district superintendents, and by them furnished to the county examiners with instructions as to the method of examination, shall in all cases be used.

District superintendent to sign teachers' certificates.

SEC. 6. That each applicant for a certificate to teach a common school, under the school laws of this state, shall pay to the clerk of the county board of examiners, upon the receipt of such certificate, signed and countersigned as provided in the foregoing section, the sum of one dollar, which certificate shall authorize him or her to teach a public school in any county of the state, for the period of one year from the date thereof; and upon obtaining such certificate, he or she shall be entitled to receive for one year, free of expense for subscription, the educational paper hereinafter provided for, and be entitled to attend, without tuition fee, all teachers' institutes and normal classes held under the direction of the state board, within the year for which the certificate is granted; but no teacher shall receive payment from the public funds for tuition, except upon the presentation of his or her annual certificate; or, if he or she hold a life certificate, upon the presentation of the receipt of the clerk of the county board of examiners, showing that he or she has paid a professional fee for the current year of one dollar.

Teachers to pay $1 each.

Life certificate to teachers.

SEC. 7. That upon the recommendation of the county board of examiners, countersigned by a district superintendent, the state board of public instruction shall issue a life certificate to the teacher named in such recommendation, for which the applicant shall pay the state board one dollar, and shall be subject thereafter to an annual professional tax of like sum; and a life certificate shall confer upon the holder thereof all the rights and privileges acquired by the holder of an annual certificate; but the state board shall have power at any time to revoke such certificate, whenever it is made to appear to the satisfaction of any district superintendent, that the holder thereof is either incompetent or of bad moral character.

Meetings of county examiners.

SEC. 8. That the county board of examiners of each county shall hold two sessions each year, for the examination of teachers, at periods to be fixed at the commencement of the year by the respective district superintendents, of which times due notice shall be given in some newspaper published in the county, or of general circulation therein, which meetings the superintendent of the district shall attend; and at the commencement of the year the district superintendents shall each prepare, and publish in the state educational paper, a statement of the times and places for such meetings within the several districts.

Clerk of county board to receive all moneys, &c.

SEC. 9. That the clerk of each county board of examiners shall keep an account of all moneys received by the board for annual certificates, and for the annual professional fee of teachers holding life certificates, shall pay such money over at the end of the fiscal year established by the state board, to the district superintendent of the proper district, taking therefor his receipt, and shall forward to the treasurer of state, at the time of making such payment, a certified statement of the amount of money so paid by him; that the district superintendent shall pay over the same to the treasurer of state; and that the state superintendent shall also pay over the amount received for life certificates and for subscriptions to the educational paper; which several funds the treasurer of state shall pay out as hereinafter provided, and for no other purpose.

And pay to treasurer of state.

State Superintendent to draw on state treasurer.

SEC. 10. That the fund placed as above in the care of the treasurer of state, shall be drawn out on the orders of the state superintendent, for the payment of the salaries of the members of the state board of public instruction; for the contingent expenses of said board; for the necessary expenses of the district superintendents, not exceeding to each the amount hereinafter specified, and for the expenses incurred in the publication of the educational paper, hereinafter provided for.

SEC. 11. That the several members of the board of public instruction shall, before entering upon the duties of their office, take an oath for the faithful performance of the same; and the state superintendent shall receive for his services an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars, and each district

superintendent shall receive an annual salary of one thou sand dollars, and for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, a sum not exceeding in amount, for any one year, two hundred dollars; Provided, That the salaries of the members of the state board, and all other salaries and expenses under this [act,] shall be paid out of the fund therein provided, and the same shall in no case be a charge on the state treasury. Proviso.

SEC. 12. That the state board of public instruction shall establish at the seat of government of the state, within six months after the organization of such board, an educational paper, to be called the "Ohio School Teacher," which shall be a monthly publication of not less than twenty-four pages royal octavo, and which shall be under the editorial and publishing supervision of the state superintendent; that the district superintendents shall act as corresponding editors of the same; and the paper thus published shall be sent free of subscription charge to all persons in this state holding certificates as teachers, and to the auditor of each county, to be by him filed and preserved for public reference; and the subscription price of the same, to persons not entitled to receive it free, shall be one dollar per annum, payable in advance. State paper. Subscription price, $1.

SEC. 13. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed; and this act to take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22d, 1850.

AN ACT

Supplementary to the act for the appointment of a State Board of Public Instruction.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That all certificates granted to teachers of common schools by the county Board of Examiners previous to the appointment of the Board of Public Instruction provided for in the act entitled an act for the appointment of a State Board of Public Instruction, and within one month thereafter, shall be valid for the time specified in the same, provided that the same shall not exceed six months. Teachers certificates.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled an act to provide for the regulation of Turnpike companies, passed Jan. 7, 1817.

Toll gates not to be in, &c.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That no company, or association of individuals, which heretofore has been, or may hereafter be incorporated for the purpose of making any turnpike road, nor any other company or association, which is or by its charter may be subject to the provisions of the said act to provide for the regulation of turnpike companies, and the acts amendatory of the same, shall be authorized to erect or keep up any toll gate or toll house, or to receive tolls within the corporate limits of any incorporated city, town, or village in this State, or within eighty rods of such limits.

What distances apart.

SEC. 2. Any incorporated plank road company, which by its charter is subject to the provisions of the acts aforesaid, shall have the right to locate its toll gates at such suitable distances from each other as said company may determine, provided the number of toll-gates and the rates of toll per mile authorized by its charter are not thereby increased, and provided also that in no case shall there be more than two toll gates on any continuous six miles of such road.

Legislature may change rate of toll, &c.

SEC. 3. At any time after twenty years the legislature shall have power to change the rate of tolls on any turnpike road or plank road constructed by any company hereafter incorporated or heretofore incorporated but which has not yet been organized and in good faith commenced the construction of its road, and all such companies shall be subject to the provisions of any law hereafter enacted regulating the mode of assessing damages for materials taken or the right of way; if any such company shall not be organized and in good faith commenced the construction of its road within three years from the time it may be incorporated, the act of incorporation shall be void. All such companies shall be subject to such tax as now is or may hereafter be provided by law.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to authorize the making of Roads and Drains in certain cases," passed February 8, 1847.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That every petition filed with the county com-

missisioners, under the law to which this is an amendment, shall shall set forth the names of all persons interested, (if known to the petitioner,) as well those whom it is supposed will be benefitted as those who will be injured by the proposed improvement, and the notice required by the third section of said act shall also set forth the names of all the persons interested as fully as the same are stated in said petition. Petition to set forth names, &c.

SEC. 2. Whenever any committee appointed by the commissioners, either of view or review, shall determine that the proposed improvement is necessary and shall lay out and establish the same, and shall find that damages will be sustained by any proprietor or occupant of any adjacent lands, and the amount which they will respectively sustain, said committee either of view or review shall then determine the proportion of said damages which shall be paid by each of the proprietors of the adjacent lands, having strict regard to the benefits which they will receive, and the award so made shall be held as conclusive upon each of the parties charged with such payment. Committee to apportion damages.

SEC. 3. When any petitioner shall have paid over or deposited the full amount of all the damages so assessed, and after the improvement is finished in conformity with the details of the work as set forth in the petition and in the manner contemplated by the viewers or reviewers, such petitioner may bring suit in any court of competent jurisdiction, and recover from each party the amount with which he stands charged by said award; Provided he has before the commencement of such suit made demand of such sum upon the party so charged by said award. Petitioner may sue—when. Demand.

SEC. 4. Whenever it may be necessary to repair such work, any one of the persons benefited by it may cause such repairs to be made, and may compel contributions from each person benefitted, on the basis of the award, the just and fair price of such repairs.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 8, 1850.

AN ACT

To provide for the regulation of Plank Roads.

SEC. 1. ***Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,*** That each and every company or association of individuals which may hereafter be incorporated for the purpose

of constructing any turnpike road, plank road, gravel road, or road of other materials, authorized in any act of incorporation, shall have all the rights, privileges and powers, and be subject to all the restrictions of an act to provide for the regulation of turnpike companies, passed January 7, 1817, and the acts amendatory thereto; and the provisions of all said acts are hereby extended and made applicable to all such companies, except in so far as the same may be herein modified or altered; and whenever any company may be incorporated for the purpose aforesaid, under or subject to the provisions of this act, such company shall have all the rights, privileges and powers, and be subject to all the restrictions of this and all the acts aforesaid, except as herein otherwise provided.

Extending the rights, privileges and restrictions of free turnpike roads to plank and other road companies.

SEC. 2. The commissioners named in any special act of incorporation, or a majority of them may open books for the purpose of securing subscriptions to the capital stock of any company hereafter incorporated, at such place or places as they may deem proper, and perform all duties authorized by the acts aforesaid. The capital stock of any company shall consist of such amount as may be prescribed in the special act of incorporation.

To authorize commissioners of incorporated companies to open books for the subscription of stock.

SEC. 3. Every plank road shall be laid out at least two and not more than four rods wide, and shall be so constructed as to have at least sixteen feet width of good smooth and permanent road, eight feet of which, at least, shall be made of plank not less than two inches thick, and of such grade as not to exceed an ascent or descent on any part of said road of more than one foot in ten feet, which road way shall be constructed so as to permit carriages and other vehicles conveniently and easily to pass each other, and also so as to permit carriages readily and easily to pass off and on where such road is intersected by other roads, and no obstruction shall be suffered unnecessarily to remain upon such plank road at any such intersection; and when any plank road is so constructed, tolls may be collected thereon at the rates provided by the acts aforesaid. Any company incorporated as aforesaid shall have power to construct any part or parts of the road which such company may be authorized to make, of gravel, stone, plank, or such other material, as may be authorized, or different parts of such road of any or either kinds of such materials.

Fixing the width and grade of plank roads, and prohibiting obstructions.

Regulating the collection of tolls and fixing the materials of which roads may be constructed.

SEC. 4. That if any company hereafter incorporated shall not be organized, and in good faith commence the construction of the road authorized by the act incorporating such company within two years from the time such company may be incorporated, such act shall, after the expiration of such period of two years, be null and void. At any time after twenty years from the time any tolls may be collected by any such company, the rate of tolls to be charged or collected on such road may be regulated by law, and the proper authorities of any county or counties through or in which such road may in whole or in part

Companies hereafter incorporated to commence work within two years.

After twenty years Legislature may regulate tolls, and counties may purchase and manage plank roads.

pass, may purchase and manage such road under such regulations as may be prescribed by law. No toll gate shall be erected within one half of a mile from the improved and inhabited part of the limits of any city or village. Any such company hereafter incorporated shall be subject to the provisions of any general law that may be enacted, regulating the mode of assessing damages for materials taken or the right of way. The capital stock and property of any such company shall be taxed in such manner as now is or may hereafter be provided by law. The provisions of this section shall extend to all such companies heretofore incorporated, but which have not been organized and commenced in good faith to construct a road. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to apply to railroad companies.

Toll gates not to be erected within half of a mile of any city or village.

Subjecting incorporated road companies to any general law regulating the assessment of damages for right of way and materials, and their property or stock to taxation.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

Authorizing Rail Road Companies to open Transfer Books in other States.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the directors of any rail road company, incorporated by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, whenever they shall deem it expedient for the interest or convenience of such rail road company, may, and they are hereby authorized to open transfer books in any of the States of the United States, for the purpose of transferring stock which may be purchased or held by persons out of this state, and they are hereby authorized to employ suitable agents or agent to keep such transfer books, whose acts, done under the authority of this act, shall be binding on the said rail road company.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

Requiring Turnpike and other joint stock companies, in which the State is a stockholder, to report annually to the Auditor of State.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the President and the Secretary or Treas-

urer of each turnpike company, or other joint stock company in which the State is a stockholder, shall, hereafter, report to the Auditor of State, before the first day of December, annually, a correct statement of the affairs of said company, in such form as the Auditor shall prescribe; and the Auditor shall, before the first day of January, annually, present copies of such reports to the General Assembly, with such tables and information as he may deem proper.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

Directing the manner of serving mesne process against railroad companies.

Service of writ.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That suit may be brought before a justice of the peace against any railroad company, in the township in which the president of the company may reside, or in any township in which the principal business office of the company may be kept, and the writ of summons issued by said justice, shall be served personally upon the president, if found, or by leaving a copy at the business office of the company with the person having charge thereof.

Suit may be brought in any township thro' which road passes.

SEC. 2. Suit may be brought before a justice of the peace, against any railroad company, in any township, into or through which the road of such company may be located, and if the principal business office of the company is not kept in said township, it shall be the duty of such justice of the peace, to issue a writ of summons against said company, directed to the sheriff of the county where the principal business office of the company is kept, with an endorsement on the back of the writ, of the name of the post office to which said writ shall be returned, and the plaintiff may transmit the same, post-paid, by mail.

How writ served and returned by sheriff.

SEC. 3. The sheriff shall, on the receipt of such writ, forthwith serve the same personally, upon the president, if found, or by leaving a copy at the business office of said company, with the person having charge thereof, and immediately return said writ to the justice of the peace issuing the same, by mail, directed to the post office, named on the back of the writ. The service of the writ shall be made, at least ten days before the day set for the trial of the cause.

SEC. 4. Suit may be brought in any court of record, against any railroad company, in any county into or through which the road of such company may be located, and process issued to the sheriff of any county, where the principal office of business of said company may be kept and shall be served upon the president personally, if found, or by leaving a copy at such business office, with the person having charge thereof.

Suit may be brought in any county through which road passes.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

To carry into effect an act entitled "an act to provide for the sale of the Western Reserve School Lands," passed February 17, 1849.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That John Codding, of Medina county, Thomas Hamilton of Erie county, and Darius Adams of Cuyahoga county, are hereby appointed a board of appraisers, who shall meet in the town of Defiance, in Defiance county, on the 22d day of May next, or if prevented from meeting on that day, as soon thereafter as may be practicable, and proceed under the act to which this is an amendment to appraise by lots of eighty acres each, unless said appraisers shall be of opinion that the proceeds of the sales of said lands will be increased by a division into smaller parcels, in which case said appraisers may so appraise the same, and not less, except in cases of fractions of lots, the lands described in the aforesaid act of February 17, 1849; also any lands selected since the passage of said act, being Western Reserve School Lands, and shall make return of their appraisement to the Auditor of State, on or before the first Monday of July next.

Fixing the appraisers of W. R. School Lands, and the size of the lots into which said lands may be divided.

Appraisement to be returned to the Auditor of State.

SEC. 2. That Woolsey Wells, who was appointed by the last General Assembly agent for the sale of said lands, shall obtain from the Auditor of State a certified copy of said appraisements, as soon as it shall be made, and forthwith thereafter shall proceed to give notice and offer said lands at public sale, according to the provisions of the aforesaid act.

Agent to give notice and sell said lands at public sale.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of State shall immediately after the passage of this act send by mail a certified copy of the same to each of said appraisers and said agent.

Copies sent by Secretary of State.

SEC. 4. That whenever the said appraisers shall be notified by the Governor of the State of Ohio that the residue of the lands due to the Western Reserve are selected, and the title

Appraisers to view and appraise additional lands.

thereto confirmed, it shall be the duty of said appraisers immediately thereafter to view and appraise such residue of said lands, and make return of their appraisement to the Auditor of State, whose duty it shall be forthwith thereafter to furnish to said agent a certified copy of said appraisements of said lands, and said agent shall give notice and offer the same for public sale according to the provisions of said act, passed February 17, 1849.

Agent to sell addition of lands

Agent to prosecute trespassers

SEC. 5. The said agent is hereby authorized, and it is made his duty to prosecute in the name of the State of Ohio all trespassers upon said school lands, or any portion of the same, for which service he may be allowed such compensation as may be determined by the Governor, to be paid out of the proceeds of said sales.

SEC. 6. That so much of the act to which this is an amendment as is inconsistent with this act be, and the same is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22, 1850.

AN ACT

Further to amend the act entitled an act to provide for laying out and establishing Free Turnpike Roads, passed Mareh 12, 1845.

Free turnpike. road commissioner to settle with county commissioners.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the trustees or commissioners of all Free Turnpike Roads which heretofore have been or may hereafter be established in this State, shall annually, on the first Monday in June, make a full settlement with the county commissioners of the several counties in or through which their respective roads may be located, of all their receipts and expenditures within such county, as such trustees or commissioners.

County commissioners to institute suit against free turnpike road commissioners failing to settle.

SEC. 2. Should such trustees or commissioners fail to make settlement as provided in the first section of this act, the county commissioners of the county in which such failure takes place, shall at the next term of the court of common pleas of the county, cause suit to be instituted against such trustees or commissioners, in the corporate name of the road, to enforce such settlement.

Suit to be conducted by prosecuting attorney.

SEC. 3. Such suit shall be conducted by the prosecuting attorney of the county and such delinquent trustee or commissioner shall be held prima facia liable for the full amount of taxes and money which were applicable to the construction of said road, as the same appears upon the tax duplicate of the county

Commissioners of free turnpike

and in all cases judgment shall be rendered against said trustees or commissioners for all the costs of suit.

roads prima facia liable for all moneys applicable to such road.

SEC. 4. Process may be issued from the proper court to the sheriff or other proper officer of the county in which such trustees or commissioners shall respectively reside or may be found, and such officer shall serve and return the same in the same manner and under the same penalties as if such process had been issued from the clerk of the court of his own county.

Manner of issuing and serving process.

SEC. 5. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend an act to provide for the regulation of turnpike companies, passed January 7th, 1817.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That all turnpike road companies organized under the "act to provide for the regulation of turnpike companies," passed January seventh, 1817, be and they are hereby authorized to construct such part of the road as the directors of said company may deem expedient by making a track of plank not less than eight feet wide and three inches thich, and the remainder of the width of the road prescribed in the 9th section of the act herein named, of the other materials named in said 9th section.

Turnpike companies may construct a track of plank.

SEC. 2. That all companies organized under said act are also authorized to take toll upon each and every mile which may be finished in addition to and adjoining the first five miles required to be finished by the act amending the act herein named, passed February 25th, 1845; Provided that no company shall have authority to take toll until all steps preliminary thereto as prescribed by the act to which this is an amendment have been taken, but the legislature may at any time change the rates of toll on any company hereafter incorporated, and prescribe the distance at which toll gates shall be erected from each other.

Companies may take toll on additional road over five miles.

Legislature may fix rates of toll and distance between gates.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 21, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend existing laws relative to width of county roads upon state lines.

Road not to be more than 30 feet nor less than 15 feet wide.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That in opening and constructing county roads upon the state lines of this state, it shall be discretionary with the commissioners of the county through which said road passes, to determine the width of said road to be given by the owners of real estate residing in this state; Provided, however, that said owners shall in no case be required to give more than thirty nor less than fifteen feet.

Citizens along the line, &c.

SEC. 2. That the citizens residing along the line of any county road already established, may, at the discretion of the county commissioners; and upon petition presented and notice given according to existing laws, have all the benefits arising from the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend an "Act to authorize the canal fund commissioners to exchange certificates of the funded debt of this state, passed March 11, 1849.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the fund commissioners are hereby authorized to issue, in accordance with the provisions and conditions of the act of February 4, 1825, creating the state debt, and of the several acts amendatory thereto, transferable certificates of stock, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, redeemable at the pleasure of the state at such time between the years 1860 and 1875 as the commismissioners of the canal fund may determine, payable and transferable at such place or places as in the opinion of said commissioners shall best promote the interest of the state to an amount sufficient to redeem the certificates of the state debt heretofore issued by authority of said acts and made payable after 1850, which may not be redeemed by the act to which this is an amendment; Provided, however, that no certificate

of stock issued under the authority of this act, shall be sold or disposed of at a rate less than their par value.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

Supplementary to "An act to provide for a uniform standard of Weights and Measures," passed February 21, 1846.

WHEREAS, the act entitled "An act to provide for a uniform standard of Weights and Measures," passed February 21st, 1846, provides for copies of the original standard of Measures and Weights to be procured for the use of each county within this State, but has omitted to provide for the procuring of suitable balances, without which said weights are of little or no use; Therefore, to supply such omission,

State sealer to procure balances.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the sealer of weights and measures of this State be, and he is hereby authorized and required to procure to be made, for the use of each county in this State, a balance, suitable in workmanship, capacity and materials, wherewith to use the weights aforesaid, and cause the same to be deposited with the county auditors of the several counties, with whom the weights and measures aforesaid are by law deposited.

His account to be audited by State Auditor.

SEC. 2. That the State sealer shall present his account to the Auditor of State, for all sums by him paid and liabilities incurred under the provisions of this act; and the Auditor of State shall audit the same, and draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer in favor of said State sealer, for the amount he shall find due, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. That in contracting for making such balances the State sealer shall invite proposals, as is provided by the twenty-first section of the act to which this is supplementary.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To regulate the fees of county surveyors in certain cases.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That each county surveyor shall be allowed and receive two dollars per day for each day he shall be employed in the survey of a State or county road.

SEC. 2. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22d, 1850.

AN ACT

Conferring on county commissioners certain powers in relation to free turnpike roads, and for other purposes.

County commissioners may with draw the taxes from any free turnpike road in their county and the same shall be worked out as other road taxes are.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the county commissioners of any county in this State through which or in which any free turnpike road or any part thereof has been or may be located, are hereby authorized to order and direct that all or such portions of the road taxes by law applied to the construction and repair of any such free turnpike road as said commissioners may deem proper shall no longer be so applied, and thereafter the road taxes so withdrawn from any such free turnpike road shall be worked out as other road taxes are by law worked out under the direction of the proper supervisor of roads.

County commissioners to apportion road taxes between free turnpike roads.

SEC. 2. That when any two or more free turnpike roads cross each other or have been or may be within less than four miles of each other, the county commissioners of any county through or in which any such roads or any part thereof may be located, are hereby authorized to make such equitable division or apportionment amongst said roads, of the road taxes appropriated to any one or more of said roads by law as said commissioners may deem proper.

SEC. 3. That the county commissioners of any county as aforesaid shall have power, at any regular or special session called for the purpose, to make any and all orders necessary or proper to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and the same to modify, change or repeal as they may deem proper, not inconsistent with law.

SEC. 4. That the road taxes appropriated to any free turnpike road in any county in this State, and charged against

any resident of such county may be worked out under the proper officer on such road at any time before the first day of October in each year, and the county commissioners may from time to time ordain and establish the price and compensation for all work, labor, services and materials furnished or rendered on said road, but the road tax appropriated to any such road, charged on the land of any person not residing in such county, shall be payable in money, collected as other road taxes, and applied for the benefit of said road according to law.

Residents may work out taxes appropriated to free turnpike roads.

County commissioners may fix the price of work.

Non-residents to pay their taxes in money.

SEC. 5. That the county commissioners of any county shall be and hereby are authorized to change the location of any part of any free turnpike road in the same manner and on the same conditions that they are by law authorized to change the location of any part of a county road, and the same laws applicable to the alteration of county roads shall be applicable to free turnpike roads.

County commissioners may change the location of free turnpike roads.

SEC. 6. That the county commissioners of any county in this State be and they are hereby authorized to appropriate to the construction and repair of any State or county road, for such time as they may deem proper, the labor and road tax, or either, of any or all persons residing or owning property within two miles of such road, to be expended under the direction of the proper supervisor or supervisors, or under the direction of a superintendent to be appointed by said commissioners, and said commissioners are hereby authorized to prescribe the compensation of such superintendent, and said superintendent shall have the same power, rights and privileges over said road, and be subject to the same restrictions as supervisors of roads by law have, and are subject to.

County commissioners may appropriate to the construction of State and county roads certain taxes.

SEC. 7. That all road taxes levied or collected for the benefit of any free turnpike road, shall be expended on and appropriated to such free turnpike in the township where such tax may be levied.

Free turnpike road taxes to be expended in the townships where levied.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

Feb. 19, 1850.

AN ACT

For the protection of sheep.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the township assessors in the counties of Delaware, Morrow, Licking, Fayette, Ashtabula, Madison, Lake, Summit, Coshocton, Guernsey, Columbiana, Allen, Mahoning,

Dogs to be listed

Miami, Defiance, Huron, and Erie, shall annually, at the same time that they take the list of property for taxation, list the number of dogs six months old and upwards owned or kept at each house, and charge the same to each householder, or the person owning or claiming the same, or at whose house such dog or dogs may be found or kept, and return the list of such owners and the number of dogs by him or her kept, as aforesaid, to the county auditor, at the same time that such assessor returns the list of property for taxation: and said county auditor shall charge each individual so returned on the duplicate, the sum of fifty cents for the first dog by him or her owned or kept, and the further sum of one dollar for each additional dog by him or her owned or kept; and such tax shall be collected in the same manner that other taxes are now collected.

And taxed.

How proceeds appropriated.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the county auditor and treasurer to keep separate accounts of the moneys arising from the tax on dogs, one-half of which shall be appropriated to the common school fund of each county, and the residue of the money so raised shall be, and the same is hereby set apart as a fund to compensate persons sustaining losses by the destruction of sheep by dogs, in the manner hereafter provided.

Persons having sheep killed, how to proceed.

SEC. 3. That any person or persons, resident tax payers of the counties aforesaid, having sheep killed or injured by dogs, are hereby authorized to call upon two disinterested tax-payers of the county, who shall return under oath, to the auditor of the county, the number and value of the sheep so killed or injured, upon which the auditor is hereby authorized and directed to draw an order in favor of such owner or owners on the county treasurer, for one-half the appraised value of such sheep, which shall be paid out of the funds aforesaid; provided, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to persons having sheep killed or injured by dogs that are known, and whose owner or owners are responsible, or can be made so under the provisions of an act entitled "an act to prevent injury done by dogs," passed December 24, 1814, and which took effect May 1st, 1815.

Dogs not listed may be killed.

SEC. 4. That every dog not returned as provided for in the first section of this act, shall be deemed to have no owner, and may be lawfully killed by any person whenever found.

SEC. 5. That it shall be lawful to kill any dog or dogs found away from the owner's premises, unless in company with the owner, or some other person who claims the control of such dog.

SEC. 6. That the township assessors in the county of Crawford shall annually, at the same time they take the list of property for taxation, list the number of dogs six months old and upwards, owned or kept at each house, and charge the same to each householder, or the person owning or claiming the same, or at whose house such dog or dogs may be found or kept, and return the list of such owners and the number of dogs by him or her kept, as aforesaid, to the county auditor, at the same

time that such assessor returns the list of property for taxation. And said county auditor shall charge each individual so returned on the duplicate the sum of twenty-five cents for the first dog by him or her owned or kept, and the further sum of fifty cents for each additional dog by him or her owned or kept; and such tax shall be collected in the same manner that other taxes are now collected; and all the money arising from the tax of dogs shall be appropriated to the common school fund of said county. The word dog shall be construed to include both sexes.

SEC. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 15, 1850.

AN ACT

To repeal the act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled an act creating the office of county surveyor and defining his duties."

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the act entitled "an act to amend an act entitled an act creating the office of county surveyor, and defining his duties," passed February 8th, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. This act to take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "an act for the maintenance and support of illegitimate children."

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That whenever bond shall be given by any person charged with being the father of an illegitimate child, under the provisions of the act to which this is an amendment, the

condition of said bond shall be that said bastard child shall not become a township charge upon any township in this State.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

To change the name of County Poor Houses.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the name of all institutions known and designated by the title of "county poor houses," erected in the several counties of this State under the provisions of the act passed March 16, 1831, entitled "an act for the relief of the poor," and the act passed March 8th, 1831, entitled "an act for the establishment of poor houses," be, and the same is hereby changed to "county infirmaries."

SEC. 2. All laws and parts of laws, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend an act entitled "an act for the relief of the poor," passed March 14, 1831.

Complaint to trustees, and their duty in counties having poor house.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That upon complaint being made or information given to the trustees of a township in any county in this this State, having a county poor house, that any inhabitant of such township is in a suffering condition and requires public assistance or support, said trustees shall enquire into the condition and necessities of such person, and if satisfied that relief ought to be granted at the public expense, and shall also be of opinion that such person requires temporary or partial relief only, and that for any cause to be by said trustees stated, it would be inexpedient to remove such person to the county poor house, said trustees thereupon may make a certified statement of the facts

of such case, to be by them signed, setting forth the name, age, birth place, length of residence, previous habits and present condition of such person, and the reasons why it would be inexpedient to remove such person to the county poor house, which statement they shall forthwith cause to be delivered to the directors of said poor house.

Directors of poor houses to enquire into the condition of applicants for temporary or partial relief.

SEC. 2. Upon receiving said statements it shall be the duty of said directors to enquire into the truth of the same, and if upon full examination they shall find said statement to be true, and shall be further satisfied that it is inexpedient to remove such person to the poor house, and shall further find that the trustees of said township have not been chargeable with neglect in not warning said person to depart from their township, it is hereby made further the duty of said directors, without removal to the poor house, to furnish such person such temporary or partial relief as in their opinion may be necessary, and they shall charge the expense of the same in their account current, and shall draw an order therefor upon the county auditor, to be paid as in other cases.

Trustees may furnish temporary relief at the expense of the townships.

SEC. 3. If upon complaint made or information given to the trustees of a township, as in the first section of this act mentioned, that any inhabitant of such township is in a suffering condition and requires public assistance, and upon examination, as aforesaid, they shall find that such person needs temporary or partial relief only, such trustees may in their discretion afford such relief at the expense of their township, without removing such person to the county poor house, or certifying the facts of the case to the directors thereof, and it is hereby declared and made the duty of such trustees to provide for all paupers who may upon application be rejected by the directors of the poor house, whether such paupers may require permanent, temporary or partial relief, in the same manner and to the same extent as is now required by law of trustees of townships in which there is no county poor house; provided, that this act shall not extend to, nor be in force in the counties of Fairfield, Perry and Hocking, Clark or Coshocton.

Trustees to provide for persons rejected by directors of the poor house.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 8, 1850.

AN ACT

To authorize County Commissioners to extend the corporate limits of towns.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the county commissioners of the several counties in this State, be, and they are hereby authorized, upon

notice being given by residents of such town, by posting up notices in three public places within the corporate limits thereof thirty days previous to such application, to extend the corporate limits of any town that has been, or may be incorporated, and thereafter the territory so annexed to or included in the corporate limits of such town shall be subject to all laws, ordinances, and by-laws in force, or that may be enacted or passed for the regulation of any such town; Provided, that no such extension shall be made by the commissioners, except upon the application of a majority of the legal voters of any such town. The county commissioners of any county shall also have power to reduce the corporate limits of any town, whenever in their opinion the same should be so reduced, and they shall have power to make all orders and do all acts necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
March 9, 1850. *Speaker of the Senate.*

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled an act to authorize County Recorders to transcribe records in certain cases, passed January 30th, 1835, and for other purposes.

Recorders of counties to make out general index

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the recorders of the several counties be and they are hereby authorized and required to provide suitable books and continue and complete the general indexes provided for by the second section of the act entitled an act to authorize county recorders to transcribe records in certain cases, passed January 30th, 1835, to the present time, and for such services so rendered said recorders shall be compensated in the same way as in said section is provided.

Recorders of counties to keep a general index.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of said recorders hereafter to continue said indexes from this time onward, as the business of their respective offices shall require, without compensation further than the cost of the books used for that purpose.

Three separate books of records to be kept.

SEC. 3. That the recorders of the several counties in this State be and they are hereby authorized and required to provide at the expense of their respective counties and keep in their respective offices three separate sets of record books, in one of which sets, to be denominated record of deeds, they shall record all deeds, powers of attorney and other instruments of writing for the absolute and unconditional sale or conveyance of lands, tenements or hereditaments, in regular succession according to the priority of their presentation, and in another of said sets, to be denominated record of mortgages, &c., they

shall record all mortgages, powers of attorney and other instruments of writing by which lands, tenements or hereditaments shall or may be mortgaged, or otherwise conditionally sold, conveyed, affected or incumbered in law, in like regular succession according to the priority of their presentation, and in the other of said sets, to be denominated record of plats, they shall record all plats and maps of town lots and of the subdivisions thereof, and of other divisions or surveys of lands, in like regular succession according to the priority of their presentation, and such recorders shall properly index each of said books.

Records of plats to be kept.

SEC. 4. The recorders aforesaid and their respective sureties shall be liable on their official bonds for all damages sustained by any person or persons, by the neglect or refusal of such recorders to perform the duties or any of them required of such recorders by this or any other act, or by the neglect or refusal of such recorders accurately and truly to transcribe and record within the period required by law for the recording thereof, any deed, mortgage, power of attorney or other instrument of writing required to be recorded, which shall be delivered or tendered to them at their respective offices for the purpose of being recorded.

Liabilities of county recorders and their sureties

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To authorise County Commissioners to subscribe for newspapers.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the county commissioners of each county in this State, be, and they are hereby authorized and required to subscribe for one copy of the leading newspapers of each political party, printed and published in each county, and cause the same to be bound and filed in the auditor's office as public archives, for the gratuitous inspection of the citizens of such county.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 7, 1850.

AN ACT

Requiring annual settlements by County Officers.

Prosecuting attorney to report annually to county commissioners.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That it is hereby made the duty of the prosecuting attorney of each county in this State, to report to the county commissioners, annually, at their June session, a certified statement of the number of criminal prosecutions pursued to final conviction, and sentence, under his official care, in the court of common pleas, during the year next preceding the time of making such statement, naming the party or parties to each, and the amount of fine assessed by the court in each case; and also the number of recognizance forfeited during the same period, and the amount collected in each case.

Also clerk com. pleas.

SEC. 2. That the clerk of the court of common pleas in each county shall report to the county commissioners at their June session, annually, a certified statement of the amount of fines assessed by the court in criminal cases during the year next preceding the time of making such statement, and also the amount of fines collected during the same period, naming the party or parties to each case, together with a statement of the amount of funds paid by him, pursuant to law, into the county treasury, naming the source or sources from whence such funds were derived; and he is also hereby required to pay over to the county treasurer, pursuant to the third section of an act entitled "an act for the disposition of unclaimed costs," passed March 18, 1839, all unclaimed costs in his possession, and include in the statement required as above, a statement of the amount of such costs so by him paid into the county treasury.

Also sheriff.

SEC. 3. That the sheriff of each county shall report to the county commissioners at their June session, annually, a certified statement of all fines and costs in criminal prosecutions, collected by him during the year next preceding the time of making such statement, on execution or otherwise, and the amount of fines and costs so collected and paid over by him to the clerk of the court of common pleas, or to the county treasurer.

Also treasurer.

SEC. 4. That the treasurer of each county shall, at the time of making his annual settlement with the county commissioners, furnish a certified statement of all moneys received by him during the year next preceding the time of making such statement, designating the several sources and the amount from each.

Duty of county commissioners.

SEC. 5. The county commissioners are directed to examine and compare the several statements rendered as above, and take measures to rectify the same, should any errors or discrepancies be discovered; and after such examination, the county auditor shall record the several statements in a book kept specially for that purpose.

SEC. 6. That if any officer named in the first, third and fourth sections of this act, shall fail or neglect to perform any

of the duties required by this act at the time and in the manner specified, every officer so failing shall be liable to, and pay a fine of not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred dollars, which fine shall be collected by the county commissioners by a suit against the officer so failing or his sureties, before any justice of the peace within the county, in an action of debt in the name of the county, and upon the judgment rendered in the case, no stay of execution shall be allowed. Penalty for neglecting foregoing provisions.

SEC. 7. Should the clerk of the court of common pleas neglect to pay over to the county treasurer the moneys required by the second section of this act, and also all unclaimed costs in his possession as required by the third section of the act of March 18, 1839, he or his sureties shall be liable to, and shall pay a fine of not less than three nor more than five hundred dollars, which shall be collected by the county commissioners in an action of debt in the name of the county, against such clerk or his sureties, before the court of common pleas. Penalty as to clerk.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22nd, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to provide for the sale of lands belonging to the State, near the Mercer County Reservoir," passed February 24, 1848.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the Board of Public Works be, and they are hereby directed to cause an appraisement to be made of the lands belonging to the State, and lying between the water line as established by the survey, made in conformity with the act to which this is an amendment, and the margin of the reservoir, which land shall be appraised in parcels conformable to the line running north and south of the adjacent tracts heretofore sold or now owned by the State, extended to the margin of the water. Board of Public Works to appraise, &c.,

SEC. 2. That the appraisement so to be made shall not be by the acre, but in a total sum for each tract, and in reference to the probable fluctuation in the level of the water, and when made shall be deposited with the register of the State land office at Lima, and the land shall be subject to entry at the appraised value; Provided, that in all cases where the adjoining land on the back line of a tract has been sold by the State, the proprietor of such adjoining tract shall have the exclusive right for the period of one year, after the land is open for entry, to Appraisal—how made.

Who may purchase in certain cases.

enter the same; and where the adjoining land on the back line is owned by the State, such tract shall be added to the adjoining land and become part thereof.

Purchaser to have certificate and deed.

SEC. 3. That upon entry and payment of any tract so made subject to entry, the register aforesaid shall give to the purchaser a certificate describing the tract, the amount of the purchase money and that the same has been fully paid, upon the production and surrender of which the Governor is hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver to the purchaser, or his assignee, a deed in fee simple for the same.

Certain rights reserved by State.

SEC. 4. That the said entries and the several tracts of land so disposed of, shall forever remain liable to be appropriated by the State, in whole or in part, if at any time it shall be determined to raise the level of the water in said reservoir so as to overflow the said land or any part thereof; and in case of such appropriation or overflow, the State shall only be liable to pay the owner for such part of said land so taken or overflowed, as lies between the water line hereinbefore mentioned, run by Alexander G. Conover, in 1848, and the meandering line run by Justin Hamilton in 1846, and the State shall only be liable to pay for the land so taken and overflowed within said line at a rate per acre, in the proportion that the whole sum at which the land was entered bears to the number of acres lying between the said two lines.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To repeal so much of the act entitled "An act to fix and apportion the Representation of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio," passed February 18, 1848, as purports to divide the county of Hamilton for the election of Senators and Representatives.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That so much of the act entitled "an act to fix and apportion the representation to the General Assembly of the State of Ohio," dated February 18, 1848, as purports to divide the county of Hamilton into districts for the election of Senators and Representatives, be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided that nothing herein contained, shall be so construed as to impair any rights, privileges or franchises, supposed to be acquired under said provisions above repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

January 31, 1850.

AN ACT

To exempt certain Students from labor on the public roads.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That all students from other States, in actual attendance at college in Harrison county, who do not expect to make said county their residence, shall be exempt from the provisions of an act passed March 20th, 1837, prescribing the duties of supervisors and relating to roads and highways, so far as the same may require them to perform two days of work on the public roads.

SEC. 2. This act to take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 20, 1850.

AN ACT

To authorize copies of Entries and Surveys in the Virginia Military District to be made.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the county commissioners of any county in this State, be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to procure, whenever they deem proper, the necessary books, and to contract with any person or persons for transcribing and recording therein any and all of the entries and surveys of any and all tracts of land, in whole or in part, in said county, including accurate plats thereof. Book for recording of surveys.

SEC. 2. That said entries, surveys and plats, may be copied from the entries, surveys and plats, in the office of the Auditor of State, and when so made and transcribed, shall be carefully compared by said auditor, or some clerk in his office, who shall certify in said book, at the end of said record, that the entries, surveys and plats are truly taken, and copied from the books of entries, surveys and plats of land in the Virginia military district, in said office; which certificate shall be under the seal of office of the Auditor of State. Entries and surveys to be obtained from Auditor of State.

SEC. 3. That the said book or books, containing the entries, surveys and plats aforesaid, shall be deposited and remain in the office of the recorder of the proper county; and said records, and all copies thereof, certified by the recorder of the proper county, under his seal of office, to be true and correct Where books of surveys to be kept.

Record books to be evidence.

copies from said record books, shall be received in evidence in all courts and places in the same manner, and shall have the same force and effect that the original entries, surveys and plats, or copies thereof, would have: Provided that any person interested may impeach the correctness of said record, so deposited in the recorder's office, or copies therefrom, by competent proof.

Recorder to furnish copies.

SEC. 4. That the recorder of the proper county shall, on demand of any person, make and furnish copies of any entry, survey or plat from said record, duly certified; and he shall be entitled to demand and receive therefor, the sum of ten cents for every hundred words contained in the body of said copy, together with twenty-five cents for his certificate thereto, under seal, and twenty-five cents for each plat with said copy.

Virginia Military District.

SEC. 5. That any book of entries, surveys and plats of lands in the Virginia military district, heretofore made, shall, on demand of the recorder of any county, be compared and certified by the Auditor of State, or some clerk in his office, in the same manner as provided in the second section of this act; and copies certified from such book, or from any book of entries and surveys certified by W. Marshall Anderson, surveyor of the Virginia military district, or his successor in office, under his seal of office, by the recorder of the county in whose office the same may be, shall have the same force and effect as copies authorized to be certified under the preceding section of this act.

Book of copies of original plats, in the county of Union, to be evidence.

SEC. 6. That the book containing copies of the original plats and surveys of Virginia military land, in the county of Union, in the State of Ohio, which said book and copies were copied, prepared and arranged from the books and records in the office of the surveyor of the Virginia military land district at Chillicothe, in the State of Ohio, and were authenticated by the certificate of W. Marshall Anderson, surveyor of said district, under his hand and the seal of his said office, on the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1845, and which are now kept in the office of the auditor of said Union county, shall be hereafter received in all courts of record and elsewhere, as lawful and conclusive evidence in all suits, controversies, proceedings and acts whatsoever, touching the land, or any part thereof, to which said book, copies and plats, or any part thereof, may have relation.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts now in force in relation to the sale of lands forfeited to the State for the non-payment of Taxes," passed March 12, 1845.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That all moneys which now are, or may hereafter be in the treasury of any county in this State, under and by virtue of the provisions of the act entitled "an act to amend the several acts now in force in relation to the sale of lands forfeited to the State for the non-payment of taxes," passed March 12, 1845, and which are by law to be paid to the proper owner of the land so sold, shall be retained in the treasury, and paid over to such owner, on demand, at any time within six years from the day of such sale.

SEC. 2. So much of the third section of the above named act as conflicts with the provisions of this act, is hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 22d, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the several acts in relation to incorporated Religious Societies.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That whenever any property has been, or may be, conveyed in trust for the use of any religious society, church or association, whether incorporated or not, the property so conveyed shall be held by the trustee or trustees, so appointed, and their successors, appointed as provided in the instrument creating such trust, or in case no provision is made in such instrument, then by such successor or successors, as may be appointed by any competent court; but no person shall be elected or appointed by such society, church or association, to act as trustees, to the exclusion of any trustee or trustees, appointed as aforesaid.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

For the government of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum, and the care of Idiots and the Insane.

I. APPOINTING POWERS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

Directors—their number and appointment.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That there shall be a president, and six other directors of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum; they shall be appointed by joint resolution of the General Assembly, and shall serve six years, and until their successors are appointed. When a vacancy occurs during a recess of the General Assembly, it shall be filled by the governor. The person so appointed shall serve until an appointment is made by the General Assembly. The person appointed by the General Assembly shall serve out the residue of the term of the person holding the appointment when the vacancy occurred. The present directors shall serve out their respective terms.

—Their general powers.

SEC. 2. The directors shall appoint a superintendent, a senior and junior assistant physician, a steward, matron, and such other principal officers as they may deem necessary; they shall fix all salaries, except as may be otherwise provided by law; they shall prescribe rules, regulations and by-laws, for the government of the institution, and shall exercise such control over its government and management as they may think proper.

SEC. 3. The president of the board of directors shall have a general visitorial and advisory power in the affairs of the institution, and shall receive such compensation for his services as the board of directors may determine. One of the directors shall visit the institution monthly; a majority of them shall visit it together semi-annually; and the whole board shall make at least one such visit during the year. An annual meeting of the board shall be held on the third Tuesday of November.

—To keep an account of their proceedings.

SEC. 4. The directors shall keep a full account of their proceedings, in a book to be provided for that purpose. Such reports shall be made to them, by the officers of the institution, as they shall from time to time require. The superintendent and treasurer shall each make a full report to them, at their annual meeting. The directors, at that meeting, shall make a full report to the General Assembly. The annual report of the superintendent, and of the treasurer, shall accompany the report of the directors.

Reports of officers.

Directors may hold in trust.

SEC. 5. The directors may take and hold in trust any lands conveyed or devised, and any money or other personal effects, given or bequeathed, to be applied to any purpose connected with the institution.

—To be repaid their expenses.

SEC. 6. The directors shall be repaid any expenses actually incurred by them in the performance of the duties of their appointment. Such payment shall be made out of the State

treasury, upon the warrant of the Auditor of State, and, excepting the president, shall receive no other compensation.

Treasurer—his duties, liabilities, and salary.

SEC. 7. The Treasurer of State shall be the treasurer of the asylum, and shall collect all debts due thereto. For any misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance, he and his sureties shall be liable, as in other cases. He shall receive, for his services, an annual salary of one hundred dollars, to be paid out of the State treasury, upon the warrant of the Auditor of State.

The Superintendent—his general powers and duties.

SEC. 8. The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer of the institution, and shall have the care and control of every thing connected therewith. He shall employ such attendants, assistants, nurses, servants and other persons, as he may think proper, and may at pleasure discharge them. In all things, however, he shall be subject to the direction and control of the board of directors.

—To be a physician; not to practice, &c.

SEC. 9. The superintendent shall be a physician, and a person of acknowledged skill and ability in his profession. He shall not attend to any other business, nor engage in the practice of his profession, out of the institution. He shall not be subpœnaed in any criminal case, unless the court, or in vacation a judge thereof, shall make a special order that a subpœna issue; and, in such case, a memorandum of such order shall be endorsed upon the subpœna.

Officers, &c., exempt from serving on juries, &c.

SEC. 10. All persons employed in the asylum, while so employed, shall be exempt from serving on juries, from working on the highways, and, in time of peace, from serving in the militia; and the certificate of the superintendent, under his official seal, shall be sufficient evidence of such employment.

SEC. 11. The salaries of officers of the asylum fixed by law, shall be paid quarterly out of the State treasury, upon the warrant of the Auditor of State.

II. ADMISSION OF PAY PATIENTS, &c.

Proceedings for admission of Pay patients.

SEC. 12. Before any person shall be received into the institution as a pay patient, there shall be produced to the superintendent—

I. The treasurer's receipt for the payment of at least one month's charge in advance.

II. A sufficient obligation, conditioned as hereinafter required.

III. A certificate from some respectable physician, setting forth—

1. That the patient is free from any infectious disease, and from vermin.

2. The age of the patient, and a concise history of the case.

3. The duration of the disease, dating from the first symptoms.

4. The supposed exciting cause of the disease.

5. Whether the disease is hereditary.

6. Whether the patient has been subject to epilepsy.

7. Whether the patient has made any attempt to commit any violence upon himself, or others.

8. The medical treatment pursued in the case, and any other circumstances known to the physician, tending to throw further light upon the subject.

No other proceedings shall be necessary for the admission of pay patients.

The obligation above mentioned shall be substantially as follows:

Whereas ——, an insane person of ——, in the county of ——, has this day been admitted as a patient into the Ohio Lunatic Asylum: Now we, ————, of the county of ——, in the State of Ohio, do jointly and severally promise the superintendent of the said asylum, and his successor in office, that we will faithfully maintain said ——, and find —— in sufficient and suitable clothing, while —— may remain in the said asylum; that we will monthly, hereafter, pay in advance all charges of said asylum against said patient. We also agree to remove said patient from the asylum, when required; to defray reasonable charges in case of —— elopement, and to reimburse funeral expenses in case of —— death.

Witness our hands and seals, this —— day of ——, A. D. 18—.

[L. S.]
[L. S.]

Treasurer to refund unexpended money of Pay patients.

SEC. 13. If there shall be a balance in the treasury of the institution to the credit of a patient removed from the asylum, the treasurer shall pay it to the person authorized to receive the same.

How Pay patient may become State patient.

SEC. 14. If the clerk of the court of common pleas of the proper county shall transmit to the superintendent a certificate, under his official seal, setting forth that any patient in the asylum is in needy circumstances, within the meaning of this act, upon the receipt of such certificate by the superintendent, such person shall be a State patient.

III. ADMISSION OF STATE PATIENTS, &c.

Statement to be filed.

SEC. 15. For the admission of State patients, the following proceedings shall be had: Some citizen residing in the proper county, shall file with a justice of the peace of such county, a statement, in writing, which shall be substantially as follows:

State of Ohio, —— county, ss.

The undersigned, a citizen of the State of Ohio, residing in the said county, hereby states as follows: —— [naming the person] is insane. His insanity is of less than two years' duration, [or, his being at large is dangerous to the safety of the

community]; he is in needy circumstances, and has a legal settlement in —— township, in this county, and an inhabitant of the State of Ohio. These facts can be proved by ——, and ——, [naming at least two persons, one of whom shall be a respectable physician.] Dated this —— day of ——, A. D. ——.

A. B.

Subpœna to issue.

2. The justice shall thereupon issue subpœnas for the persons named as witnesses, and such other persons as he may think proper, commanding them to appear before him at a specified time, to testify concerning the facts set forth in said statement. Subpœnas may also be issued for witnesses in behalf of the person alleged to be insane.

Justice to visit insane persons—inquest.

3. Before the time specified for the appearance of the witnesses, the justice, with some other justice of the vicinity and of the same county, shall visit the person alleged to be insane.

4. At the time appointed, (unless the investigation shall be adjourned over to some other time,) the said justices shall proceed to examine the witnesses in attendance. At least one of the witnesses examined shall be a respectable physician.

Certificate of justices—of physicians, and bill of costs.

Sec. 16. If, after such visit and inquest, the justices shall be satisfied of the truth of the facts set forth in the statement, they shall require the medical witness forthwith to make out a certificate, such as is required for pay patients by the twelfth section of this act; they shall likewise, themselves, forthwith make out a bill of the costs of this inquest, as fixed by this act, and also a certificate, which shall be substantially as follows:

The State of Ohio, —— county, ss.

The undersigned, justices of the peace in and for the county aforesaid, hereby certify that we have visited ——, of said county, a person alleged to be insane, and have this day held an inquest in regard to him, according to law. We are satisfied that he is insane; that he has a legal settlement in —— township, in this county, and is a citizen of the State of Ohio; that he is a fit subject to be sent to the Ohio Lunatic Asylum, to undergo treatment therein; that he is in needy circumstances, within the meaning of the act relating to idiots and lunatics, and that his disease is of less than two years' duration; [if the disease has continued longer than two years, omit the words "less than two years' duration," and insert the following in their place: more than two years' duration; but we are well satisfied that his being at large would be dangerous to the safety of the community.]

Witness our hands, this —— day of ——, A. D. ——.

A. B.
C. D.

Certificate of justices—not full.

Sec. 17. If, after such visit and inquest, the justices shall not be satisfied of the existence of either of the facts necessary

to be certified, to entitle the person alleged to be insane to admission into the asylum, they shall make out a certificate in the same form with that required by the preceding section of this act; setting forth the necessary facts of which they are satisfied, and the necessary fact or facts which are not established to their satisfaction. The medical witness shall also make out a certificate, as above required.

Papers to be transmitted to Clerk, and filed.

SEC. 18. Immediately after the inquest, the justices shall transmit to the clerk of the court of common pleas of such county, the said statement, in writing, the bill of costs, their certificate, and that of the medical witness. The clerk shall label, file, and carefully preserve the same.

Docket entry of inquest to be made.

SEC. 19. The justice with whom the statement is filed, shall make a docket entry of the proceedings.

Proceedings and forms for the commitment of the lunatic to the Asylum.

SEC. 20. The clerk of the court of common pleas, upon receiving the certificate of the two justices and of the medical witness, made out according to the sixteenth section of this act, shall forthwith apply to the superintendent for the admission of such person into the asylum. He shall at the same time transmit copies, under his official seal, of said certificates. Upon receiving the application, and said certificates, the superintendent shall immediately advise the clerk whether the patient can be received, and if so, at what time. The clerk shall thereupon, in due season for the conveyance of such person to the asylum by the time appointed, issue his warrant to the sheriff, or any other suitable person, commanding him forthwith to arrest such insane person and convey him to the Ohio Lunatic Asylum. If the clerk be satisfied of its necessity, he may authorize one or more assistants to be employed. Said warrant shall be substantially as follows:

The State of Ohio, —— county, ss.

Office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas.

To ———:

Whereas all the proceedings necessary to entitle —— to be admitted into the Ohio Lunatic Asylum, as a State patient, have been had according to law, you are hereby commanded forthwith to arrest said person and convey him to said asylum; (and you are hereby authorized to take to your aid —— assistants, if deemed necessary by you.) After executing this warrant, you shall make due return thereof to this office. Witness my hand and seal of office, this —— day of ——, A. D. ——.

———, Clerk.

Upon receiving said patient, the superintendent shall endorse upon said warrant a receipt, substantially as follows:

Ohio Lunatic Asylum,

—— A. D. ——.

Received this day of ——, the patient named in the within warrant, ———, Superintendent.

This warrant, with the receipt thereon, shall be returned to the clerk who issued the same, and shall be filed by him with the other papers relating to the case: Provided that in all cases, the relatives of the insane person shall have a right, if they choose, to convey him to the asylum. In such case, the warrant shall be directed to one of them; and the person to whom it is directed, and his assistants, shall, if demanded, receive the same compensation allowed for the like services in other cases: Provided, also, that if the medical witness shall not state, in his certificate, that the patient is free from any infectious disease and from vermin, it shall not be the duty of the clerk to apply to the superintendent, as hereinbefore provided.

Same subject.

SEC. 21. When the two justices shall certify every thing necessary to entitle the person alledged to be insane, to admission into the asylum, except that he is in needy circumstances, within the meaning of this act, further proof may be made upon that subject before the clerk, and if the clerk shall become satisfied that such person is in needy circumstances, within the meaning of this act, he shall make out a certificate to that effect under his official seal, and forward it to the superintendent, with copies of the certificate of the justices and of the medical witness; and thereupon the same proceedings shall be had in all respects as if this fact had been originally certified by the two justices; Provided, that if at any time before the patient is sent to the asylum, a sufficient bond be executed to the State of Ohio, to be approved by the clerk, for the safe keeping and support of the patient, he shall be delivered to his friends; and all proceeding in the case shall thereupon cease. If, however, the condition of the bond be broken, the clerk may thereupon issue his warrant for the conveyance of the patient to the asylum, as if the bond had not been executed.

What clothing to be sent with State patientto the asylum.

SEC. 22. When a State patient is sent to the asylum, it shall be the duty of the clerk to see that the patient is supplied with the proper clothing; and, if not otherwise furnished, the clerk shall purchase it, and in such case the same shall be paid for, upon the certificate of the clerk and the order of the county auditor, out of the county treasury.

For a male patient, such clothing shall be as follows:—A coat, vest, and two pair of pantaloons, all of woolen cloth; two pairs of woolen socks, two pocket handkerchiefs, a black stock or handkerchief for the neck, a good hat of fur or silk, (or comfortable cap,) a pair of shoes or boots, and at least two cotton shirts, and such outside garment as will sufficiently protect him in severe weather.

For a female patient, such clothing shall be as follows:—Two substantial gowns or dresses, two flannel petticoats, two pairs of woolen stockings, one pair of shoes, two handkerchiefs, a decent bonnet, at least two cotton chemises, and a large comfortable shawl or cloak.

In both cases, the articles of clothing shall be new, or as

good as new, and the woolens of a dark color. Such clothing shall be delivered in good order, with the patient, to the superintendent; and, without such clothing, the superintendent shall not be bound to receive the patient.

Penalty for neglect of duty by clerk or sheriff.

SEC. 23. If the clerk shall neglect to issue and deliver to the proper person a warrant for the conveyance of the patient to the asylum, as hereinbefore required, or if the person to whom the warrant is directed shall not, within fifteen days after the receipt thereof, deliver the patient at the asylum, the clerk or person so offending, shall forfeit the sum of fifty dollars, to be recovered with costs, in an action of debt, in the name of the superintindent, for the use of such patient. And if any insane person shall be conveyed to the asylum before the superintendent shall have given notice that he can be received as hereinbefore provided, no fees or compensation whatever shall be paid to those by whom he was so conveyed.

Penalty for conveying patient with criminals, &c.

SEC. 24. If any person conveying a patient to the asylum, under the provisions of this act, shall convey such patient in company with criminals going to the penitentiary, or shall suffer such patient to drink ardent spirits, the person so conveying him and his assistants, shall forfeit all claim to the compensation allowed them by this act.

How State patients may become pay patients.

SEC. 25. If the clerk of the court of common pleas shall transmit to the superintendent a certificate, under his official seal, setting forth that any state patient in the asylum from his county is no longer in needy circumstances, within the meaning of this act, after the receipt of this certificate, the patient shall be a pay-patient; and in such cases charges shall be made out and paid, and a bond shall be required, as in other cases of pay-patients.

How lunatic to be provided for until sent to the asylum.

SEC. 26. If, according to the result of the inquest, by two justices, the patient shall be entitled to admission into the asylum, the clerk shall direct how he shall be taken care of until he can be admitted, and if necessary, may direct his confinement in the county poor house or county jail, as he may deem best; and if all things needful be not otherwise supplied, he shall furnish them; and, in such case, the same shall be paid for out of the county treasury, on the certificate of the clerk and the order of the county auditor.

Idiots and lunatics not to be confined with criminals.

SEC. 27. No idiot or lunatic, sent to the county jail, shall, if it can be avoided, be confined in the same room with a person charged with or convicted of crime.

Dangerous idiots and lunatics to be confined, &c.

SEC. 28. When an idiot or a lunatic not entitled to admission into the asylum as a state patient, shall be at large, and this being so at large, shall be attended with danger to himself or others; upon such fact being established by the certificate of two justices of the peace of the county, or the affidavit of some respectable citizen of the county, filed with the clerk of the court of common pleas; the clerk shall thereupon order such idiot or lunatic to be confined and provided for as directed

by the twenty-sixth section of this act, and all costs and charges shall be paid as directed in said section; Provided, that if such idiot or lunatic, be not in needy circumstances within the meaning of this act, such costs and charges shall be repaid out of his estate, and may be recovered by suit in the name of the county commissioners upon the common counts; and in such case no evidence shall be necessary but the certificate of the clerk under his official seal, setting forth the particulars and amount of such charges and that the same have been paid out of the county treasury.

How such idiots and lunatics to be discharged.

SEC. 29. When any person shall be confined as aforesaid, under the order of the clerk, and the attending physician shall certify that he is restored to reason, or that it is no longer necessary to confine him, or if a sufficient bond shall be executed to the State of Ohio, to be approved by the clerk conditioned for his safe keeping and support, the clerk shall thereupon order him to be discharged, or to be delivered to his friends as the case may be, and where an idiot or lunatic shall be so confined, he shall not be discharged or removed, except upon the order or warrant of the clerk, as hereinbefore mentioned; Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to deprive the person so confined, of the benefit of the writ of habeas corpus.

The discharge of State patients.

SEC. 30. Any patient may be discharged from the asylum, upon the application of the superintendent to one of the directors, and such director's order thereupon. Incurable and harmless patients shall be discharged whenever such discharge is necessary to make room for a recent case from the same county.

Same subject.

SEC. 31. Whenever an order shall be made out for the removal of a State patient from the asylum, the superintendent shall immediately give notice thereof, under his official seal, to the clerk of the court of common pleas of the county from which such patient was sent, and thereupon such clerk shall forthwith issue his warrant to the sheriff of said county, which warrant shall be substantially, as follows:

The State of Ohio, —— county, ss:

Clerk's office of the Court of Common Pleas.

Whereas, the proper authority has directed that ——, a patient in the Ohio Lunatic Asylum, from this county, be removed from said asylum; you are therefore hereby commanded forthwith to remove said patient, and return him to —— township, in this county, where he had a legal settlement when he was taken to said asylum.

Witness my hand and seal of office, this —— day of ——, A. D. ——

Immediately upon receiving such warrant, it shall be the duty of the sheriff, by himself or deputy, forthwith to execute the same and return it to the clerk by whom it was issued; and if any clerk upon receiving such notice, shall refuse or neglect for

the space of five days to issue and place such warrant in the hands of the sheriff, or if such sheriff shall refuse to receive the same, or shall neglect for the space of twenty days after receiving the warrant, to demand such patient of the superintendent, the patient shall be charged from the date of the notice to the clerk until his removal, at the same rates as pay patients, and the amount of such charges may be recovered in an action of assumpsit upon the common counts, with costs of suit in the name of the superintendent, against the clerk or sheriff so offending.

Money and clothing to be furnished State patients discharged.

SEC. 32. When a State patient is discharged as cured, the superintendent may furnish him with suitable clothing, and a sum of money not exceeding twenty dollars if he deems it necessary.

Idiots not to be admitted into the asylum.

SEC. 33. No idiot shall be admitted into the asylum, and every such patient therein shall be discharged, and no lunatic under the age of seven years shall be admitted.

When asylum full, what applications preferred

SEC. 34. If application shall be made for the admission of more patients than the institution can receive, a selection shall be made as follows:

1st. Recent cases, (i. e.) where the disease is of less than one year's duration, shall have the preference over all others in the same county.

2d. Chronic cases, (i. e.) where the disease is of more than one year's duration, presenting the most favorable prospect of recovery, shall be next preferred.

3d. Those for whom applications have been longest on file, other things being equal, shall be next preferred.

4th. No county shall have in the institution more than its just proportion according to its population.

5th. No distinction shall be made between pay patients and State patients.

Pauper idiots and lunatics not in asylum, how provided for.

SEC. 35. Pauper idiots and lunatics, not within the provisions of this act, and those discharged from the asylum, shall be provided for in the same manner as other poor.

Discharged patients becoming insane, how recommitted.

SEC. 36. When any State patient discharged from the asylum as cured, shall again become insane, any respectable physician may file with the clerk of the court of common pleas, a certificate, setting forth the recurrence of the disease; and such facts and suggestions relating thereto, as he may deem material; upon receiving such certificate, the clerk shall immediately transmit a copy thereof, authenticated by his official seal to the superintendent, and thereupon the same proceedings shall be had in all respects as when the certificate of the justice holding the inquest was transmitted.

Habeas corpus may issue at any time.

SEC. 37. When any person shall be confined as insane, a writ of habeas corpus may be issued as in other cases, for his discharge, and the question of insanity shall be decided at the hearing; Provided, that if the judge shall decide that the person is insane, the decision shall be no bar to the issuing of another writ, whenever it shall be alledged that such person has since been restored to reason.

IV. OF GUARDIANS OF IDIOTS AND LUNATICS.

Appointment of guardian.

SEC. 38. The court of common pleas at any general or special term, and upon satisfactory proof that any person resident of the county, or having a settlement in any township thereof, is an idiot, or lunatic, may appoint a guardian for such idiot or lunatic.

Guardian of children of lunatics, &c.

SEC. 39. Such guardian shall, by virtue of such appointment, be the guardian of the minor children of his ward, unless the court appoint some other person as their guardian.

General powers, duties, &c.

SEC. 40. All laws relating to guardians for minors and their wards, and all laws pointing out the duties, rights and liabilities of such guardians and their sureties, in force for the time being, shall be applicable to guardians for idiots and lunatics and their children, so far as the same are in conformity with the provisions of this act.

Suits by guardian.

SEC. 41. Such guardian may sue in his own name, describing himself as guardian of the ward for whom he sues, and when his guardianship shall cease by his death, removal or otherwise, or by the decease of his ward, any suit, action or proceeding then pending, shall not abate, but his successor, as guardian, or such idiot or lunatic, if he be restored to his reason, or the executor or administrator of such idiot or lunatic, as the case may require, shall be made party to the suit, or other proceeding, in like manner as is or may be provided by law for making an executor or administrator party to a suit or proceeding of a like kind, where the plantiff dies during its pendency.

Sale of real estate of ward

SEC. 42. Whenever the sale of the real estate of such ward is necessary for his support, or the support of his family, or the payment of his debts, or such sale will be for the interest of the estate of such idiot or lunatic, or his children, the gaurdian may sell the same under like proceedings as is or may be required by law to authorize the sale of real estate by the guardian of a minor.

Real contracts of foreign and domestic ward, and of guardian

SEC. 43. The guardian of an idiot or lunatic, whether appointed by a court in this State or elsewhere, may complete the real contracts of his ward, or any authorized contract of a guardian who has died or been removed, in like manner, and by like proceeding as the real contracts of a decedent may, under an order of court, by specifically performed by his executor or administrator.

Payments, &c., when estate of ward insolvent.

SEC. 44. If the estate of the idiot or lunatic is insolvent, or will probably be insolvent, the same shall be settled by the guardian in like manner, and like proceedings may be had, as is or may be required by law for the settlement of the insolvent estate of a deceased person.

Powers, &c., of foreign guardian.

SEC. 45. The foreign guardian of a foreign idiot or lunatic, appointed in any other State of the United States or the Ter-

ritories thereof, may possess, manage or dispose of the real and personal estate of his ward, situate in this State, in like manner, and with like authority as guardians of idiots or lunatics appointed by the courts of this State, after complying with the following requisitions:

1. An authenticated copy of the foreign commission of idiocy or lunacy proved, allowed and recorded in the county where such estate is situate, in like manner as is or may be provided by law for the admission to record of an authenticated copy of a will made in any other of the United States.

2. Evidence satisfactory to the court here, before whom such foreign commission is approved, that such idiocy or lunacy, still continues.

3. The foregoing guardian shall file his bond with sureties residing in this State or elsewhere, to the acceptance of the court, conditioned for the faithful administration of his guardianship.

When guardianship to cease, and settlement.

SEC. 46. Whenever the court of common pleas, at any regular or special term thereof, shall be satisfied that a lunatic is restored to reason, or that letters of guardianship have been improperly issued under this act, they shall make an entry upon their journal that said guardianship terminate; and the guardianship shall thereupon cease, and the accounts of the guardian shall be settled by the court.

V. IDIOTS AND LUNATICS IN JAIL, OR UNDER SENTENCE AS CRIMINALS, &C.

How discharged before indictment found, if insane when offence committed.

SEC. 47. If any person in prison, charged with a crime or misdemeanor, whether in needy circumstances or not, shall, at any time before indictment is found against him, at the request of any citizen be brought before an examining court in the manner provided by the act entitled "an act directing the mode of trial in criminal cases," passed March 7th, 1831; (Collated Stat. 724;) and if it shall be found by the court that such person was an idiot or was insane when he committed the offence, the said court, at their discretion, and the clerk thereof, shall proceed, and the prisoner shall be dealt with in like manner as other idiots and lunatics are required to be, after inquest held by two justices.

How discharged, &c., if become insane afterwards.

SEC. 48. If any person in prison, shall, after the commission of an offence and before conviction, become insane, whether he be in needy circumstances or not, and whether indicted or not, an examining court may be called in the manner provided in the act entitled "an act directing the mode of trial in crimnal cases," passed March 7th, 1831; (Collated Stat. 724;) and if such court shall find that such person became insane after the commission of the crime or misdemeanor of which he stands charged or indicted, and is still insane, the said court and the clerk thereof, shall proceed, and the prisoner shall for the time being, and until restored to reason, be dealt with in like manner

as other lunatics are required to be, after inquest had by two justices; Provided, however, that if such lunatic be discharged, the bond given for his support and safe keeping, shall also be conditioned, that said lunatic, shall, when restored to reason, answer to said crime or misdemeanor, and abide the order of the court in the premises; and any such lunatic may, when restored to reason, be prosecuted for any offence committed by him previous to such insanity.

Same subject.

SEC. 49. If the lunatic mentioned in the preceding section, shall be confined in the asylum or poor house, the superintendent in whose charge he may be, shall, as soon as such lunatic is restored to his reason, give notice thereof to the prosecuting attorney of the proper county, and retain such lunatic in custody for such reasonable time thereafter as may be necessary for said attorney to cause a capias to issue and to be served, and no longer; and such capias may be issued upon precipe, filed by said attorney with the clerk of the court of common pleas, by virtue whereof, the said person so restored to reason, shall be again returned to the jail of the proper county, to answer to the offence alleged against him.

How disposed of, &c., if acquitted as insane.

SEC. 50. When a person tried upon indictment for any crime or misdemeanor, shall be acquitted on the sole ground that he was insane, the fact shall be found by the jury in their verdict, and the prisoner shall be dealt with as provided in the two following sections.

Same subject.

SEC. 51. If the prisoner is not in needy circumstances, and the court are satisfied from the nature of the offence or otherwise, that it would be unsafe to permit the prisoner to go at large, such prisoner shall be dealt with in the manner provided in the twenty-eighth section of this act.

Same subject.

SEC. 52. If the prisoner is in needy circumstances, the court and the clerk of the court shall proceed, and the prisoner shall be dealt with in like manner as other insane persons are required to be, after inquest had by the justices.

How disposed of, &c., if become insane after conviction.

SEC. 53. If any person after being convicted of any crime or misdemeanor, and before the execution in whole or in part, of the sentence of the court, become insane, it shall be the duty of the Governor of the State, to inquire into the facts, and he may pardon such lunatic, or commute or suspend for the time being, the execution, in such manner and for such period as he may think proper, and may, by his warrant to the sheriff of the proper county, or Warden of the Ohio Penitentiary, order such lunatic to be conveyed to the asylum, and there kept until restored to his reason. If the sentence of any such lunatic is suspended by the Governor, the sentence of the court shall be executed upon him after such period of suspension hath expired, unless otherwise directed by the Governor.

How debtors, &c. in prison who are insane, &c., disposed of.

SEC. 54. When any other persons than those described in the seven preceding sections, shall be confined in jail, and shall be insane, they may be proceeded against by two justices, and

sent to the asylum, poor house, or jail, or discharged, upon bond being given for their safe keeping and support, or otherwise, as in other cases.

VI. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

How patient who escapes may be retaken, &c.

SEC. 55. Should an insane person elope from the asylum, and return to the county from whence he was committed, it shall be the duty of the sheriff of said county, upon being notified by the superintendent, forthwith to apprehend him and take him back to the asylum, and the sheriff shall be paid by the steward of the asylum, by order of the superintendent, the same fees as is provided in other cases for the commitment of insane persons to the asylum. And before discharging any patient, the superintendent of the asylum may, in his discretion, require a bond to be executed to the State of Ohio, in such sum and with such sureties as he may deem proper, for the safe keeping of such patient; and no patient who has committed homicide, shall be discharged without the consent of the superintendent, and the written dismission of a majority of the board of directors. And no person who may be under charge for homicide, or for any crime or misdemeanor punishable by confinement in the Penitentiary, shall be admitted into the said asylum, without an inquisition of lunacy as above prescribed, previously had.

Suits by asylum.

SEC. 56. For all debts due the lunatic asylum, an action may be maintained in the name of "The Superintendent of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum," and if the action is not founded upon a sealed instrument, it may be in assumpsit, and the declaration, if any is necessary, in the common counts; and in any action upon any bond given for the support or expenses of a pay patient, or in any other action for the support or expenses of a patient, or for the expenses of his removal from the institution, the account thereof, officially certified by the superintendent or treasurer, shall be prima facie evidence of the indebtedness, and interest shall be chargeable from the time the indebtedness accrued.

Prosecuting attorney to attend to suits and his fees.

SEC. 57. Prosecuting attorneys shall attend to all suits instituted in behalf of the asylum, and shall be entitled to a compensation of five per cent. on all sums collected for the asylum.

Seal and authentication of papers by superintendent.

SEC. 58. The superintendent may provide an official seal for the asylum, upon which shall be the words "Ohio Lunatic Asylum;" the impression of said seal to a certificate or account to which the signature of the superintendent is annexed, shall be prima facie evidence that such signature is the proper hand writing of the superintendent.

Clerk of court to be removed for non-feasance.

SEC. 59. If any clerk shall neglect to perform any duties enjoined upon him by this act, he shall be removed from office in the same manner as for neglect of any duty.

Allowance for pauper idiots or lunatics by county commission'rs.

SEC. 60. The board of county commissioners may allow any sum not exceeding fifty dollars per year, to be paid out of the county treasury, for the support of any idiot or lunatic having a legal settlement in any township of the county, and who is not supported by the county, in the jail or poor house.

Costs, and how paid.

SEC. 61. The taxable costs and expenses, to be paid under the provisions of this act, shall be as follows:

To the justice with whom the statement is filed, one dollar and fifty cents.

To the other justice, one dollar.

To the medical witness, who shall make out a certificate as required by the sixteenth section of this act, three dollars.

To the other witnesses and constable, the same fees as are allowed by law for the like services in other cases.

To the clerk of the court of common pleas, in the case of each lunatic found by the inquest to be entitled to admission into the asylum, or sent to the asylum upon the clerk's certificate, two dollars; and the amount of postage upon all communications to and from the superintendent, which said clerk is hereby required to pay. In the case of other lunatics and of idiots, wherein he shall act, one dollar each.

To each person employed by the clerk to commit a lunatic or idiot to the poor house or jail, seventy-five cents per day.

To the superintendent of the poor house, or jailor, for keeping any idiot or lunatic, thirty-seven and one half cents per day.

To the sheriff, for taking a patient to the asylum or removing one therefrom, upon the warrant of the clerk, mileage, going and returning, at the rate of ten cents per mile, and seventy-five cents per day for the support of each patient, on his way to or from the asylum.

To each assistant allowed by the clerk, and accompanying the sheriff, mileage, at the rate of eight cents per mile, for going and returning. The computation in both instances to be made from the county seat to the asylum by the nearest route usually traveled.

If there be no physician employed, for a stated time, to attend the jail or poor house, the clerk may employ a physician to attend any idiot or lunatic confined therein, and the physician so employed shall receive a compensation not exceeding the rate of two dollars per day; provided that the county commissioners may, if they deem it proper, increase or diminish the same.

The costs specified in this section shall be paid out of the county treasury, upon the certificate of the clerk and the order of the county auditor.

Meaning of certain words used in this act.

SEC. 62. The terms insane and lunatic, as used in this act, include every species of insanity or mental derangement.

The term idiot is restricted to a person foolish from birth—one supposed to be naturally without a mind.

A person with a family is one who has a wife and child, or either.

The words "needy circumstances," when applied to a person without a family, shall mean one whose estate, after payment of his debts and excluding from the estimate such part of his estate as is exempt from execution, is worth less in cash than five hundred dollars; and the same words when applied to a person having a family, shall mean one whose estate, estimated as aforesaid, is worth less in cash, after payment of his debts and the support of his family for one year, than one thousand dollars: Provided that, when the said words are applied to a married woman, her estate, and that of her husband, shall be estimated as aforesaid, and the amount shall determine the question as aforesaid, whether she be in needy circumstances or not, within the meaning of this act.

State patients are those supported in the asylum at the expense of the State; pay patients are those supported in the asylum by their friends, or from the proceeds of their own property.

Every word in this act importing the masculine gender, shall extend and be applied to females, as well as males; and any word importing the singular number only, or the plural number only, may be applied to one person or thing, as well as to several persons or things.

Acts repealed.

SEC. 63. The act entitled "an act to provide for the safe keeping of idiots, lunatics, or insane persons, the management of their affairs and for other purposes," passed March 9th, 1838, except the seventeenth section thereof, which relates to guardians of deaf and dumb persons, (Collated Stat. p. 567); the act entitled "an act to provide for the government of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum," passed March 13th, 1838, (Collated Stat. p. 579); the act to amend the two preceding entitled acts, passed February 18th, 1840, (Collated Stat. p. 580); the act entitled "an act to amend the act for the government of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum," passed March 13th, 1843, (41 vol. Stat. p. 72); the act to amend the above entitled act of March 9th, 1838, passed March 12th, 1845, (43 vol. Stat. 74); the act entitled "an act in relation to homicidal insanity," passed March 6th, 1844, (42 vol. Stat. 36); the act to amend the above entitled act of March 9th, 1838, passed March 7th, 1842, (40 vol. Stat. 65,) be and the same are hereby repealed, except such parts of said acts as relate to the salaries and fees of the superintendent and other officers of the asylum: Provided that the repeal of said acts, or the acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall not affect any act done, or any right, liability or estate, accruing or accrued, or any suit, matter, or proceeding had, commenced or pending; but the same shall be proceeded in, and judicial procedure and remedies in the premises in like manner had, as if this act had not been passed, and all guardians appointed under said acts shall settle the estate of their wards under the same; and, provided also, that in no case shall the superintendent receive a greater salary than is now paid to him.

SEC. 64. No person shall be considered an inhabitant, within the meaning of this act, who has not resided within this State one year next preceding the date of his or her application; and no person shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions of this act, as a State patient, except persons whose insanity or lunacy has occurred during the time such person may have resided in the State.

SEC. 65. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of July next.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act fixing the rate of interest, passed January 12, 1824, and all the other laws on that subject.

Fixing rates of interest at ten per cent.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the parties to any bond, bill, promissory note or other instrument of writing for the payment or forbearance of money, may stipulate therein for interest receivable upon the amount of such bond, bill, note, or other instrument, at any rate not exceeding ten per centum yearly; provided, however, that no incorporated banking institution of this State shall be entitled to receive more than the rate of interest specified in its charter; or if no rate be specified, more than six per cent. yearly upon any loan or discount whatsoever.

Rates of interest on certain judgments.

SEC. 2. That upon all judgments or decrees rendered upon any bond, bill, promissory note or other instrument aforesaid, interest shall be computed till payment, at the rate specified in such bond, bill, note, or other instrument, not exceeding ten per centum as aforesaid, or in case no rate of interest be specified, at six per centum yearly.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect on the first day of May next.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 14, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the State Bank of Ohio, and other banking companies," passed February 24, 1845.

Privileges of certain banks.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the sixty-ninth section of the act entitled an act to incorporate the State Bank of Ohio and other banking companies, passed February 24th, 1845, be, and the same is hereby revived, and shall continue in force, so far as relates to the Clinton Bank of Columbus, for three years from the passage of this act, any thing in the act to which this is an amendment, or in any act amendatory thereto, to the contrary notwithstanding; provided that the rights hereby conferred shall only extend to secure to said Clinton Bank of Columbus all the privileges provided by said act for independent banking companies; provided, further, that upon the acceptance of the provisions of this act by the Clinton Bank of Columbus, the capital stock of said bank shall be entered upon the duplicate of Franklin county for taxation, for all purposes, and the said bank shall thereafter be taxed for State, canal, school, county, township, city and other purposes, upon its capital stock, in lieu of the tax upon its profits, as provided by the act to which this is amendatory; and provided further, that said bank shall be subject to any general law which may hereafter be passed altering or changing the mode of taxing bank capital.

Mode of taxing certain banks.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 8, 1850.

AN ACT

To provide for taxing Banks and Banking Companies.

Banks to make out statements of amount of stock.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the cashier or president of every banking institution in the State, whose charter does not prescribe any particular mode of taxation for the same, and every banking institution hereafter established in the State, shall annually, within ten days after the fifteenth day of November, make out, under oath, and transmit by mail, or otherwise, to the Auditor of State, a statement showing the amount of the capital stock of said bank actually paid in and existing, undiminished by losses, and the amount of surplus or contingent fund then on hand, deducting, however, from such surplus or contingent fund,

the amount of money paid for real estate belonging to said bank, and upon which it pays taxes in any other manner than that which is hereinafter provided.

Auditor of State to assess taxes, &c.

SEC. 2. The Auditor of State shall, annually, as soon as he receives such statement, ascertain the total per centum of taxation assessed for all purposes, on money at interest, at the place where such bank is located, and shall, immediately thereafter, assess upon such capital stock and contingent fund, a per centum of tax equal to that so ascertained.

Taxes to be paid

SEC. 3. That so soon as the amount of such tax is ascertained, the said auditor shall inform such bank thereof, and said bank shall pay the same to the Treasurer of State, upon the order of the auditor, and shall have a lien upon the stock of each of its stockholders for the reimbursement of his or her share of the tax so paid.

Banks to consent.

SEC. 4. That if any existing bank, the charter of which does prescribe any particular mode of taxation for the same, shall, by a vote of the stockholders owning a majority of its stock, consent to the provisions of this act, and file the evidence of such consent with the Auditor of State, such bank shall thereafter, for the purpose of taxation, be subject to the provisions of this act, and shall be exempt from the payment of any other tax imposed by its charter.

Punishing cashiers for certain negligence.

SEC. 5. If any cashier or president of a bank, liable to be taxed under the provisions of this act, shall neglect or refuse to furnish the statement required by the first section of this act to the Auditor of State, such president or cashier, so neglecting and refusing, shall forfeit to the State a sum equal to three per cent. upon the capital stock of such bank, to be recovered by an action of debt, in any proper court: Provided, however, that putting into the post office a letter containing such statement, addressed to the Auditor of State, at Columbus, shall be deemed a compliance with the provisions of said section.

Regulating the keeping of specie and funds by the State Banks.

SEC. 6. That if any branch of the State Bank of Ohio shall suffer its specie and sight funds in the eastern cities, as provided in the fifty-fourth section of the act to which this is an amendment, to fall below thirty per cent. of the amount of its circulation, and remain so for thirty days, it shall be the duty of the board of control to require said branch to return a proportional amount of its circulation, which circulation, when so returned, shall be burned; and thereupon the board of control shall declare a proportional amount of the stock of said branch extinguished.

Banks may return circulation

SEC. 7. That any branch of the State Bank of Ohio, when a majority of its shareholders shall so determine, may, with the consent of the board of control, return her circulation in any amount not to exceed forty per cent., and the board of control shall, upon the receipt of said circulation, burn the same, and thereupon declare a proportional amount of the stock of said branch extinguished; but in no case shall said branch be permitted to reduce the amount of her safety fund.

SEC. 8. All laws and parts of laws, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

In relation to judicial proceedings in favor of and against dissolved corporations.

Dissolved corporations may sue in their corporate name.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That any banking or other corporation may at any time after its dissolution, whether such dissolution occur by the expiration of its charter or otherwise, prosecute any suit at law or in equity in and by the corporate name of such dissolved corporation for the use of the party entitled to receive the proceeds of any such suit, upon any and all causes of action accrued or which but for such dissolution would have accrued in favor of such corporation, in the same manner and with the like effect as if such corporation were not dissolved.

Dissolved corporations may be sued in their corporate name.

SEC. 2. Any such dissolved corporation may be sued at law or in equity in and by its corporate name, for or upon any cause of action accrued, or which but for such dissolution would have accrued against such corporation, in the same manner and with the like effect as if such corporation were not dissolved, and all process by which any suit either at law or in equity may be instituted against any such dissolved corporation, may be served by the sheriff or other proper officer, by delivering to any one of the assignees, trustees, receivers or persons having charge of the assets of such dissolved corporation, a copy thereof, or by leaving such copy at the residence of any such assignee, trustee, receiver or person having charge of such assets.

Manner of serving process.

Judgments for or against dissolved corporations may be revived.

SEC. 3. Judgments and decrees in favor of or against any such dissolved corporation, whether such judgments and decrees were rendered before or after such dissolution, and which have heretofore, or may at any time hereafter become dormant, may be revived in favor of or against such dissolved corporation as the case may be, in and by the corporate name of such dissolved corporation, in the same manner and with the like effect as if such corporation were not dissolved, and in all cases of such judgments or decrees against any such corporation, the writ of scire facias or other proper process shall be served in the manner prescribed in the second section of this act for the service of process in suits against dissolved corporations.

Writs of Error and bills of review.

SEC. 4. Writs of error upon judgments at law may be sued out, and bills of review in chancery may be exhibited in favor of or against any such dissolved corporation, and by its corporate name, in the same manner and with the like effect as if such corporation were not dissolved, and process thereon against

any such dissolved corporation shall be served in the maner prescribed in the second section of this act.

The appointment of trustees to dissolved corporations.

SEC. 5. That the provisions of the fourteenth section of the act instituting proceedings against corporations not possessing banking powers, and to provide for the regulation of corporations generally, passed March 7, 1842, in relation to the appointment of trustees of a dissolved corporation, and its effects shall be taken and construed as extending only to those cases of dissolved corporations wherein no trustee or trustees, assignee or assignees thereof have been appointed by the stockholders, directors or managers thereof, and shall not extend to cases of dissolved corporations in which the corporation before its dissolution, or the stockholders, directors or managers thereof have appointed, or may hereafter appoint a trustee or trustees, assignee or assignees thereof.

Purposes of this act.

SEC. 6. Nothing in this act contained shall at any time be construed as extending or reviving the charter of any banking or other corporation, dissolved either by effluxion of time or otherwise for any other purpose than that of judicial proceedings in favor of or against the same.

Laws repealed.

SEC. 7. The fourth and fifth sections of the act to amend the act entitled an act to institute proceedings against corporations not possessing banking powers, and the visitorial powers of courts, and regulating corporations generally, passed February 21, 1849, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
March 21, 1850. *Speaker of the Senate.*

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act for the redemption of lands and town lots sold for taxes," passed March 3, 1831, and the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts now in force, in relation to the sale of lands forfeited to the State for the non-payment of taxes," passed March 12, 1845.

Money may be deposited with county auditor to redeem lands, &c.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That any person entitled by law to redeem any land or town lot sold for taxes by any county auditor, or county treasurer, under, and by virtue of any law of this State, may, ni any case where the purchaser at such tax sale has transferred his certificate, or is a non-resident of the county, within the time limited by law for such redemption, deposit with the auditor of the county within which such land or town lot is situated, an amount of money equal to that which may be required by law for such redemption, and the said auditor shall thereupon give to the person making the same, a receipt for such deposit, and the said deposit, when so made, shall operate as an extinguishment of all rights conferred by such sale: Provided, however, that when the name and residence of the holder of the

certificate is known to the auditor, it shall be his duty forthwith to notify him by mail of the deposit and redemption as aforesaid.

How held by auditor.

SEC. 2. The money so deposited shall be held by the county auditor in trust, for the owner or owners of the certificate of such tax sale, and shall be by him, upon the production and delivery of said certificate, paid over to such owner or owners, or his or their proper attorney.

SEC. 3. In all cases where such deposit shall not be made within two years from the time of the sale of lands or lots sold for delinquent taxes, or within six months from that of lots or lands forfeited to the State for non-payment of taxes, the auditor shall, at the request of the person presenting such certificate, note such fact upon the back of said certificate, and sign his name thereto.

SEC. 4. When any tract or portion of land or town lot or part thereof is thus redeemed, or any deposit thus made, it shall be the duty of the auditor of the county to note such redemption or deposit, the date thereof, and by whom made, on his record of tax sales, and sign his name officially thereto

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23d, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "an act to establish the price of the Miami, Wabash and Erie, and Ohio Canal lands, and to secure their sale to actual settlers," passed Feb. 7, 1847.

Canal lands to be sold to actual settlers at fifty per cent below appraised value.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That all the lands that belong to this State by virtue of the several acts of Congress granting land to the states of Ohio and Indiana for canal purposes, shall hereafter be disposed of to actual settlers, agreeably to the provisions of the act to which this is an amendment, in tracts not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres each, at fifty per cent. below their appraised value; Provided, that the lands appraised by James Watson Riley, under the resolutions of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, passed Feb. 25, 1848, shall be first offered at public sale, in such manner as the State auditor shall direct, before they shall come under the provisions of this act; and provided, also, that should the even alternate sections now in dispute between the United States and the State of Ohio, lying between the mouth of the Auglaize river and the junction of the Wabash and Erie with the Miami canal, or any other lands in the State, be decided on settlement with the United States to belong to the State of Ohio, the same shall be sold under the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is

an amendment after having been appraised and once offered for sale under the directions of the State auditor.

SEC. 2. That each purchaser of lands under the provisions of this act, shall, before receiving the certificate of purchase, make and subscribe an affidavit stating that it is bona fide his or her intention within twelve months from and after the date of said purchase, to enter upon and improve the tract of land so purchased, and that he or she has not made said purchase for the purpose of speculation, but for the purpose of securing a permanent home for himself or herself and family. Purchaser to make affidavit.

SEC. 3. That the affidavit required by the foregoing section shall be made and subscribed before the officer authorized to issue said certificate of purchase, who shall preserve the same with the records of his office.

SEC. 4. That no deed of conveyance from the State to such purchaser shall be made and delivered until such purchaser shall have actually entered upon and commenced improving the tract of land for which he or she holds a certificate of purchase; and if any purchaser shall refuse or neglect within twelve months from and after the date of his or her certificate of purchase, to enter upon and improve the tract so purchased, then and in that case such tract of land shall be forfeited and shall revert to the State; provided, however, that in case of the death of any such purchaser before the expiration of twelve months from the date of such purchase, the deed of conveyance from the State may issue to his or her legal representatives, without further improvement upon the tract. When deeds to be made.

SEC. 5. That the State Auditor shall make out a list as accurately as possible of all the canal [lands] belonging to the State, designating in what county they lie, and their appraised price, and the price to actual settlers, and have the same published for six consecutive weeks in the Ohio State Journal, Ohio Statesman, Cincinnati Gazette and Cleveland Plain Dealer, at the usual rates of advertising in those papers. List to be made.

SEC. 6. The register and receiver of the State land office at Defiance, shall be allowed as a compensation for their services, two per cent. on all sales of the canal lands. Pay of receivers.

SEC. 7. That all acts and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

Making Appropriations for 1850.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That the following sums be and they are hereby

appropriated, out of any money in the treasury, to be paid for the year 1850, viz:

For General Assembly. For payment of the members of the General Assembly, their clerks, assistant clerks, sergeant-at-arms, door keepers and messengers, a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars.

Postage. For payment of the postage of the members, clerks and sergeant-at-arms of the General Assembly, a sum not exceeding eight thousand dollars.

Officers of State. For paying the salaries of the governor, auditor, treasurer and secretary of state, the attorney general, fund commissioners, members of the board of public works, librarian, and the warden, physician and directors of the penitentiary: Provided the physician shall receive six hundred dollars per annum for his services, commencing with the present fiscal year.

Clerks. For paying the secretary of the governor, clerks in the auditor of state's office, two clerks in the treasurer's office, clerk in the secretary of state's office, and secretary of the fund commissioners, fifteen thousand dollars.

ContingentFund. For contingent fund for the governor, four thousand dollars.

For contingent fund for the auditor of state, two thousand dollars.

For contingent fund for the treasurer of state, one thousand dollars.

Judges. For payment of the salaries of the judges of the supreme court, president judges of the courts of common pleas, and judges of the superior and commercial courts of Cincinnati and the superior court of Cleveland, and the reporter of the court in bank, twenty-three thousand dollars.

Lunatic Asylum. For salaries of the superintendent, physicians, steward and matron of the lunatic asylum, three thousand two hundred dollars.

Same. For provisions, household expenses, clothing, servants, fuel, stationery, labor, medicines, contingent expenses and repairs for the lunatic asylum, twenty-one thousand and eight hundred dollars.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum. For salaries of the superintendent and steward of the asylum for the deaf and dumb, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Same. For salaries of the teachers, matron and assistants of the asylum for the deaf and dumb, four thousand five hundred dollars; which shall be paid quarterly, and a separate account thereof kept by the treasurer of the asylum.

Same. For provisions, household expenses, clothing, fuel, labor, servants and contingent expenses of the asylum for the deaf and dumb, six thousand five hundred dollars.

Blind Asylum. For salaries of the superintendent and steward of the asylum for the blind, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Same. For the salaries of the teachers, matron, assistants and artisans of the asylum for the blind, three thousand five hundred dollars; which shall be paid quarterly, and a separate account thereof kept by the treasurer of the asylum.

For clothing, provisions, furniture, labor, servants, stationery, materials for work-shop and contingencies for the asylum for the blind, five thousand five hundred dollars. Same.

For State library, six hundred dollars. State Library.

For stationery for the State, twelve thousand dollars. Stationery.

For printing the bills, reports, journals, documents and other matter ordered by the Senate and House of Representatives, including binding and covering, eighteen thousand dollars. Printing bills, &c

For printing, covering and binding the laws and Ohio reports, three thousand dollars. Laws & Report

For distribution of the laws, journals and documents, the sum of eight hundred dollars.

For the compensation and expenses of the adjutant general, the sum of three hundred dollars; to be paid on the certificate of the governor. Adjutant General.

For the compensation and expenses of the quartermaster general, the sum of three hundred dollars; to be paid on the certificate of the governor. Quartermaster General.

For repairing, cleaning and taking care of the public arms, under the direction of the quartermaster general, to be paid upon the certificate of the governor, a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars. Same.

For payment of county treasurers' mileage, one thousand five hundred dollars. Co. Treasurers.

For transportation of convicts to the penitentiary and costs of prosecution, sixteen thousand dollars. Sheriff

For the purchase of fuel for the legislature and public offices, eight hundred dollars. Fuel.

For expenses and costs of State prosecutions and suits for claims, five hundred dollars.

For payment of engineers on the National road, one thousand four hundred dollars; to be paid out of the tolls thereof.

For additional salary of the clerk in the penitentiary, two hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. For the prosecution of the work upon the new State house, and to defray the necessary expenses of the profitable employment of convict labor thereon, as provided by law, the sum of eighty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated; said sum to be drawn from the treasury and expended in the manner provided in the act passed on the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, amendatory to the act to provide for the profitable employment of convict labor on the new State house; provided that no part of the sum herein appropriated for the State house shall be drawn from the State treasury, except as the same shall be actually needed to make payments, and that no part of said appropriation shall be deposited in any bank or banking institution, nor loaned, directly or indirectly, to any one. New State House.

For additional salaries of the clerks in the office of the treasurer of State, clerk in the office of the secretary of State, and the private secretary of the governor, two hundred dollars each;

and that there be allowed the deputy warden of the penitentiary, the additional sum of one hundred and fifty dollars to his present annual salary.

SEC. 3. All claims allowed by the present General Assembly, by joint resolution or otherwise, shall be paid out of the balance of the appropriations, heretofore made for the payment of claims, which remain unexpended; and the auditor of State is hereby authorized to transfer to the general revenue fund, any moneys in the treasury belonging to other funds, which will not be needed during the current year; and all sums so transferred, shall be transferred from the general revenue when the taxes of 1850 shall be paid into the treasury.

SEC. 4. The appropriations made by this act are in addition to the balances remaining unexpended on the fifteenth of November, 1849.

Amount tax to be levied.

SEC. 5. There shall be levied for the current year, upon the grand list of the State, in the manner prescribed by the "act for levying taxes upon all property in this State according to its true value," and the acts supplementary and amendatory thereto, for general revenue purposes, seven-tenths of one mill upon the dollar valuation, and for the common school fund, one-fifth of one mill on the dollar of the valuation of property on the grand list.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

Supplementary to the act making appropriations for the year 1850.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That the additional sum of three thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to the payment of the State officers for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and that the further sum of six thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the payment of the judicial officers of the State, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Additional appropriations.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 23, 1850.

AN ACT

To amend the act for the relief of sureties and others in certain cases.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That whenever any person, plaintiff in execution, or his agent having in good faith ordered a levy of said execution upon property not subject thereto, and the same has been sold and applied on said judgment, and a recovery has been had against him by the owner of such property therefor, the person, or persons so recovered against, and having paid the amount so recovered, may on motion in said court having control of said judgment, upon giving the judgment defendant notice of such motion, have the satisfaction so made from the sale of said property on execution vacated; and shall be entitled to collect the same for the use of the defendant or defendants named in said execution, in the same manner as if said levy and sale had not been made.

SEC. 2. Whenever any sheriff or other officer having an execution issued to him upon any judgment or decree, shall in good faith have levied the same upon any property, not subject to said execution, and shall have sold the same, and applied the proceeds in satisfaction, or part satisfaction of said judgment or decree, and a recovery shall have been had against him therefor, in any court, of the value of said property, upon having paid said value, said officer, on motion before the court having control of said judgment, and it being shown to the court that due notice of said motion has been given to the defendant named in said execution, may have the satisfaction of said judgment or decree so made from the sale of such property vacated; and execution shall issue for the same, for the use of said officer against whom such recovery has been so had, the same as if such levy and sale had not been made.

SEC. 3. That whenever a defendant in any judgment, or decree, or the surety or co-sureties of any such defendants shall by mistake, have directed any execution, issued on such judgment or decree, to be levied on any property not liable to such execution, and shall thereby have caused such judgment or decree to be wholly or in part satisfied, and shall have been compelled to pay the owner of such property therefor, he shall in all actions now pending or hereafter instituted be adjudged to have the same rights against any co-defendant in such judgment, and against any co-surety or principal in respect of the debt on which such judgment is founded, as though such satisfaction had, by due process of law, been made out of the property of such defendant, surety or co-surety so directing said levy.

BENJAMIN F. LEITER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHARLES C. CONVERS,
Speaker of the Senate.

March 19, 1850.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE,
COLUMBS, OHIO, *April* 19, 1850.

I hereby certify that the foregoing acts are true copies of the original rolls now on file in this office.

HENRY W. KING,
Secretary of State.

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To authorize the City Council of Dayton to borrow money, and for other purposes. Passed March 22, 1850.

BRIDGE COMPANIES.

To incorporate the Marietta and Harmar Wire Suspension Bridge Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Gilead and Providence Bridge Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act confirming the charter of the Covington and Cincinnati Bridge Company. Passed March 25, 1850.

To revive the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Hamilton and Rossville Bridge Company, and for other purposes." Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the McConnelsville and Malta Bridge Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

CEMETERY COMPANIES.

To incorporate the proprietors of the Cemetery of Bellefontaine. Passed February 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Silver Creek Cemetery Association of Greene county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Green Lawn Cemetery Association of Columbus. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act to incorporate the proprietors of the Akron Rural Cemetery, passed March 18, 1839. Passed March 1, 1850.

To preserve and regulate the Belpre Cemetery Association, in Washington county. Passed March 15, 1850.

To provide for the establishment and control of Cedar Hill Cemetery at Newark, Licking county. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Germantown Cemetery Association. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the proprietors of Woodland Cemetery, in the county of Muskingum. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the River Styx Vault Company of Medina county. Passed March 19, 1850.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

To authorize the commissioners of Greene county to build a Hospital. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Clark county to have survey made of lands lying within the Virginia Military Reservation in said county. Passed March 7, 1850.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS — *Continued.*

To fix the compensation of the commissioners of Hamilton county. Passed March 20, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Lorain county to levy an additional tax. Passed March 20, 1850.

CHURCHES.

Further to amend the act passed January 12, 1807, incorporating the First Presbyterian Society of Cincinnati. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Seventh Presbyterian Church of Cincinnati. Passed March 15, 1850.

To incorporate the Treasurer of the Synod of Cincinnati. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the German Evangelical Lutheran and the Reformed St. John's Congregation of New Worthington, Crawford county, Ohio. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the M. E. Church in Somerset. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Rector, Wardens and Vestrymen of Trinity Church, (Episcopal,) in the city of Cincinnati. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the First Presbyterian Congregation of York township, in Union county. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Presbyterian Congregation of Mount Carmel, Clermont county, Ohio. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the German Lutheran Evangelical Zion Church of Hamilton. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate St. John's Episcopal Church of Cincinnati. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate St. Luke's Church of Cincinnati. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Russell Meeting House in Geauga county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the First Baptist Church in Portsmouth. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the First Regular Baptist Church in the township of Rochester, Lorain county. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the First Baptist Church in the town of Defiance. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the First Regular Baptist Church in the town of Bryan, Williams county, Ohio. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the German Evangelical Lutheran Nazareth Congregation of Chatfield township, Crawford county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the First Presbyterian Church of Oceola, Crawford county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Second Baptist Church in the town of New Lexington, Perry county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Presbyterian Congregation of Springfield, Jefferson county, Ohio; and the German Lutheran Religious Society of Marietta, Washington county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the German Evangelical Protestant Church of Saint Mary's, Auglaize county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the American Christian Missionary Society. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Union Society of Lennox, in Ashtabula county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Western Seamen's Friend Society of Cleveland. Passed February 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Congregation of Brotherly Love of Cincinnati. Passed March 28, 1850.

FIRE COMPANIES.

To incorporate the Marion Fire Company No. 1. Passed March 19, 1850.

To extend the act entitled "An act to encourage the organization of Fire Companies," passed February 8, 1847. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Phœnix Fire Engine Company No. 4, of the city of Cleveland. Passed February 6, 1850.

To incorporate the Phœnix Fire Company No. 1, of Ravenna, in the county of Portage. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Mohawk Fire Company of Cincinnati. Passed March 23, 1850.

GAS LIGHT COMPANIES.

Further to amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Cleveland Gas Light and Coke Company." Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Steubenville Gas Light and Coke Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Columbus Gas Light and Coke Company." Passed March 21, 1850.

HYDRAULIC COMPANIES.

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Farmers' and Mechanics' Hydraulic Manufacturing Company of Franklin township, Warren county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Tiffin River Slack Water Navigation Company, in the county of Defiance and Williams. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Bellville Aqueduct Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Springfield Hydraulic Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Cleveland Water Company," passed January 25, 1833. Passed March 19, 1850.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

To incorporate the Clermont Insurance Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Western Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Columbiana county. Passed March 19, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Ohio Mutual Insurance Company," passed March 11, 1843. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Ohio Live Stock Insurance Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Eagle Insurance Company of Cincinnati. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Seneca County Insurance Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Wadsworth Township Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Medina county, Ohio. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Huron County Mutual Insurance Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Western Fire Insurance Company at Urbana, in Champaign county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Muskingum County Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Columbiana County Mutual Insurance Company," passed March 2, 1837. Passed March 19, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Western Reserve Farmers' Insurance Company," passed March 22, 1849. Passed February 18, 1850.

To continue in force the act incorporating the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Washington. Passed February 12, 1850.

To incorporate the Bridgeport Insurance Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Summit County Mutual Fire Insurance Company," passed February 21, 1846. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Clermont Insurance Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Western Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Columbiana county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Madison County Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Mechanics' Insurance Company of Cincinnati, Ohio. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Preble County Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

LITERARY INSTITUTIONS, &c.

To incorporate the Capital University. Passed March 2, 1850.

To incorporate the Cincinnati College of Pharmacy. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Oberlin Collegiate Institute." Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Western Liberal Institute. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Western Reserve Eclectic Institute. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Thompson Library Association. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Vinton High School, in the county of Gallia. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate Geneva Hall. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Elliott Female Seminary of Morrow county. Passed February 14, 1850.

To incorporate the Cambridge College. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Miller Academy, situated in Washington, Guernsey county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Tiffin Academy, in the county of Seneca. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Western College of Homœopathic Medicine. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Defiance Female Seminary, in the county of Defiance. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Lours de Notre Dame Female Educational Institute of Chillicothe, in Ross county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Hartford High School. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Urbana University. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Xenia Female Academy. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Charity School of Kendal," passed January 24, 1846. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Ripley Library Association. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Warren Library Association. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Young Men's Catholic Association of Cincinnati. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Mount Pleasant Philomathean Society in Kingston, in Ross county. Passed March 23, 1850.

MINISTERIAL LANDS.

To amend the act entitled "An act in relation to ministerial section twenty-nine, in Green township, Hamilton county," passed February 27, 1847. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the surrender of leases on section twenty-nine, in township ten, range two, between the Miami rivers, in the county of Butler. Passed March 21, 1850.

Relating to section 29 in the original surveyed township of Mill Creek, in the county of Hamilton. Passed March 7, 1850.

MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS.

For the incorporation of Cleveland, Wheeling, and Zanesville Telegraph Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate Sidney Lodge No. 60, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the State of Ohio. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Troy Lodge No. 43, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the State of Ohio. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Fort Defiance Lodge No. 134, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in the county of Defiance. Passed March 23, 1850.

To change the title of the act entitled "An act to incorporate Grundy and Bacon's Cincinnati Mercantile College," to that of Cincinnati Mercantile College. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Exchange. Passed March 23, 1850.

Further to amend the act entitled "An act to incorporate the Portsmouth Dry Dock and Steam Boat Basin Company," passed March 9, 1838. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Sandy and Beaver Coal Association. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Akron Cold Spring Company." Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Clinton Lodge No. 47, of Free and Accepted Masons in the county of Stark. Passed March 21, 1850.

MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS—*Continued.*

To incorporate the officers and members of Temperance Lodge No. 13, of Sidney, in the county of Shelby. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Scioto Marsh Draining Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Mechanics' Mutual Protection No. 31, of Maumee City, Ohio. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Franklin Typographical Society of the City of Columbus. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Ohio Savings Institution. Passed February 18, 1850.

To incorporate the Association of the Drovers and Cattle Feeders of the Scioto Valley, in the State of Ohio. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the League of Friends No. 1, of the Independent Order of Friendly Fellows in Martinsville, Clinton county, Ohio. Passed March 22, 1850.

MISCELLANEOUS LAWS.

Appointing commissioners to re-view and re-locate the seat of justice for the county of Paulding. Passed March 22, 1850.

To provide for the appointment of special district assessors in the county of Wyandott. Passed March 22, 1850.

To repeal the twelfth section of a certain act therein named. Passed March 14, 1850.

To authorize the conveyance of certain lands appropriated by the Sippo Reservoir. Passed March 7, 1850.

To provide for the extension of the Lower River, in Delhi and Miami townships, Hamilton county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the inspector of auctions in Hamilton county to administer certain oaths, and for other purposes. Passed March 22, 1850.

To attach the county of Morrow to the thirteenth Division of Ohio Militia. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize the clerk of the Supreme Court of Hamilton county to make certain indexes. Passed March 7, 1850.

In relation to the treasurer of Hamilton county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To revive and continue in force the provisions of an act therein named. Passed March 21, 1850.

Supplementary to the act entitled "An act for the protection of sheep," passed March, 1850. Passed March 19, 1850.

To provide for the payment of a debt of the Ohio Penitentiary. Passed March 21, 1850.

To provide means and authorize the cleaning out of Turkey Foot creek, in the county of Putnam and Henry. Passed March 22, 1850.

To prevent fast driving over bridges in Ashtabula county. Passed March 19, 1850.

For the protection and growth of cranberries within the county of Lucas. Passed March 22, 1850.

To extend the provisions of the act entitled "An act providing for the appointment of commissioners of Sewers in certain counties in this State," passed March 26, 1841. Passed March 7, 1850.

To provide for the funeral of the Hon. Joseph W. Ross, and the expense attending the same. Passed March 22, 1850.

MISCELLANEOUS LAWS—*Continued.*

To repeal an act entitled "An act to authorize the trustees of Perry township, in the county of Columbiana, to levy a tax to erect a town hall and market house in said township," passed March 9, 1849. Passed March 21, 1850.

To re-divide the township of Mill Creek, Hamilton county, into election precincts. Passed March 23, 1850.

To divide the township of Union, in the county of Ross, into two election districts, and for other purposes. Passed March 6, 1850.

To authorize the trustees of the township of Johnstown, in Trumbull county, to sell certain real estate. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the trustees of Harmony township, Clark county, to sell the town house and lot belonging to said township. Passed March 19, 1850.

To provide for the sale of the parsonage house of the Methodist Episcopal church in Johnstown, Greene county, and for other purposes. Passed March 22, 1850.

Authorizing the sale of the poor house and farm in Lucas county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the appointment of guardians to the minor legatees of Lyne Starling, deceased. Passed March 19, 1850.

To divide the township of Columbia, in Hamilton county, into precincts, and for other purposes. Passed March 23, 1850.

To divide the township of Crosby, in the county of Hamilton, into two election precincts. Passed March 21, 1850.

Concerning the erection of a poor house in Seneca county. Passed Feb. 9, 1850.

To abolish the office of agent to superintend the sale of the lands belonging to the Scioto Salt Reserve, in the county of Jackson, and for other purposes. Passed March 22, 1850.

NEW COUNTIES.

To erect the county of Vinton. Passed March 23, 1850.

To create the county of Fulton. Passed February 28, 1850.

PUBLIC HOUSES.

To increase the capital stock of the proprietors of the Burnett House, in the city of Cincinnati. Passed March 14, 1850.

To incorporate the Dayton Hotel Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

PRIVATE CLAIMS.

Remitting to the heirs of Gregory Dagmaux, deceased, a certain escheat. Passed March 22, 1850.

Declaratory of the act entitled "An act to authorize Nathan Starr to sell and convey certain real estate, the property of the minor heirs of his late wife, Mary W. Starr," passed January 26, 1844, and of the act amending the same, passed March 22, 1849. Passed March 14, 1850.

To vacate that part of Lightfoot's addition to the town of South Charleston, in the county of Clark, as lies east of the Chillicothe road. Passed March 8, 1850.

For the relief of Thomas Worthington, of Hocking county, against a certain award. Passed March 22, 1850.

For the relief of the proprietor of Richwood, in Union county. Passed March 19, 1850.

PRIVATE CLAIMS—*Continued.*

To amend the act for the relief of sureties and others, in certain cases. Passed March 19, 1850.

For the relief of Oliver Stacy. Passed March 23, 1850.

For the relief of Tuscarawas county, and to empower the commissioners of said county to purchase certain real estate therein named. Passed March 7, 1850.

PLANK ROADS.

To incorporate the Greenville and Trumbull Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Tiffin and Osceola Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

For the incorporation of a company to construct a Plank Road from Burton in Geauga county to Leroy in Lake county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Pomeroy and Wilksville Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the New Lisbon Plank Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Winchester and Carlisle Plank Road Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Oxford and Gratton and Florence Plank Road Company, and for other purposes. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Uricksville, Franklin, Cadiz and Ohio River Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Mt. Vernon and Gambier Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Carrolton, Massillon and Millersburg Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Steubenville and Forks of the Road Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Findlay, Pendleton and Section Ten Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Poland and Columbiana Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Steubenville and Warrenton Plank Road Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Birmingham and New London Plank Road Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Pomeroy and Athens Plank Road Company.—Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Kenton Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Marysville, West Jefferson and Opossum Run Plank Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "an act to incorporate the Lower Sandusky and Rollersville Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Springfield and Urbana Plank Road Company.—Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Sandusky and Ottawa Plank Road Company.—Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Dublin and Columbus Plank Road Company.—Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Warrenton and Cadiz Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

PLANK ROADS—*Continued.*

To incorporate the Sulphur Spring Plank Road Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "an act to incorporate the Lower Sandusky, Tiffin and Fort Ball Plank Road Company," passed March 22, 1849. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the Commissioners of Cuyahoga county to make a loan to the Rockport Plank Road Company "to enable said company to erect a bridge over Rocky River, and for other purposes." Passed March 1, 1850.

To amend the 15th section of the act entitled "an act to incorporate the Perrysburg and Findlay Plank Road Company," passed February 13, 1849.

To incorporate the Urbana, Lewisburg and Maysville Plank Road or Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Waldo and Cardington Plank Road Company.—Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Tuscarawas and Guernsey Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Franklin Mills Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Unionville and Trumbull Plank Road Company.—Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Cuyahoga Falls and Northfield Plank Road Company, and the Akron, Richfield and Cleveland Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Marysville and Delaware Plank Road or Turnpike Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate certain Plank Road and Turnpike Companies in Dark and other counties. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Fremont Green Spring and Republic Plank Road Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To incorporate the Defiance Centre and Denmark Plank Road Company with the Farmer and Bryan branches to said road. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Coal Hill Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Gallipolis, Mereton and Jackson Plank Road Company. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Madison, Thompson and Montville Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Vanwert and Wilshire Plank or Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Port Clinton and Fremont Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Gillead and Gilboa Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Aurora and Warren Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Vanlaw and Mt. Blanchard Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To further amend the act to incorporate the Toledo Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Toledo and Angola Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To increase the Capital Stock of the Lower Sandusky, Tiffin and Fort

PLANK ROADS—*Continued.*

Ball Plank Road Company, and for other purposes. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Nimisbillin and Tuscarawas Plank Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Bainbridge Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Worthington and Sunbury Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Dublin and Worthington Turnpike or Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Rock Creek and Plank Road Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To incorporate the Auglaize and Miami Extension Canal Plank Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Medina, Akron and Wellington Plank Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Bucyrus, Osceola, Upper Sandusky and Carey Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Lima, Huntsville and Spencer Plank Road or Turnpike Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Beverly and Cumberland Plank Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Findlay, Gilboa and Defiance Plank Road Company, and to authorize the subscriptions thereto by townships.—Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Perrysburgh and Rome Plank Road Company.—Passed March 15, 1850.

To incorporate the Section Ten and Van Wert Plank Road Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Upper Sandusky, Marion and Delaware Plank Road Company, and to authorize certain townships and counties to subscribe stock therein. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Texas Plank Road and Free Turnpike Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Wapaukonnetta, Lima and Gilead Plank Road Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate certain Plank Road and Turnpike Companies therein named. Passed February 16, 1850.

To incorporate the Columbus and Sunbury Turnpike or Plank Road Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Portage county Plank Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Sandusky and Wood county Plank Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Marietta and National Road Plank Road Company. Passed February 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Clarksfield, New London and Ashland Plank Road Company. Passed February 13, 1850.

Confirming to the Toledo Plank Road Company the right to accept certain amendments to their charter. Passed February 13, 1850.

To incorporate the Cleveland and Aurora Plank Road Company, the Bedford Plank Road Company, and for other purposes. Passed February 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Columbus and Granville Plank Road or Turnpike Company. Passed February 8, 1850.

RAILROAD COMPANIES.

To authorize the commissioners of Clark county to subscribe stock in railroad companies. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Bellefontaine and Columbus Railroad Company. Passed Feb. 7, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to authorize the commissioners of certain counties to subscribe to the capital stock of certain railroad companies therein named, and for other purposes, passed March 7, 1850. Passed March 23, 1850.

Further to amend the charter of the Little Miami Railroad Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

Authorizing the subscription of stock to the Scioto and Hocking Valley Railroad Company, by Pike county. Passed March 15, 1850.

To authorize the county commissioners of Union county to subscribe to the capital stock of railroad companies. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Mohegan Valley Railroad Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Ripley and Leesburgh Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Toledo, Norwalk and Cleveland Railroad Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To authorize the county commissioners of Logan county to sell railroad and bank stock. Passed March 8, 1850.

To grant the right of way to constitute a railroad therein named. Passed March 8, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of certain counties to subscribe to the capital stock of certain railroad companies therein named, and for other purposes. Passed March 7, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Montgomery county to take stock in railroad companies. Passed March 7, 1850.

To amend the act to incorporate the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad Company, passed Feb. 2, 1849. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize the city of Toledo to subscribe to the capital stock fo railroad companies. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize subscriptions to the capital stock of certain railroads, by the town of Mansfield and certain townships in Richland county. Passed March 23, 1850.

Explanatory of an act to incorporate the Columbus and Lake Erie Railroad Company, passed March 12, 1845. Passed March 23, 1850.

To further amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, passed March 2, 1846. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the Xenia, Eaton and Indiana Railroad Company, passed Feb. 24, 1848. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act authorizing the commissioners of Darke county to subscribe to the capital stock of the Greenville and Miami Railroad Company, passed Jan. 5, 1848, and for other purposes. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act incorporating the Greenville and Miami Railroad Company. Passed March —, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Railroad Company. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Cleveland and Maumee Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

RAILROAD COMPANIES—*Continued.*

To incorporate the Clearfork Valley Railroad Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Bucyrus and Toledo Railroad Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Canton and New Philadelphia Railroad Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Ohio and Indiana Railroad Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Springfield and Mansfield Railroad Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the West Liberty Central Railroad Company. Passed March 18, 1850.

To incorporate the Franklin, Pickaway and Ross County Railroad Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Owl Creek Valley Railroad Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Muskingum Valley Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Cincinnati, Lebanon and Xenia Railroad Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Gallipolis, Jackson and Chillicothe Railroad Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Steubenville and Wellsville Railroad Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Maumee and Findlay Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

Fixing the time for the commencement and completion of the Ohio Railroad. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the city of Cincinnati to subscribe to the capital stock of the Hillsborough and Cincinnati Railroad Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To authorize the city of Cincinnati to loan its credit to railroad companies. Passed March 20, 1850.

To authorize the town of Newark to subscribe to the capital stock of the Central Ohio Railroad Company, or other railroads. Passed Feb. 20, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Jackson county to subscribe to the capital stock of the Iron Railroad Company one hundred thousand dollars, and other purposes. Passed March 7, 1850.

To authorize the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company to increase their capital stock, and for other purposes. Passed Feb. 21, 1850.

Relating to railway subscriptions in Champaign county. Passed March 22, 1850.

Further to amend the act to incorporate the Central Ohio Railroad Company, and the act amendatory thereto. Passed March 20, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Shelby county to subscribe stock in the Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad Company. Passed Feb. 15, 1850.

Respecting the sale of the bonds of the Columbus and Lake Erie Railroad Company, and of the Central Ohio Railroad Company. Passed Jan. 31, 1850.

Authorizing Ohio City to subscribe to the capital stock of the Ohio Railroad Company, and for other purposes. Passed Feb. 14, 1850.

RAILROAD COMPANIES—*Continued.*

To authorize the county commissioners of Carroll county to subscribe to the capital stock of the Carroll County Railroad Company, and for other purposes. Passed March 9, 1850.

To amend an act to authorize subscriptions to the capital stock of the Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad Company, by towns and townships on the line of said road, passed March 20, 1849. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Franklin county and the commissioners of Pickaway county, and the city council of Columbus, to subscribe stock to certain railroad cmpanies. Passed March 1, 1850.

To authorize the town of Hillsborough to subscribe to the capital of certain railroad companies, and for other purposes. Passed March 23, 1850.

Explanatory of an act to incorporate the Columbus and Lake Erie Railroad Company, passed March 12, 1845. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act to incorporate the Belpre and Cincinnati Railroad Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act incorporating the Greenville and Miami Railroad Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to amend an act to incorporate the Mad River and Miami Central Railroad Company, passed March 8, 1850. Passed March 21, 1850.

To re-enact the law incorporating the Wilmington and Todd's Fork Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Mad River and Miami Central Railroad Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Highland county to subscribe to the capital stock of the Ripley and Leesburg Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Guernsey county to subscribe to the capital stock of the Central Ohio Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Columbus and Xenia Railroad Company, passed March 12, 1844, and the several acts amendatory thereto. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act authorizing the commissioners of Licking county to take stock in railroad companies; and also the several laws authorizing Muskingum county, and town of Zanesville, to subscribe to the capital stock of the Central Ohio Railroad Company, and for other purposes. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize subscriptions to the capital stock of the Central Valley Railroad, by certain counties, townships and towns. Passed March 26, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Crawford county to subscribe stock in railroad companies. Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing the sale of bonds by the Huron and Oxford Railroad Company, and the Mansfield and Sandusky City Railroad Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the Eaton and Hamilton Railroad Company, passed Feb. 8, 1847. Passed March 25, 1850.

Authorizing the town council of the town of Cambridge to subscribe to the capital stock of the Central Ohio Railroad Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

SCHOOLS AND SCHOOL LANDS.

To authorize the trustees of Monroe township, Knox county, to redistrict said township for school purposes. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to provide for leasing certain lands, donated by the Directors of the Ohio Company's associates to certain townships in their purchase, for school and ministerial purposes, passed March 27, 1841. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act for the support and better regulation of schools in the town of Akron, passed February 8, 1847. Passed March 8, 1850.

To authorize the citizens of the town of Wooster to vote for or against adopting the provisions of the Akron school law, and for other purposes. Passed March 19, 1850.

To authorize the appointment of a superintendent of common schools in the city of Cincinnati, and for other purposes. Passed March 23, 1850.

To extend the powers of the board of education of the town of Putnam, in the county of Muskingum. Passed Feb. 27, 1850.

To exempt the town of Mt. Vernon from the provisions of the Akron school law. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize the board of education in the town of Cambridge, in the county of Guernsey, to levy a school building tax. Passed March 14, 1850.

To amend an act to revive and create permanently the office of Treasurer, in original township No. 1, in range No. 1, in the county of Hamilton, and for other purposes, and to give additional powers to the trustees of school section 16, in Green township, Hamilton county, and to authorize the sale of said school section, passed February 24, 1848. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act to revive and create permanently the office of Treasurer of original township No. 1, in range 1, in the township of Whitewater, in the county of Hamilton, and for other purposes, passed February 24, 1848. Passed March 21, 1850.

Directing the Secretary of State to forward copies of the school laws to the Auditor of Green county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the Directors of school district No. 4, Delhi township, Hamilton county, to appropriate certain funds to the enlargement of a school house therein. Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing the Auditor of Sandusky county to issue a final certificate for part of section sixteen, in Madison township, Sandusky county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To repeal the provisions of an act passed February 21, 1849, entitled "an act for the better regulation of the public schools in cities, &c., so far as the same is in the town of Hanover, Columbiana county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate School District No. 9, in Liverpool and St. Clair townships, in Columbiana county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To extend the provisions of an act entitled "an act for the better regulation of the Public Schools in cities, towns," &c., passed February 21, 1849, to Union school district No. 7, in Springfield and Suffield townships in the counties of Summit and Portage. Passed March 1, 1850.

To transfer the duties of the trustees of a school section in Richland township, in Belmont county, to the county Auditor and county Treasurer. Passed March 25, 1850.

To incorporate school district No. 11, in the townships of Springfield and Beaver, in the county of Mahoning. Passed March 21, 1850.

SCHOOLS AND SCHOOL LANDS—*Continued.*

To authorize the surrender of a lease of certain school lands in Shelby county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act for the support and better regulation of Common Schools in the town of Lancaster, Ohio, passed February 19, 1848. Passed February 13, 1850.

To authorize the sale of School Section sixteen, in Perry township, Allen county. Passed February 7, 1850.

To authorize the sale of School Section sixteen, in Violet township, Fairfield county. Passed February 12, 1850.

To authorize the sale of the school lands belonging to the township of Erie, Ottawa county. Passed February 6, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in Wayne township, Jefferson county. Passed January 26, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in Goshen township, Hardin county. Passed January 26, 1850.

To provide for the sale of school section sixteen, township 14, range 4 of original survey, L., in Steubenville district, Columbiana county. Passed January 26, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in township 2, range 13, Meigs county. Passed February 5, 1850.

Relative to the sale of section sixteen, in Chesterfield township, Lucas county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands in Cesna township, Hardin county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands in Knox township, Jefferson county, Ohio. Passed March 20, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands in township 2 of range 18, in Lawrence county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, York township, Darke county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in Delaware township, Defiance county, State of Ohio. Passed March 18, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "an act to authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in Richfield township, Lucas county, passed February 21, 1848. Passed March 14, 1850.

To authorize the sale of certain school lands in Greenfield township, Gallia county. Passed March 1, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands in Seneca township, Monroe county. Passed March 1, 1850.

To authorize Aaron B. Howe to surrender the lease for, and become the purchaser of a part of school section sixteen, Auburn township, Crawford county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen in Liberty township, in Putnam county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands in Morgan township, Gallia county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of section sixteen, granted for the use of schools in Wilkesville township, Gallia county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize John Ceepet to surrender the lease for, and become the purchaser of the south east quarter of school section sixteen, in Green township, Harrison county. Passed March 14, 1850.

Authorizing the Board of Education in the town of Athens to sell a certain part of In-lot No. 18, in said town. Passed March 21, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands belonging to fractional township 2, of range 19, in Lawrence county. Passed March 7, 1850.

SCHOOLS AND SCHOOL LANDS—*Continued.*

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in the township of Northwest, in the county of Williams. Passed March 18, 1850.

To authorize the school directors of school district No. 1, in Goshen township, Tuscarawas county, to sell certain school lots. Passed March 7, 1850.

To provide for the sale of school section sixteen, in Bigspring township, Seneca county, Ohio. Passed March 14, 1850.

To provide for the sale of school section sixteen, in the township of Syrus, in the county of Lawrence. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of certain school lands therein named. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of certain school lands therein described. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "an act to authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in Pleasant township, Hancock county, passed February 19, 1849. Passed March 14, 1850.

To authorize the sale of certain school property therein named.—Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school lands in Dudley township, Hardin county. Passed March 22, 1850.

Relative to the sale of section sixteen, in Chesterfield township, Lucas county. Passed March 14, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in Auglaize township, Paulding county. Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing the sale of certain school lands in Rome township, Athens county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen in St. Joseph township, Williams county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of school section sixteen, in York township, Belmont county. Passed March 14, 1850.

Authorizing the sale of section sixteen, township 9, S. R. 6 east, Lucas county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To authorize the sale of certain school lands in Shelby county.—Passed March 7, 1850.

STATE AND OTHER ROADS.

To lay out and establish a graded State Road in the counties of Fairfield, Perry, Morgan and Monroe. Passed March 1, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "an act to incorporate the Columbus, Winchester, Jefferson and Canal Road Company," passed March 25, 1841. Passed March 8, 1850.

To establish grades and enforce the grading and McAdamizing of streets, roads, lanes and alleys in a certain district in Millcreek township, Hamilton county, to be called the district of Cumminsville. Passed March 22, 1850.

To make the town of Jacobsburg, in Belmont county, a road district. Passed March 23, 1850.

For an alteration of the Bucyrus and Fort Wayne State Road. Passed February 6, 1850.

To lay out and establish a State Road in the counties of Jackson and Gallia. Passed January 26, 1850.

To lay out and establish a State Road in the counties of Jackson and Athens. Passed January 26, 1850.

To extend the provisions of certain acts therein named to the counties of Hardin and Coshocton. Passed January 26, 1850.

STATE AND OTHER ROADS—*Continued.*

To lay out and establish a graded State Road from Vinton, in Gallia county, to Albany, in Athens county. Passed March 20, 1850.

To establish the special road district of Walnut Hills, Mount Auburn and Clintonville, Millcreek township, Hamilton county. Passed March 23, 1850.

Supplementary to an act passed February 18, 1848, relating to the special road district of Millcreek township, in Hamilton county, and for other purposes. Passed March 20, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "an act for the improvement of the Cincinnati and Carthage road, and for other purposes," passed February 4, 1848. Passed March 18, 1850.

To lay out and establish a graded State Road from McArthurstown in the county of Athens, to Adelphi, in the county of Ross. Passed March 1, 1850.

To extend to the counties of Lucas and Wood the provisions of an act passed March 12, 1849, entitled "an act to amend an act entitled an act to authorize the trustees an additional road tax," passed February 22, 1848. Passed March 14, 1850.

To lay out and establish a State road from Fairview, in Guernsey county, to Woodsfield in Monroe county. Passed March 20, 1850.

To repeal so much of the act entitled "an act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road in Wood county, and in relation to a State Road running from Mt. Vernon in Knox county, through Mansfield in Richland county," as relates to said turnpike road in Wood county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To provide for the working of the township roads in Fayette and Gallia counties. Passed March 20, 1850.

To establish a State Road in the counties of Preble, Montgomery and Darke. Passed March 23, 1850.

To lay out and establish a graded State Road in the counties of Coshocton and Tuscarawas. Passed March 21, 1850.

To change the location of part of the State Road from Haverhill in Scioto county, to Jackson, in Jackson county. Passed March 1, 1850.

To lay out and establish a graded State Road. Passed March 23, 1850.

To lay out and establish a graded State road in the counties of Hocking and Athens. Passed March 20, 1850.

To extend the provisions of an act passed January 29, 1817, respecting township roads, to the county of Gallia. Passed March 23, 1850.

To lay out and establish a State road from Shelby, in Richland county, to Bucyrus, in Crawford county. Passed March 21, 1850.

Erecting the town of Mt. Gilead, in Morrow county, into a special road district. Passed March 22, 1850.

To lay out and establish a graded State road from Richmond, in the county of Jefferson, to Dungannon, in the county of Columbiana. Passed March 14, 1850.

To lay out and establish a graded State road from Richmond, in Ross county, to Wilkesville, in Gallia county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To make the town of Huntsville, in Miami county, a road district. Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing John Wilson, guardian of Elizabeth Ann Wilson, to dedicate certain lands for the purpose of a public street. Passed March 19, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the levying of a tax

STATE AND OTHER ROADS — *Continued.*

for road purposes in the counties of Belmont and Jefferson," passed February 15, 1849. Passed March 7, 1850.

To make the town of Vinton, in the county of Gallia, a special road district. Passed March 22, 1850.

To establish the special road district of Mount Pleasant, Springfield township, Hamilton county. Passed March 22, 1850.

TOWNS AND CITIES.

To incorporate the town of Rossville, in Butler county. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Harrisville, in the county of Hamilton. Passed March 18, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Manchester, in the county of Adams. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Liberty, in the county of Montgomery; the town of Gambier, in the county of Knox. Passed March 15, 1850.

To incorporate and establish the city of Springfield. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate certain towns therein named. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Berea, in the county of Cuyahoga. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Clifton, in the county of Hamilton. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the city of Piqua. Passed March 17, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Richmond, in Ross county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Jacobsburg, in Belmont county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Centreville, in the county of Gallia. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Fairhaven, in the county of Preble. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the city of Tiffin. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Williamsburg, in the county of Guernsey. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Milton, in the county of Monroe. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Thornville, in Perry county, and to extend the corporate limits of the town of Jefferson, in Hamilton county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate and establish the city of Zanesville, Muskingum county. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Monroe, in Butler county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Fredericktown, in the county of Knox. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Republic, in the county of Seneca. Passed March 18, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Millwood, in the county of Guernsey. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Fort Jefferson, in Darke county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Maineville, in Warren county. Passed March 23, 1850.

TOWNS AND CITIES—*Continued.*

To incorporate the town of Calais, in the county of Monroe. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Patriot, in the county of Gallia. Passed March 12, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Springfield, in Greene county. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Londonville, in the county of Ashtabula. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Ashland, in the county of Ashland. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Freemont, in Sandusky county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Ripley, in the county of Brown. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Frederick, in the county of Knox. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the town of Carlisle, in Monroe county. Passed March 23, 1850.

Further to amend the charter of the city of Cincinnati. Passed March 25, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to establish the city of Springfield." Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act entitled "An act to authorize the city of Cincinnati to erect a poor house, and for other purposes," passed March 19, 1849. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled "An act to incorporate the town of Georgetown, in the county of Brown," passed February 13, 1832. Passed March 22, 1850.

To extend the corporate limits of the town of London, in the county of Madison. Passed March 22, 1850.

Further to amend the charter of the city of Cincinnati. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act to incorporate the town of Newark, in the county of Licking, and State of Ohio, passed February 8, 1826. Passed March 19, 1850.

To amend an act incorporating the town of Bucyrus, in the county of Crawford, Ohio. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act to incorporate the town of Bainbridge, in the county of Ross, passed March 2, 1838. Passed March 23, 1850.

To repeal the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of New Romley, in Harrison county, and State of Ohio, passed Feb. 18th, 1848. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend the charter of the town of Lockland, in Hamilton county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To extend the corporate limits of the town of Eaton, in Preble county. Passed March 8, 1850.

To amend the charter of the town of New Castine, in the county of Darke, passed February 8, 1848. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Springborough, in Warren county. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act to incorporate the town of Rock Creek, in the county of Ashtabula, passed Feb. 15th, 1849. Passed March 7, 1850.

Amendatory of the act entitled an act to amend an act to incorporate

TOWNS AND CITIES—*Continued.*

the town of Mt. Vernon, in Knox county, passed Feb. 18, 1850. Passed Feb. 6, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to change the name of the town of New Hope, in the county of Preble, to that of Upshur, and to incorporate the same, passed January 29, 1848. Passed March 20, 1850.

To amend an act incorporating the town of Marietta. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Savannah, in the county of Ashland, passed March 12, 1845. Passed March 14, 1850.

To further amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Defiance, in the county of Williams, passed January 27th, 1836. Passed March 23, 1850.

To extend the corporate limits of the city of Cincinnati. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Flushing, in Belmont county, passed February 23, 1849. Passed March 21, 1850.

To extend the corporate limits of the city of Cleveland, and for other purposes. Passed March 22, 1850.

To extend the corporate limits of West Liberty, in Logan county, and for other purposes. Passed March 19, 1850.

To amend the act to incorporate the town of Belleville, Richland county, Ohio. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Lewisburg, in the county of Preble, and the several acts amendatory thereto. Passed March 23, 1850.

Further to amend an act to incorporate the city of Toledo, passed January 7, 1837. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend the act passed January 20, 1838, entitled an act to amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Gallipolis, in the county of Gallia, passed February 17, 1808, and the several acts amendatory to the same. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Dresden, in Muskingum county, passed March 9, 1835. Passed March 14, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Cadiz, passed March 3, 1831. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the city of Cincinnati to issue bonds for the purchase and improvement of public ground. Passed March 22, 1850.

Authorizing the city council of the city of Cleveland to levy additional taxes and establish a board of health. Passed March 7, 1850.

Erecting the town of Marion, in the county of Marion, into a separate road district. Passed March 23, 1850.

Establishing a Board of Excise Commissioners for the city of Cleveland, and defining their duties. Passed Feb. 25, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Fulton, in the county of Hamilton. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Milan, passed February 23, 1833. Passed March 20, 1850.

To amend the charter of the town of Covington, Miami county, Ohio. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend the several acts incorporating the city of Columbus. Passed March 23, 1850.

TOWNS AND CITIES—*Continued.*

Prescribing the manner of entering town lots upon the tax duplicate of the county of Lucas. Passed March 18, 1850.

Establishing the validity of the town plat of the village of Newburgh. Passed March 19, 1850.

To extend the corporate limits of the town of Wellsville, in Columbiana county. Passed March 23, 1850.

TURNPIKE ROADS.

To incorporate the Pomeroy and Letart Turnpike Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To lay out and construct certain free turnpike roads in the county of Wood. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Cedarville, Clifton and Springfield Turnpike Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Miami and Shelby Umphrie Road Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Casstown and Fletcher Turnpike Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Milford, Edenton and Woodville Turnpike Road, passed Feb. 21, 1849. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Sidney and Piqua Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 8. 1850.

To incorporate the New Richmond, Nicholsville and Williamsburg Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Hamilton and Westchester Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act, passed the 23d of February, 1849, in relation to the Urbana, Troy and Greenville Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act in relation to the Urbana, Troy and Greenville Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the Salem and Wolfcreek Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend the act incorporating the Clark and Miami Turnpike Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Johnsville and Farmersville Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Alexandersville and Washington Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To lay out and establish the Spencer and Fulton Free Turnpike Road. Passed March 7, 1850.

To incorporate the several turnpike companies therein named, in Greene county. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Clifton and Bryan Turnpike Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Delhi, Industry and Miami Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 7, 1850.

To authorize the commissioners of Madison and Fayette counties to subscribe stock to certain turnpike companies. Passed March 21, 1850.

To lay out and establish a free turnpike road from West Elkton to Camden, Preble county. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Clark and Union Turnpike Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

TURNPIKE ROADS—*Continued.*

To lay out and establish a free turnpike road from the Maumee and Western Reserve road to the Toledo and Woodville road. Passed March 17, 1850.

To incorporate the Kalida and Hamer Plank Road Company. Passed March 26, 1850.

To incorporate the Piqua and Versailles Turnpike Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Columbus and Johnstown Turnpike Company. Passed March 1, 1850.

To incorporate the Westville and Lima Turnpike Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To incorporate the Junction Free Turnpike Company of Butler and Preble counties. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate Cleves Bridge and Cincinnati Turnpike Company, passed Jan. 26, 1852. Passed March 14, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to lay out and establish the Port Lawrence and Springfield Free Turnpike Road, and for other purposes. Passed Feb. 27, 1850.

To incorporate the Franklin and Red Lion Turnpike Company, in Warren county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To authorize the release of portions of certain turnpike roads in the county of Fayette, and for other purposes. Passed March 22, 1850.

To repeal the act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road from the south line of township five, range twelve, in Wood county, to McCutchensville, in Wyandot county, passed Feb. 11, 1846, and the acts amendatory thereto. Passed March 20, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Dayton and Germantown Turnpike Road Company, passed January 21st, 1845. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Green Township Turnpike Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To incorporate the Euphonia and New Castine Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Chili and Bethel Turnpike Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To incorporate the Central Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Miamisburg and Centerville Turnpike Company. Passed March 1, 1850.

To authorize the townships of Douchanquet and Pushetta to subscribe to the stock of the Wapaukonnetta and Sidney Turnpike Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To levy a turnpike tax in Union and Paris townships, in Union county. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Clark and Champaign Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To lay out and establish a free turnpike road from Winchester, in Preble county, to Camden, in said county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Harrison, New Trenton, Rochester and Brookville Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

Further to amend the act entitled an act to amend an act incorporating the Colerain, Oxford and Brookville Turnpike Company, passed Feb. 21, 1849. Passed March 23, 1850.

TURNPIKE ROADS—*Continued.*

To incorporate the Mad River Valley and New Carlisle Turnpike Company. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Wood County and Western Reserve Free Turnpike Road. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Columbia Township Turnpike Company, in the county of Hamilton. Passed March 21, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to lay out and establish the Toledo and Port Clinton Free Turnpike Road, passed Feb. 14, 1850. Passed March 20, 1850.

To lay out and establish the East Oregon Free Turnpike Road, in the county of Wood. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Cincinnati Western Avenue Turnpike Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Ripley and Echmansville Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Springfield, Black Horse and North Hampton Turnpike Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Circleville and Royalton Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Moscow, Indian Creek and Point Isabel Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Covington and Jacksonville Turnpike Company. Passed March 22, 1850.

To repeal so much of the act entitled an act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road from Delaware, in Delaware county, to Kenton, in Hardin county, passed February 8, 1848, as relates to Delaware county. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Clark Central Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 23, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to establish the Bucyrus, Oceola and Upper Sandusky Free Turnpike Road. Passed March 22, 1850.

To repeal the act entitled an act to lay out and establish the Bennington and Mt. Gilead Free Turnpike Road, passed Feb. 18, 1848. Passed March 22, 1850.

To repeal the fourth section of an act therein named. Passed March 20, 1850.

To lay out and establish the Bryan, Evansport and Ridgeville Free Turnpike Road, in the counties of Williams, Defiance and Henry. Passed March 23, 1850.

To incorporate the Palestine, Braffitsville, New Paris and New Westville Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 14, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act incorporating the Lebanon and Deerfield Turnpike Company, passed March 12, 1839. Passed March 7, 1850.

To repeal the act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road from Mt. Vernon to Delaware. Passed Jan. 26, 1850.

To amend the act incorporating the Bellbrook and Spring Valley Turnpike Company, passed December 28, 1847, and for the relief of the creditors of said company. Passed Feb. 27, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road from New Washington, in Guernsey county, to Newton, in Tuscarawas county, passed January 14, 1847. Passed Feb. 18, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to lay out and establish a free turn-

TURNPIKE ROADS—*Continued.*

pike road from Van Buren, in Hancock county, to the south line of Lucas county, passed March 4th, 1844. Passed Feb. 18, 1850.

To incorporate the Springfield and Selma Turnpike Company. Passed Feb. 6, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Hamilton and Gregory's Creek Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Ripley and Georgetown Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 20, 1850.

To incorporate the Batavia, Williamsburg and Brown County Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To extend the provisions of an act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road from the Middleton and West Alexandria turnpike, to the West Elkton turnpike. Passed March 8, 1850.

To amend an act entitled an act to lay out and establish a free turnpike road in the county of Williams, passed February 12, 1844. Passed March 20, 1850.

To amend the act entitled an act to incorporate the Four Mile and Seven Mile Turnpike Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To incorporate the Waterville and Lafayette Free Turnpike Road, in the counties of Lucas, Henry and Williams. Passed March 19, 1850.

To incorporate the Fremont and St. Paris Turnpike Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

To incorporate the Hamilton and Huntsville Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 8, 1850.

RESOLUTIONS.

ASYLUMS.

Relative to the appointing William M. Awl president and director of the Ohio Lunatic Asylum. Passed March 23, 1850.

Concerning the admission of William Israel into the Lunatic Asylum. Passed March 25, 1850.

Relative to admitting Theresa Willman into the Lunatic Asylum.—Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to Joanna Dennovan remaining in the Blind Asylum. Passed March 23, 1850.

Directing the admission of John McCommas into the Lunatic Asylum as a State patient. Passed March 14, 1850.

Relative to appointing directors for the Lunatic and Deaf and Dumb Asylums. Passed March 19, 1850.

Relative to retaining Horace A. Ellis in the Lunatic Asylum. Passed March 8, 1850.

Directing the admission of Mary Dickson, of Coshocton county, into the Lunatic Asylum as a State patient. Passed March 12, 1850.

Relative to retaining Rachel Ewing in the Lunatic Asylum. Passed February 15, 1850.

Admitting Margaret Beck into the Lunatic Asylum.

ASYLUMS—*Continued.*

Relative to retaining Patrick Cornion in the Lunatic Asylum. Passed February 15, 1850.

Relative to receiving Mrs. Rebecca Thompson into the Lunatic Asylum. Passed March 19, 1850.

Relative to receiving certain persons into the Deaf and Dumb Asylum. Passed March 23, 1850.

Directing the admission of two lunatics of Delaware county into the Asylum as State patients. Passed March 23, 1850.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Authorizing the Board of Public Works to examine and adjust the claims of Jacob L. Vance for damages in the construction of sections 40, 42 and 49, Ohio Canal. Passed March 14, 1850.

Resolution relative to renting a room for the Board of Public Works. Passed March 23, 1850.

Explanatory of the 5th section of the act passed March 2, 1846, prescribing the duties of the Board of Public Works, the Canal Fund Commissioners, the Auditor and Treasurer of State, in regard to the disbursement of the Canal Fund, and the receipt of delinquent taxes. Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing the Board of Public Works to compromise with the Administrator of F. Lyon, deceased. Passed March 22, 1850.

CLAIMS.

Concerning the claims of Diedrich Hinders for work done on the Miami Extension Canal. Passed March 25, 1850.

Relative to the examination of the claim of Joseph Sharp and Archibald McCaun. Passed March 19, 1850.

Joint Resolution for the payment of J. W. Riley, administrator of Ezekiel Gould. Passed March 23, 1850.

For the relief of John R. Pratt. Passed March 14, 1850.

For the relief of the Rev. William A. Smallwood. Passed March 18, 1850.

Relative to the claim of John Webb. Passed March 16, 1850.

Senate Joint Resolution relative to William Pierce, of Summit county. Passed February 19, 1850.

Relative to making an appropriation of one hundred and forty six dollars to John Greenleaf. Passed February 8, 1850.

Relative to paying J. D. Osborn four hundred and sixteen dollars.—Passed February 12, 1850.

Relative to making an appropriation of one hundred and two dollars to B. Riddle. Passed February 8, 1850.

Relative to certain claims. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to certain claims. Passed March 8, 1850.

Relative to the payment of certain claims. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to the claims of A. Hardy, and Treasurer of Putnam. Passed March 19, 1850.

For the relief of Francis Maner. Passed March 23, 1850.

For the relief of John Grier. Passed March 23, 1850.

For the relief of Wm. Bohlender. Passed March 22, 1850.

Relative to the claim of J. D. Osborn & Co. Passed March 19, 1850.

Relative to the claims of Messrs. Whiting & Huntington, J. H. Riley, and I. G. Dyer & Co. Passed March 19, 1850.

Relative to paying James A. Aston. Passed March 19, 1850.

CANALS.

Relative to damages done by a breach in the Miami Canal in March, 1849. Passed March 7, 1850.

Relative to a communication between the Miami and Erie Canal, and Loramie's reservoir. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to a Ship Canal around the Falls of Niagara. Passed March 23, 1850.

LAWS AND REPORTS.

For the distribution of the Laws, Journals, &c., of the present General Assembly, and fixing the number to each county. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to furnishing the Supreme Court of Hamilton county with the Ohio Reports. Passed March 18, 1850.

Relative to furnishing the county of Vinton with the requisite number of copies of Laws, Journals, &c. Passed March 25, 1850.

To authorize the Secretary of State to furnish Swan's Statutes to Clinton, Delaware and Crawford counties. Passed March 12, 1850.

Authorizing the distribution of additional copies of Swan's Statutes to the counties of Lucas and Preble. Passed February 8, 1850.

Authorizing the Secretary of State to furnish Pike county with additional Laws and Journals. Passed March 19, 1850.

Authorizing the distribution of additional copies of the School Laws to Ashland county. Passed March 23, 1850.

Requiring the Secretary of State to furnish the county of Defiance with certain volumes of the Ohio Reports. Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing the Secretary of State to furnish to the county of Williams one entire set of the Ohio Reports. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to furnishing certain laws to Auglaize county. Passed March 7, 1850.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Relative to the uncurrent funds in the hands of the Treasurer of State. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to Geological Surveys. Passed March 8, 1850.

Relative to the Zanesville and Maysville Turnpike Road Company. Passed March 21, 1850.

To provide a suitable Hall for the Constitutional Convention. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to a day of Thanksgiving. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to the Washington Monument. Passed January 25, 1850.

Relative to the disposal of the United States' Lands situate in the State of Ohio. Passed February 15, 1850.

Relative to affording relief to Kossuth and his fellow prisoners. Passed February 9, 1850.

Instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress in relation to the independence of Liberia, and for other purposes. Passed February 5, 1850.

Relative to appointing J. V. Smith reporter. Passed March 14, 1850.

Relative to the surviving officers and soldiers in the war of 1812.—Passed March 23, 1850.

Authorizing the chief Clerks to bring up the Journals and Reports of their respective Houses after the adjournment. Passed March 23, 1850.

Relative to Colonization. Passed March 23, 1850.

PENITENTIARY.

Relative to the Penitentiary. Passed March 23, 1850.
Relative to the employment of convicts on the new State House. Passed March 23, 1850.

POSTAGE.

Relative to postage. Passed January 30, 1850.
Relative to postage. Passed February 15, 1850.

SCHOOLS AND SCHOOL LANDS.

Relative to common schools. Passed January 30, 1850.
In relation to certain school lands in the counties of Lucas and Williams. Passed February 9, 1850.
Authorizing the Governor to release certain claims of the State to certain school lands heretofore selected for the Connecticut Western Reserve. Passed March 7, 1850.

TRUSTEES.

Appointing Arnold Lynch, Arvine Wales, Gilberthorp Earl, Samuel Pease and William Bowen, trustees of the charity school of Kendall, in Stark county. Passed January 30, 1850.
Relative to appointing trustees for the Neville Institute. Passed February 8, 1850.
Appointing trustees for the Ohio Medical College. Passed February 15, 1850.
Relative to appointing trustees of Miami University. Passed March 21, 1850.

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